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#### **FONTANA PHARMACY: HISTORY**

Pontana Pharmacy was established in 1968 by Bobby and Angela Chang at Manchester Shopping Center, Mandeville.

Fontana Pharmacy was an instant success due to the hard work and friendly manner of Mr. & Mrs. Chang, and the customer-first principles they instilled in the staff. Three of these early employees, Ruthlyn May-Sherwood, Faye Stewart-Plunkett and Pat Forbes have been with the company for over 149 years combined. They have served as the primary transmitters of Fontana's customer-come-first culture to the present staff.

Angela and Bobby's son Kevin returned to Jamaica in 1989. The original Fontana in Mandeville was enlarged to become the then-largest Pharmacy in Jamaica, and then in 1994, Fontana opened a new branch at the Montego Bay Shopping Center. In 2001 Kevin's sister Anne and her husband Ray came to Jamaica and later that year oversaw the opening of a second and larger Fontana Montego Bay Branch at Fairview Shopping Center. Anne, Ray and Kevin, who all have Canadian University degrees, have since functioned as a team that tries to blend Jamaican exuberance with first-world efficiency. In 2007,

Fontana opened a branch at Beckford Plaza in Sav-lamar. In 2010, Fontana moved from Fairview Shopping Center to a 20,000-square-foot store at Fairview Town Center, making it the largest Pharmacy in Jamaica. In February 2013 a Fontana Pharmacy was established at Barbican Square, St Andrew, and in November 2013 a Fontana was opened at Eight Rivers Shopping Center in Ocho Rios. A new Fontana Pharmacy with 35,000 square feet of retail space was opened in October 2019 at Waterloo Square in St Andrew. Fontana Portmore, in St. Catherine, is scheduled to be opened at Parkway Square in November 2023.

Fontana is now the best-known and most trusted retail pharmacy brand in Jamaica with an unsurpassed reputation for selection and service. For 55 years we have offered a total shopping experience: the widest possible array of goods at reasonable prices, Jamaica's most complete dispensary, a full range of business services, easy parking, a pleasant atmosphere and above all, warm, friendly and knowledgeable customer service. Fontana has also moved into the internet age with a state-of-the-art e-commerce website store, Fontanapharmacy.com. Here you can

■ Shop online in Jamaica or from abroad, and get free delivery in Jamaica and worldwide for purchases over US \$49.

- Send money free to Jamaica with a Fontana online gift youcher.
- Fill a prescription in Jamaica and pay from

You can also check out our exciting social media pages including facebook.com/fontanapharmacy, instagram.com/fontana\_pharmacy and youtube. com/fontanapharmacy.

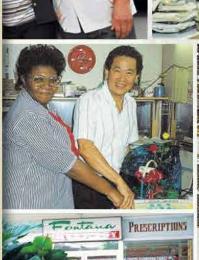
Fontana's secret of success is the most dedicated employees in the country. By emphasizing communication, respect and teamwork, we strive to create a virtuous cycle:

happy employees=happy customers=happy directors=happy managers=happy employees=happy customers=...

We continue to adhere to the fundamental principles instilled by our founders Bobby and Angela Chang: service, respect, family and community.

Fontana Pharmacy: It's All GOOD Inside!







FONTANA LIMITED

It's All GOOD Inside!



#### **AWARDS**

hank you to the Jamaica Chamber of Commerce for recognizing our hard work and dedication. We are grateful to be nominated for "Best in Chamber, Large Enterprise" and "Yello Media Marketing Excellence" Awards. This acknowledgment is a testament to our commitment to excellence and innovation in the business community. We would also like to thank our fantastic team, partners, and customers for their unwavering support. This recognition wouldn't have been possible without your dedication and trust.



#### **FROM**

(L-R) Pat Forbes- Store Manager, Ruthlyn Sherwood - Store Manager, Judale Smith - Chief Financial Officer, Kevin O'Brien Chang - Chairman and Director, Nicole Watson-Chang - General Manager of Operations, Stephanie Smith - Marketing Manager, Daina Dyer-DeGale - Beauty Manager, Georgia Bonner - HR Manager

#### THESE ARE THE FONTANA

#### From (L-R):

Mrs. Ruthlyn Sherwood has been with us for 52 years, Mrs. Faye Plunkett has been with us for 50 years and Ms. Pat Forbes has been with us for 47 years.

We truly appreciate all that they've done for Fontana over the years!



#### WITHCOMPLIMENTS

Fontana brings you UNO, the classic card jame you already know but with a Jamaica

Explore our culture, places, everything that reminds you of Jamaica. Play with your family, friends or that special someone, and tag us in your photos

Show us that you are Numero Uno

One Love Fontana It's all good inside!

#UNOFontana #UNOJamaica #FUNO



#### **UNO JAMAICA** - BROUGHT TO YOU BY FONTANA

Fontana Pharmacy in collaboration with Mattel Inc. has released UNO Jamaica, the classic card game with a Jamaican twist. Sold exclusively at Fontana Pharmacy and fontanapharmacy.com.

**UNO Jamaica** features images that represent well-known places, people, food, and other parts of our rich Jamaican culture.

# ANGELA CHANG MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIP

**RECIPIENT - UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY** 

ominique a determined 21-year-old second-year Pharmacy Student at the University of Technology (UTECH), comes from the challenging neighborhood of Cockburn Gardens in Kingston. Raised in a single-parent household, Dominique's unwavering passion for learning and helping others has always propelled her forward. Despite facing financial struggles, she persevered. During a gap year, she participated in a skills-based program, engaging in construction work in her community, which not only provided her with a stipend but also the time to apply for scholarships.



Among these was the prestigious Angela Chang Memorial Scholarship from **Fontana Foundation**, which enabled her to pursue her dreams at UTECH. Dominique's dedication led her to maintain her **Fontana Foundation Scholarship** into her second year, allowing her to focus on her studies and volunteer work at the Golden Age Home in her community. Her story stands as a powerful reminder that one's background should never constrain their aspirations. Dominique is determined to leverage her education to improve pharmaceutical accessibility for vulnerable communities and strengthen Jamaica's public health sector in the future.



# JERMAINE GOLDING LUCAS THERRIEN MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIP

**RECIPIENT - UNIVERSITY OF THE WEST INDIES** 

University of the West Indies (UWI), grew up in St. Catherine with his grandparents and is the oldest of four siblings. He's committed to setting a positive example for his siblings, aiming to show that self-belief can lead to success. Jermaine plans to stay in Jamaica after his degree to contribute to the country's economic development.

Recognizing financial limitations, he secured the Lucas Therrien Memorial Scholarship in his first year, which has been a source of motivation and financial support. Jermaine hopes to inspire young men to pursue their goals with honesty and determination, whether in entrepreneurship or higher education.

#### **CELEBRATING ACADEMIC EXCELLENCE:**

#### HONORING EXCEPTIONAL ACHIEVEMENTS

In a grand recognition of academic brilliance, we proudly introduce the outstanding winners of the Employee Scholarship Awards 2022. These exceptional individuals have not only demonstrated unparalleled dedication but have also exhibited an unwavering commitment to excellence.



#### HIGH SCHOOL ACHIEVERS: SHAPING TOMORROW'S LEADER

1st Place Winner: Jayden McIntosh Location: Savanna La Mar School: Ruseas High School

With an exceptional average score of 313, Jayden McIntosh, with the support of dedicated employee Keizie-Ann Bodie-McIntosh, claims the coveted first place.

#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Place Winner: Jenniva Beckford

**Location:** Barbican

School: Merle Grove High School

Jenniva Beckford, guided by employee Morrell Beckford, displayed brilliance with an average score of 309.25, securing the second spot.

#### 3rd Place Winner: Tirinique Smith

Location: Savanna La Mar

School: Frome Technical High School

With an impressive average score of 307.5, Tirinique Smith, mentored by Damaine Smith, clinches the third position, promising a bright future ahead.

#### Consolation Prize: Xandria McCourty

Location: Savanna La Mar School: Black River High School

Even in consolation, Xandria McCourty from Black River High School, guided by Sheri-Gaye Johns, showcased remarkable dedication with an average score of 305.5.

#### HIGH/SECONDARY EDUCATION AWARDEES: NURTURING POTENTIAL

1st Place Winner: Tayshawn Hall Location: Ocho Rios



Institution: St. Mary High 6<sup>th</sup> Form
Despite challenges, Tayshawn Hall, supported by
Sallieceitaa Hall, emerged victorious, setting an inspiring example with a passing grade.

#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Place Winner: Amara Hutchinsons

**Location:** Fairview

Institution: Caribbean Maritime University
Amara Hutchinsons, mentored by Deidre-Ann Mitchell,
showcased resilience, securing the second position
with a commendable passing grade.

#### COLLEGE/UNIVERSITY ACHIEVERS: SHAPING FUTURE LEADERS

#### 1st Place Winner: Devonique Rose

**Location:** Ocho Rios

**Institution:** UWI Mona Campus

Devonique Rose, with an exceptional GPA of 3.8 and guided by Jacqueline Rose, claimed the top spot in the college/university category, setting a high standard for excellence.

#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Place Winner: Tianna Shakespeare

**Location:** Fairview

Institution: Montego Bay Community College Tianna Shakespeare, under the mentorship of Deon Shakespeare, displayed academic prowess with a remarkable GPA of 3.2, securing the second position.

Join us in celebrating these brilliant minds, their dedicated mentors, and the promising future they represent. Through their hard work and determination, they continue to inspire us all, showcasing the true essence of academic excellence and the potential it holds for a brighter tomorrow.

# MISSION & CORE VALUES

#### **OUR VISION**

To deliver Jamaica's most exceptional shopping experience by offering the finest variety, the best value, and the friendliest service. We commit to customer satisfaction, employee engagement, best practices, and continuous innovation. Our core principles are respect for all, family values and community involvement.

#### MISSION STATEMENT

To be leaders in retail best practices and customer service. To improve the health and happiness of our customers by providing the finest selection of quality products for the entire family within a comfortable shopping experience. To deliver a customer-focused culture backed by employee growth, collaboration and innovation.

Through our commitment to excellence and integrity, we strive to create a better future for ourselves, our stakeholders, our communities and Jamaica. **Fontana's** secret to success is our team of the most dedicated employees in the country. By emphasizing communication, respect and teamwork we strive to create a virtuous cycle:

happy employees = happy customers

happy customers = happy directors

happy directors = happy managers

happy managers = happy employees

We continue to adhere to the fundamental principles instilled by our founders Bobby and Angela Chang: **service**, **respect**, **family** and **community**.

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## YOUR FAVOURITE PHARMACY MADE EASY!



- COMPLETE SELECTION OF DRUGS
- EXPERT ADVICE
- FRIENDLY SERVICE
- WHATSAPP PRESCRIPTIONS
- SCHEDULED REFILLS



ALL MAJOR HEALTH CARDS ACCEPTED

BARBICAN 876-946-2630 876-862-7084 MANDEVILLE 2 876-926-3129 MONTEGO BAY 2 876-952-3866 8 876-550-7511 OCHO RIOS 876-974-8889 876-878-4768







# NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the 2023 Annual General Meeting of **FONTANA LIMITED** will be held at a **venue and date to be announced**. The meeting will be held for the purpose of transacting the following business:

1. To receive the Audited Accounts for the year ended June 30, 2023 together with the reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.

The Company is asked to consider, and if thought fit, pass the following resolution:

#### Resolution No. 1

"THAT the Audited Accounts for the year ended June 30, 2023, together with the reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon, be and are hereby adopted."

#### 2. To elect Directors.

(i) In accordance with Regulation 105 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Directors retiring by rotation are Kevin O'Brien Chang, Jacqueline Sharp and Heather Goldson, who being eligible offer themselves for re-election.

The Company is being asked to consider, and if thought fit, pass the following resolutions:

#### Resolution No. 2

"That the Directors, retiring by rotation, be re-elected by a Single Resolution."

#### Resolution No. 3

"That Kevin O'Brien Chang, Jacqueline Sharp and Heather Goldson, who are retiring by rotation in accordance with Regulation 105 of the Articles of Incorporation be and are hereby re-elected as Directors of the Company."

#### 3. To ratify interim dividends

The Company is asked to consider, and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution:

#### Resolution No. 4

That the interim dividend of 10 cents per share paid on December 14, 2022 be and is hereby ratified.

#### Resolution No. 5

That the interim dividend of 20 cents per share paid on June 05, 2023 be and is hereby ratified.

#### 4. To approve the Remuneration of the Directors.

The Company is asked to consider, and if thought fit, pass the following resolution:



#### Resolution No. 6

"THAT the amount shown in the Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2023 as fees of the Directors for their services as Directors, be and are hereby approved."

5. To appoint Auditors and to authorize the Directors to fix the remuneration of the Auditors.

The Company is asked to consider, and if thought fit, pass the following resolution:

#### **Resolution No.7**

"THAT the remuneration of the Auditors, CrichtonMullings & Associates, who have signified their willingness to continue in office, be such as may be agreed between the Directors of the Company and the Auditors."

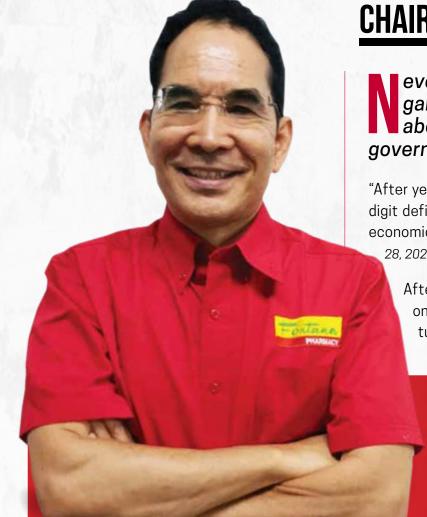
Date the September 29, 2023 By Order of the Board

Denise Douglas
Company Secretary

Registered Office Manchester Shopping Centre Mandeville, Manchester

#### NOTE:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint a proxy, who need not be a member, to attend and so on a poll, vote on his/her behalf. A suitable form of proxy is enclosed. Forms of Proxy must be lodged with the Registrar of the Company, Jamaica Central Securities Depository, 40 Harbour Street, Kingston not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- 2. A Corporate shareholder may (instead of appointing a proxy) appoint a representative in accordance with Regulation 78 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation. A copy of Regulation 78 is set out on the enclosed detachable proxy form.



**CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE** 

ever in its history has Jamaica garnered such praise from abroad about its macro-economic governance as in 2023.

"After years of being hobbled by crippling debt, double-digit deficits and negative growth, Jamaica's hard-won economic stability is getting noticed." (Miami Herald, June 28, 2023)

After a nasty COVID setback, Jamaica is back on track for the most miraculous economic turnaround story of the decade.

'Your country has managed your macro situation very well... It is not the same for many developing countries...'

KEVIN **O'BRIEN CHANG**Chairman

"This was echoed by the IMF's board: 'Executive Directors...commended the authorities' strong track record of building institutions and prioritising macroeconomic stability, which together with a nimble and prudent policy response helped Jamaica navigate successfully the pandemic and other recent global shocks.' "This is as close as the IMF comes to a standing ovation." (Financial Times, February 10, 2023)

"This is as close as the IMF comes to a standing ovation." (Financial Times, February 10, 2023

4. It's Ali GOOD Inside! FONTANA LIMITED | ANNUAL REPORT | 2023



For the first time ever head of the World Bank, world's largest lending institution, visited Jamaica, with President Ajay Banga praising our current economic health:

'Your country has managed your macro situation very well... It is not the same for many developing countries...'

The numbers justified the praise, with the IMF's estimated 2023 GDP growth rate for Jamaica

(2.2%) being higher than the US's (1.6%). Jamaica's September 2023 12 month inflation rate was the same as the UK's (5.9%). Jamaica's October 2023 unemployment rate (4.5%) was lower than Germany's (5.7%).

Jamaica's current debt-to-GDP ratio (78%) is the lowest since the financial disaster of the 1990s and lower than that of the US (121%), France (112%), UK (101%). This turnaround of course began in 2015 under the stewardship of Portia Simpson-Miller and Peter Phillips, and has continued under Andrew

Holness and Nigel Clark. Such positivity must augur well for the nation's future and is something far bigger than petty politics.

Jamaica's favourable macro-economic environment was reflected in Fontana's excellent results. Revenues for 2023 rose to \$7.3 billion, a 15.4% increase over the \$6.3 billion in 2022. This compares quite favourably with the 2.3% increase in the overall retail and wholesale sector.

Fontana's sales growth outpaced that of the overall Jamaican retail sector in every quarter.

The chart and table below show Fontana's sales growth per quarter compared with REVENUES
rose to
\$7.3BILL

the PIOJ growth estimate for Wholesale & Retail Trade.

2.8 -0.1 2.3	1.3	5.3	ALE & RETAIL	STATIN WHOLES
13.9 10.5 15.4	14.6	25.3		FONTANA
	14.6	25.3		FONTANA



Gross profit was \$2.3 billion, or 16% higher than the \$1.9 billion recorded in the prior year. Net profits increased by 8%, from \$606 million to \$655 million.

Shareholder equity grew by \$280.4 million, an increase of 13% over last year, and this was after the provision of two dividend allocations totaling \$374.8 million.

Net Assets increased by 12.8% mainly due to the acquisition of inventories and other assets for the new store, which by the end of the period showed a significant investment in work-in-progress.

NET ASSETS
increased by
12.8%
due to the acquisition of inventories

The directors extend our gratitude to our indispensable customers for their loyalty. The Fontana family is still inspired by the original principles of our founders Bobby and Angela Chang: service, respect, teamwork, family and community. Our Senior Managers continue to plan strategically and execute with excellence to the benefit of all our shareholders.

Fontana Pharmacy:

It's ALL Good Inside!



Kevin O'Brien Chang,
Director | Chairman

It's All GOOD Inside!

# Rewards Programme



- \* Earn points
- ★ Exclusive Discounts
- \* Birthday Club 20% OFF
- \* And more!



SCAN ME FOR MORE INFORMATION



#### **SIGN UP AT CHECKOUT!**

PHARMACY
It's All GOOD Inside!



#### RAYMOND THERRIEN

Executive Director, Chief Operating Officer

#### **DIRECTOR'S REPORT**

#### **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

The Directors' are pleased to present this report for the financial year ended June 30, 2023.

Profit before Taxation
Taxation (credit)/charge

656,770,888 1,568,789

Net profit for the year

655,202,099

Earnings per share

0.52

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The Directors recommended that the interim dividends of 10 cents paid on December 12, 2022 and 20 cents paid on June 05, 2023 be ratified by the shareholders in general meeting.

The Directors as at **June 30, 2023** were as follows:

Bobby Chang	Raymond Therrien
Kevin O'Brien Chang	Jacqueline Sharp
Anne Chang	Heather Goldson

In accordance with Regulation 105 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Directors retiring by rotation are Raymond Therrien and Anne Chang, who being eligible for re-election, offer themselves for re-election.

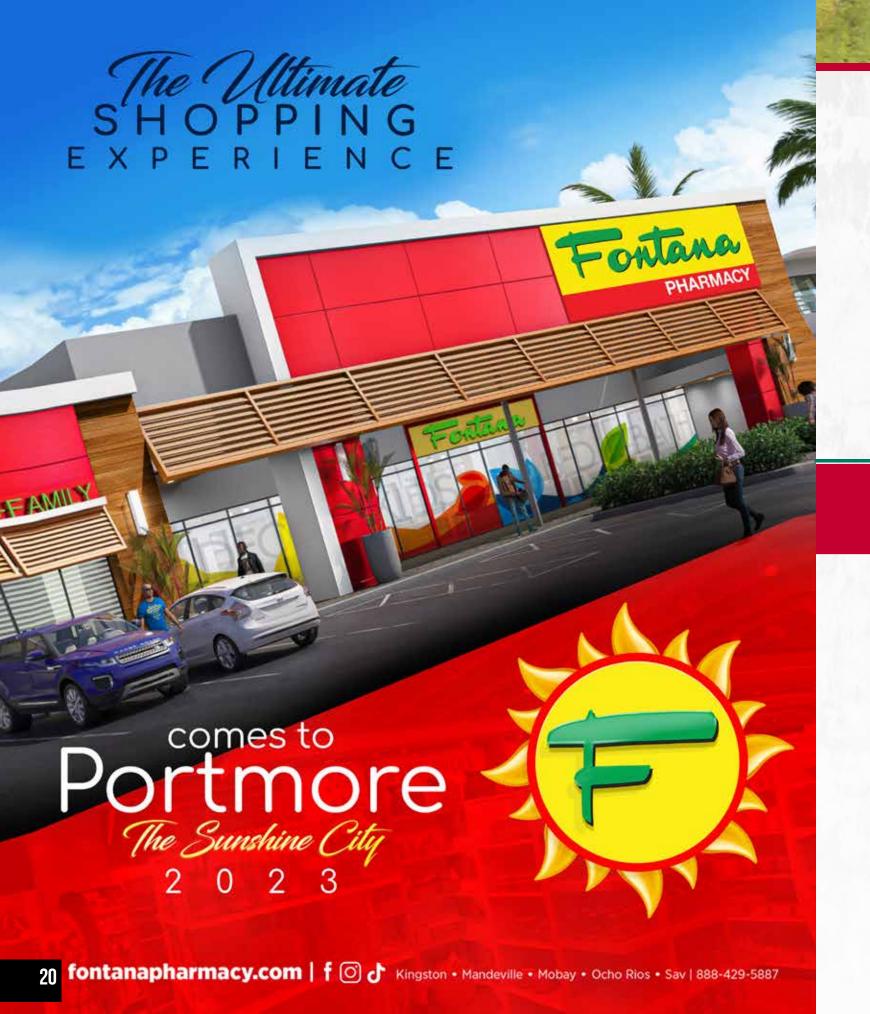
#### **AUDITORS**

CrichtonMullings & Associates, the retiring Auditors, has indicated their willingness to continue in office and their re-appointment will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The Directors wish to place on record their appreciation for and recognition of the dedicated efforts and hard work of the management and staff during the year.

By Order of the Board

Executive Director, Chief Operating Officer



#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS'** & PROFILE



**BOBBY CHANG Chairman Emeritus** 



This approach contributed to Fontana's success. Bobby remains a well-informed "éminence grise" whose calm counsel and past experience provide him with the knowledge to continue to guide key strategic decisions.



KEVIN O'BRIEN CHANG **Executive Director / Chairman** 

Kevin O'Brien Chang is the Chairman of the Company. On his return home from Canada in 1989 he oversaw the growth of the original Fontana location in Mandeville, which became the then largest pharmacy in Jamaica. Kevin also spearheaded the opening of Fontana Montego Bay in 1994 and Fontana's transformation from a local to a national business.

Kevin holds a BSc in Statistics and an MBA from the University of Toronto. Before returning to Jamaica, he was Marketing Systems Manager at Mastercraft Group Development in Toronto and Ottawa Canada, where he transformed their customer marketing presentation systems. He has written two books on Jamaica -'Reggae Routes: the Story of Jamaican Music' and 'Jamaica Fi Real: Beauty Vibes and Culture'.

He has written columns for the Jamaica Observer and the Jamaica Gleaner since 1998 and regularly appears on radio and television as a public affairs commentator.



Anne Chang is the Chief Executive Officer and has been a director of the Company for the past 22 years. She has oversight of local and foreign purchasing, supplier relations and marketing. Anne has also been integral in establishing Fontana's social media footprint in Jamaica as well the Customer Reward Programme that now boasts over 120,000 members and confirms Fontana as the premier Jamaican beauty destination for women of all ages.

Prior to joining Fontana, **Anne** was a senior executive at Bell Canada Inc, Canada's largest telecommunications company for 10 years holding several key positions in Operator Services, Bell retail centres, Finance and Consumer Marketing.

**Anne**, who is currently a member of the board of Fairfield International Academy in Montego Bay, holds a Honors Bachelor of Commerce degree with a major in marketing from McMaster University.

**Raymond (Ray) Therrien** is the Chief Operating Officer of the Company and has been a Director of Fontana Limited for the past 22 years. **Ray** oversees all aspects of Finance for the organization.

His main responsibilities are overseeing the dayto-day operations of the organization with key areas of focus being the pharmacy department and logistics for all overseas purchasing. He has been instrumental in the expansion of the Fontana brand in Montego Bay, Sav La Mar, Ocho Rios and Kingston. Prior to joining Fontana, **Ray** held senior sales and marketing roles for some of Canada's largest pharmaceutical companies including Sanofi Aventis and Roche.

**Ray** holds a BSc in Mathematics from McMaster University, Hamilton, Canada. **Ray** sits on the boards of IronRock Insurance as well as Fairfield International Academy in Montego Bay.

Heather Goldson is the Chief Marketing Officer for the Supreme Ventures Limited group, providing marketing services for the subsidiaries through Supreme Ventures Services Limited. Prior to this role, she held the position of Regional Marketing Director for Scotiabank's English and Spanish operations across 19 countries in the Caribbean, having held several leadership positions in the company over her 12 years with the bank.

Before joining Scotiabank, she held senior marketing positions with the Digicel Group as Head of Marketing for Jamaica and supported roll out operations in St. Lucia and Barbados. **Heather** currently sits on the Boards of Key Insurance Ltd and is a member of its Corporate Governance Committee, the Supreme Ventures Foundation, and Chain of Hope Jamaica Ltd. She has given of her time to several not-for-profit entities including the board of the Digicel Foundation, the Scotiabank Foundation, GC Foster College and headed the Marketing and PR Committee of the Jamaica Football Federation Board.

**Heather** holds a Bachelors degree in Business Administration from Florida International University. Jacqueline (Jackie) Sharp is a director of her family's business, Coffee Traders Limited. She has over 26 years of experience in the financial services industry in Jamaica, of which 20 years were spent with the Scotia Group. Jackie has led different divisions at Scotia, and her final role was Chief Executive Officer, where she led the profitable growth of the operations in Jamaica, with oversight of 4 other countries in the Caribbean.

Jackie is also Vice-President of the Private Sector Organization of Jamaica and sits on the Board of Coffee Traders Limited, Clifton Mount Coffee Estate Limited, Grace Kennedy Foods and Quantas Financial Group. Jackie holds a BSc. degree with honours in Accounting from UWI, is a CFA Charter Holder and has successfully completed the CPA examinations. She has also completed Executive Education programmes at Richard Ivey Business School in Canada and Duke University, USA.

2 It's All GOOD Inside! FONTANA LIMITED | ANNUAL REPORT | 2023





Driven by the intention to enhance the future of our Island by supporting the youth of Jamaica, the Fontana Foundation encourages our youth through sports, education, and the performing arts.











# LIST OF TOP TEN (10) LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

THE LARGEST SHAREHOLDER	NO. OF STOCK UNITS	%HOLDING
1. Burbank Holdings Limited	977,946,747	78.2749
2. Astronomical Holdings Limited	12,931,000	1.0269
3. Sagicor Select Fund Limited - ("Class C' Shares") Manufacturing & Distribution	10,028,143	0.8027
4. St. Elizabeth International Limited	9,230,953	0.7388
5. JCSD Trustee Services Limited A/C#76579-02	8,356,138	0.6403
6. Jacqueline Sharp/Jason Sharp	7,094,000	0.5678
7. St. Elizabeth Holdings Limited	5,319,000	0.4257
8. Victory Island Limited	5,319,000	0.4257
9. SJIML A/C 3119	5,210,875	0.4171
10.Fontana Employee Share Trust	4,366,124	0.3495

## SHAREHOLDERS OF DIRECTORS AND CONNECTED PARTIES AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

DIRECTOR	SHAREHOLDINGS	CONNECTED PARTIES	SHAREHOLDINGS
Raymond Therrien		Burbank Holdings Limited	977,946,747
Kevin O'Brien Chang		Burbank Holdings Limited Nicole Watson-Chang	977,946,747 745,850
Shinque (Bobby) Chang		Burbank Holdings Limited	977,946,747
Anne Chang		Burbank Holdings Limited	977,946,747
Jacqueline Sharp	7,094,000	Jason Sharpe (Joint Holder)	
Heather Goldson	2,070,000	David L. Goldson (Joint Holder)	

### SHAREHOLDERS OF OFFICERS AND CONNECTED PARTIES AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

Denise Douglas	25,352	Ryan M <sup>c</sup> Calla (Joint Holder)
Judale Samuels-Smith	613,506	

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FONTANA LIMITED | ANNUAL REPORT | 2023



# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board of Directors of FONTANA LIMITED is responsible for the effective governance of the Company. They recognize that a sound corporate governance policy contributes to the creation of shareholder value and preserves confidence in the Company. Their main responsibility is to oversee the Corporate Affairs on behalf of the shareholders and to act as advisors to our management team in setting vision and strategy.

As of June 30, 2023, the Board of Directors is comprised of 1 Chairman Emeritus, 3 Executive Directors and 2 Independent Directors. The definitions of these directors are:

- Chairman Emeritus is a member of the board of directors who is engaged in volunteer or advocacy activities in his service on the board.
- An Independent Director is a member of the board of directors who does not engage in the day to day management but may be involved in policymaking and planning exercises. They are not related nor have any pecuniary relationship with the company, senior management or affiliate companies. The independent director does not own more than 3% of the voting shares of the company.
- An Executive Director is a member of the board of directors who is heavily involved in the day to day management of the company.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Bobby Chang - Chairman Emeritus Kevin O'Brien Chang - Chairman Anne Chang - Executive Director Raymond Therrien - Executive Director

Heather Goldson - Independent Director

Jacqueline Sharp - Independent Director

We are pleased to advise that our board members are qualified, objective and committed. They possess certain key characteristics such as professionalism, integrity and strong leadership skills in their respective fields. The names of the directors and their qualifications are set out in the Directors' Profile section of this report.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Audit and Compliance Committee main responsibilities are to monitor the integrity of the financial statements of the company; to review the internal financial controls; to monitor and review the effectiveness of the internal audit function and to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and effectiveness of the audit process. The Audit Committee also met two (2) times during the financial year.

The Chairman of the Audit and Compliance Committee is Mrs. Jacqueline Sharp and she joined the Board on December 4, 2018.

The Audit and Compliance Committee consists of 3 directors:

Jacqueline Sharp - Chairwoman

Heather Goldson - Independent Director

Raymond Therrien - Executive Director C00

#### **COMPENSATION COMMITTEE**

The Compensation Committee's main responsibilities are to agree the remuneration of the Executive Directors



with the Board's approval, to monitor and review the Performance Management Scheme, and to continuously review and agree the senior management salary ranges and the organizational structure.

The Chairman of the Compensation Committee is Mrs. Jacqueline Sharp and she joined the Board on December 4, 2018.

The Compensation Committee consists of 3 directors:

Jacqueline Sharp - Chairwoman

Heather Goldson - Independent Director

Anne Chang - Executive Director/CEO

The Members of the Committee and their attendance at the respective meetings for the 2023 financial year is reflected in the table below:

#### ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS

General meetings with shareholders are held annually and the meeting is structured to allow shareholders to give their input and have their queries answered.

#### ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

The Company's Articles of Incorporation was not amended during the period under review.

The Corporate Governance Guidelines are available on the company's website at www.fontanapharmacy.com

#### 

#### TRAVEL EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT

All Directors will be reimbursed for reasonable travel expenses in connect with attendance at meetings of the Company's Board of Directors and its Committees.

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

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The year 2023 was another exceptional year for Fontana Limited characterized by significant achievements and robust growth.

his Management Discussion and Analysis should be read in conjunction with our 2023 audited financial statements and the accompanying notes included herein.

accompanying notes included herein.

We are proud to share some of the highlights of the past year. Revenue

REVENUES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

7.3BIL

for the fiscal year ended June 30, increase of 15% over the 2023, was \$7.3 billion, an increase of 15% over the record breaking \$6.3 billion achieved in the previous year. Profit before tax increased by 7% to \$656 million, up from \$616 million. A testament to our financial stability can be seen in our net profit of \$655 million, up 8% from \$606 million in the prior year.

# 2023 PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW Revenue J\$7.3B ↑ 15% PBT J\$656.8M ↑ 7% Net Profit J\$655.2M ↑ 8% Assets J\$5.1B ↑ 13% Market Capitalization J\$13.1B J\$12.7B in 2022

#### **REVENUES AND GROSS PROFIT**

After the record-breaking revenues recorded last year, we are pleased to have bettered that figure by 15%, closing the year at \$7.3 billion in revenues. We saw a significant growth in our beauty product lines and were able to capitalize on this by forging partnerships with various top suppliers of beauty and cosmetic products. We continue to see exponential growth from the larger stores with healthy competition across the network for top position. Our ability to adapt to changing market dynamics and capitalize on emerging opportunities has been a key driver of our sustained success.



Corresponding with our revenue growth, our gross profit for 2023 surged to \$2.63 billion, marking a substantial 16% increase. We maintained our gross margin at 36% as we continue to manage our procurement process to reduce cost of sales. This achievement underscores our ability to balance cost management with revenue expansion, a testament to our operational efficiency.

It's All GOOD Inside!



#### **OPERATING EXPENSES**

Operating expenses grew by 26%, ending the year at \$1.9 billion compared to \$1.5 billion last year.



Staff costs were a huge contributing factor to this increase. Staff retention and welfare were at the top of management's agenda, and the addition of the Ferry warehouse also contributed to staff costs. In preparation for the opening of our new Portmore location later this year, we supplemented the shared services so that proper coverage could be allocated to logistics, warehousing, and loss prevention. The strategic decision to expand our footprint in a new location, investing in talent acquisitions and innovative projects will continue to impact our expenses. Despite this, operating expenses as a % of sales saw a slight 2% increase over last year.

Operating profit over the period declined by 2% ending the year at \$745.7 million from \$762.1 million last year. As we move to add our 7th store, we are maintaining a disciplined approach to expense management. Expenses as a % of sales declined from 25.2% last year to 23.6% this year as a result of focused expense management and new initiatives implemented to improve efficiencies. Operating profit over the period grew by 17% to \$761 million.

#### **FINANCE COST AND FOREX MOVEMENTS**

Finance costs saw a reduction of 10.3%, moving from

\$218.6 million last year to \$196 million this year. This was mainly attributable to the constant value of the Jamaican dollar when compared to its US counterpart, resulting



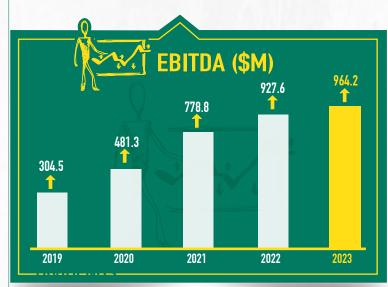
in minimal exchange difference compared to last year and proper handling of our exposure to revaluations.

#### **NET PROFIT**

Our net profit for 2023 stands at an impressive \$655.20 million, indicating an 8% growth from the previous year. This result underscores our continuous commitment to profitability and long-term value creation. Our earnings per share is now at \$0.52 compared to \$0.49 in 2022. The return on equity was 27% this year, down a slight 1% when compared to the prior year.



A recovery in consumer spending and operational normalization has also contributed to the growth in EBITDA.



The Board of Directors approved two dividend payments amounting to almost \$375 million during the fiscal year, representing a 50% increase over the prior year. With a dividend yield of 2.89%, our commitment to rewarding our shareholders remains steadfast.

#### **FINANCIAL POSITION**

Net Assets increased by 13% mainly due to the growth in inventories and deposits on assets in preparation for the new Portmore store.



Net Equity grew by 13% year over year to \$2.44 billion due to profits earned during the year. Our current ratio improved steadily, reaching 2.5 in 2023, a testament to our enhanced liquidity position and effective management of short-term financial commitments.



The debt-to-equity ratio remained stable at 1.1 in 2022 and 2023, emphasizing our continued focus on balancing debt and equity.



Our inventory turn ratio stabilized at 4.5 in 2022 and 4.2 in 2023, reflecting consistent efforts to optimize inventory levels and enhance operational efficiency.

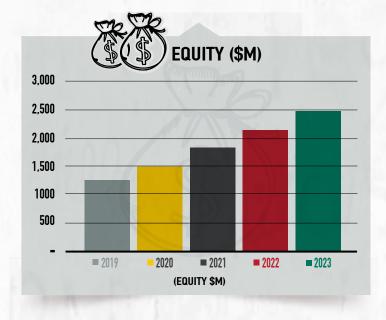
#### **LIQUIDITY**

Effective liquidity management is a hallmark of our company. Our improved current ratio ensures our ability to meet short-term obligations and seize opportunities, while cash and cash equivalents

increased by 4% over 2022. Our primary source of liquidity in 2023 included funds provided by operating activities (\$926m). During the year, the company acquired fixed and intangible assets amounting to \$134.6 million, repaid loans of \$41.1 million, received net loan

ASSETS ACQUIRED amounting to \$134.6 MIL

proceeds of \$21 million and paid dividends amounting to \$124.9 million.



It's All GOOD Inside!





The financial accomplishments and stability achieved in 2023, coupled with our adaptable strategies, positions us well for future growth. We appreciate the dedication of our employees, the trust of our shareholders, and the support of our customers as we continue our journey of success.

Preparations for the new Portmore store to join the existing network of 6 are moving into high gear, with the finishing stages of the state-of-art building scheduled to light up the Sunshine City in November 2023!

As we look ahead, Fontana Ltd. remains steadfast in its commitment to sustainable growth, innovation, and value delivery to all stakeholders. We acknowledge the potential challenges that may arise, but we are confident that our resilience and strategic approach will continue to drive our company's success in the coming years.

# and strategic approach will continue to drive our company's success in the coming years. HEALTH-BEAUTY-PANISH It's All COOD Inside!

#### FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL REVIEW

NCOME STATEI	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
					2025
Revenue	3,701,807,336	4,509,856,155	5,151,940,367	6,343,076,888	7,317,436,676
hange over prior year	8%	22%	14%	23%	15%
COGS	2,378,174,172	2,811,452,015	3,203,802,006	4,083,488,418	4,688,547,527
6 of Revenue	64%	62%	62%	64%	64%
Gross Profit	1,323,633,164	1,698,404,140	1,948,138,361	2,259,588,470	2,628,889,149
hange over prior year	3%	28%	15%	16%	26%
perating Expenses	1,078,688,814	1,300,818,814	1,299,711,626	1,498,979,318	1,883,143,049
hange over prior year	8%	21%	0%	15%	26%
Other Income	33,649,787	51,650,408	60,180,286	73,018,842	107,001,073
hange over prior year	1%	53%	17%	21%	47%
inance Costs	8,329,088	185,344,733	167,225,554	217,072,789	195,976,285
hange over prior year	-66%	2125%	-10%	30%	-10%
ВТ	270,265,049	263,891,700	541,318,467	616,555,205	656,770,888
hange over prior year	-11%	-2%	105%	14%	7%
axation	(36,361,122)	(12,616,396)	29,054,189	10,356,499	1,568,789
let Profit	306,626,171	276,508,096	512,327,278	606,198,706	655,202,099
hange over prior year	24%	-9.8%	85.3%	18%	8%
Ratios					
:PS (\$)	0.26	0.22	0.41	0.49	0.52
IP Margin (%)	8.3%	6.1%	9.9%	9.6%	9.0%
SP Margin (%)	36%	38%	38%		
FINANCIAL POS		IGHTS (J\$)		36%	
FINANCIAL POS	ITION HIGHL 2019		2021	2022	2023
1000 (100)	2019	IGHTS (J\$) 2020	2021	2022	2023
Ion-Current Assets	<b>2019</b> 867,817,626	IGHTS (J\$) 2020 1,789,147,596	2021 1,629,551,294	2022 1,857,790,039	<b>2023</b> 2,182,872,373
Non-Current Assets hange over prior year	2019 867,817,626 17%	IGHTS (J\$) 2020 1,789,147,596 106%	2021 1,629,551,294 -9%	2022 1,857,790,039 14%	<b>2023</b> 2,182,872,373 17%
Non-Current Assets Change over prior year Current Assets	2019 867,817,626 17% 1,041,914,031	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659	2023 2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288
Non-Current Assets thange over prior year Current Assets thange over prior year	2019 867,817,626 17% 1,041,914,031 11%	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30%	2021. 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35%	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46%	2023 2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10%
lon-Current Assets thange over prior year Current Assets thange over prior year Total Assets	2019 867,817,626 17% 1,041,914,031 11% 1,909,731,657	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698	2023 2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661
lon-Current Assets hange over prior year Current Assets hange over prior year Total Assets hange over prior year	2019 867,817,626 17% 1,041,914,031 11% 1,909,731,657 14%	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764 65%	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343 10%	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698 31%	2023 2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13%
Non-Current Assets thange over prior year Current Assets thange over prior year Total Assets thange over prior year Non-Current Liabilities	2019 867,817,626 17% 1,041,914,031 11% 1,909,731,657	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698	2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13% 1,504,566,906
Non-Current Assets thange over prior year current Assets thange over prior year Total Assets thange over prior year Non-Current Liabilities thange over prior year	2019  867,817,626  17%  1,041,914,031  11%  1,909,731,657  14%  12,132,212  -91%	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764 65% 1,013,762,537 8256%	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343 10% 954,097,541 -6%	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698 31% 1,560,022,103 64%	2023 2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13% 1,504,566,906 43%
Jon-Current Assets hange over prior year current Assets hange over prior year total Assets hange over prior year Jon-Current Liabilities hange over prior year current Liabilities	2019  867,817,626 17%  1,041,914,031 11%  1,909,731,657 14%  12,132,212 -91%  631,324,998	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764 65% 1,013,762,537 8256% 642,212,677	2021. 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343 10% 954,097,541 -6% 711,204,946	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698 31% 1,560,022,103 64% 829,794,998	2023 2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13% 1,504,566,906 43% 1,186,375,906
lon-Current Assets thange over prior year current Assets thange over prior year total Assets thange over prior year lon-Current Liabilities thange over prior year current Liabilities thange over prior year	2019  867,817,626  17%  1,041,914,031  11%  1,909,731,657  14%  12,132,212  -91%  631,324,998  31%	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764 65% 1,013,762,537 8256% 642,212,677 2%	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343 10% 954,097,541 -6% 711,204,946 11%	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698 31% 1,560,022,103 64% 829,794,998 17%	2023 2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13% 1,504,566,906 43% 1,186,375,906
lon-Current Assets thange over prior year current Assets thange over prior year lotal Assets thange over prior year lon-Current Liabilities thange over prior year current Liabilities thange over prior year londer over prior year lotal Liabilities	2019  867,817,626  17%  1,041,914,031  11%  1,909,731,657  14%  12,132,212  -91%  631,324,998  31%  643,457,210	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764 65% 1,013,762,537 8256% 642,212,677 2% 1,655,975,214	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343 10% 954,097,541 -6% 711,204,946 11% 1,665,302,487	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698 31% 1,560,022,103 64% 829,794,998 17% 2,389,817,101	2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13% 1,504,566,906 43% 1,186,375,906 43% 2,690,942,413
Jon-Current Assets hange over prior year current Assets hange over prior year fotal Assets hange over prior year Jon-Current Liabilities hange over prior year current Liabilities hange over prior year fotal Liabilities hange over prior year	2019  867,817,626 17%  1,041,914,031 11%  1,909,731,657 14%  12,132,212 -91% 631,324,998 31% 643,457,210 4%	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764 65% 1,013,762,537 8256% 642,212,677 2% 1,655,975,214	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343 10% 954,097,541 -6% 711,204,946 11% 1,665,302,487 1%	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698 31% 1,560,022,103 64% 829,794,998 17% 2,389,817,101 44%	2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13% 1,504,566,906 43% 1,186,375,906 43% 2,690,942,413 13%
Jon-Current Assets hange over prior year current Assets hange over prior year total Assets hange over prior year Jon-Current Liabilities hange over prior year current Liabilities hange over prior year fotal Liabilities hange over prior year fotal Liabilities	2019  867,817,626 17% 1,041,914,031 11% 1,909,731,657 14% 12,132,212 -91% 631,324,998 31% 643,457,210 4% 1,266,274,447	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764 65% 1,013,762,537 8256% 642,212,677 2% 1,655,975,214 157% 1,492,807,550	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343 10% 954,097,541 -6% 711,204,946 11% 1,665,302,487 1% 1,805,234,856	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698 31% 1,560,022,103 64% 829,794,998 17% 2,389,817,101 44% 2,161,558,597	2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13% 1,504,566,906 43% 1,186,375,906 43% 2,690,942,413 13% 2,441,948,248
Jon-Current Assets hange over prior year current Assets hange over prior year fotal Assets hange over prior year Jon-Current Liabilities hange over prior year current Liabilities hange over prior year fotal Liabilities hange over prior year equity hange over prior year	2019  867,817,626 17%  1,041,914,031 11%  1,909,731,657 14%  12,132,212 -91% 631,324,998 31% 643,457,210 4%	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764 65% 1,013,762,537 8256% 642,212,677 2% 1,655,975,214	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343 10% 954,097,541 -6% 711,204,946 11% 1,665,302,487 1%	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698 31% 1,560,022,103 64% 829,794,998 17% 2,389,817,101 44%	2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13% 1,504,566,906 43% 1,186,375,906 43% 2,690,942,413 13% 2,441,948,248
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lon-Current Assets thange over prior year current Assets thange over prior year total Assets thange over prior year ton-Current Liabilities thange over prior year current Liabilities thange over prior year total Liabilities	2019  867,817,626 17%  1,041,914,031 11%  1,909,731,657 14%  12,132,212 -91% 631,324,998 31% 643,457,210 4%  1,266,274,447 19%  1.7 0.5	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764 65% 1,013,762,537 8256% 642,212,677 2% 1,655,975,214 157% 1,492,807,550 18% 2.1 1.1	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343 10% 954,097,541 -6% 711,204,946 11% 1,665,302,487 1% 1,805,234,856 21% 2.6 0.9	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698 31% 1,560,022,103 64% 829,794,998 17% 2,389,817,101 44% 2,161,558,597 20%	2023  2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13% 1,504,566,906 43% 2,690,942,413 13% 2,441,948,248 13% 2.5 1.1
Ion-Current Assets thange over prior year current Assets thange over prior year fotal Assets thange over prior year Ion-Current Liabilities thange over prior year current Liabilities thange over prior year fotal Liabilities thange over prior year fotal Liabilities thange over prior year fotal Liabilities thange over prior year fatios Current Ratio Debt to Equity Inventory Turns Ratio	2019  867,817,626 17%  1,041,914,031 11%  1,909,731,657 14%  12,132,212 -91% 631,324,998 31% 643,457,210 4%  1,266,274,447 19%  1.7 0.5 4.1	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764 65% 1,013,762,537 8256% 642,212,677 2% 1,655,975,214 157% 1,492,807,550 18%  2.1 1.1 4.6	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343 10% 954,097,541 -6% 711,204,946 11% 1,665,302,487 1% 1,805,234,856 21% 2.6 0.9 4.6	2022  1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698 31% 1,560,022,103 64% 829,794,998 17% 2,389,817,101 44% 2,161,558,597 20%  3.2 1.1 4.5	2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13% 1,504,566,906 43% 2,690,942,413 13% 2,441,948,248 13% 2.55 1.1 4.2
Non-Current Assets thange over prior year current Assets thange over prior year rotal Assets thange over prior year Non-Current Liabilities thange over prior year current Liabilities thange over prior year rotal Liabilities thange over prior year rotal Liabilities thange over prior year rotal Liabilities thange over prior year requity thange over prior year reatios Current Ratio Debt to Equity nventory Turns Ratio	2019  867,817,626 17%  1,041,914,031 11%  1,909,731,657 14%  12,132,212 -91% 631,324,998 31% 643,457,210 4%  1,266,274,447 19%  1.7 0.5 4.1	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764 65% 1,013,762,537 8256% 642,212,677 2% 1,655,975,214 157% 1,492,807,550 18% 2.1 1.1	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343 10% 954,097,541 -6% 711,204,946 11% 1,665,302,487 1% 1,805,234,856 21% 2.6 0.9	2022 1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698 31% 1,560,022,103 64% 829,794,998 17% 2,389,817,101 44% 2,161,558,597 20%	2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13% 1,504,566,906 43% 2,690,942,413 13% 2,441,948,248 13% 2.55 1.1 4.2
Non-Current Assets thange over prior year current Assets thange over prior year Total Assets thange over prior year Non-Current Liabilities thange over prior year current Liabilities thange over prior year Total Liabilities thange over prior year active thange over prior year current Ratio Debt to Equity Inventory Turns Ratio Inventory Days to Sales	2019  867,817,626 17%  1,041,914,031 11%  1,909,731,657 14% 12,132,212 -91% 631,324,998 31% 643,457,210 4% 1,266,274,447 19%  1.7 0.5 4.1 89.0	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764 65% 1,013,762,537 8256% 642,212,677 2% 1,655,975,214 157% 1,492,807,550 18% 2.1 1.1 4.6 79.3	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343 10% 954,097,541 -6% 711,204,946 11% 1,665,302,487 1% 1,805,234,856 21% 2.6 0.9 4.6 84.7	2022  1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698 31% 1,560,022,103 64% 829,794,998 17% 2,389,817,101 44% 2,161,558,597 20%  3.2 1.1 4.5 81.7	2023  2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13% 1,504,566,906 43% 2,690,942,413 13% 2,441,948,248 13% 2.5 1.1 4.2 86.5
Non-Current Assets change over prior year current Assets change over prior year Total Assets change over prior year Non-Current Liabilities change over prior year current Ratio Debt to Equity nventory Turns Ratio nventory Turns Ratio nventory Days to Sales Return on Asset Return on Equity	2019  867,817,626 17%  1,041,914,031 11%  1,909,731,657 14%  12,132,212 -91% 631,324,998 31% 643,457,210 4%  1,266,274,447 19%  1.7 0.5 4.1	1,789,147,596 106% 1,359,635,168 30% 3,148,782,764 65% 1,013,762,537 8256% 642,212,677 2% 1,655,975,214 157% 1,492,807,550 18%  2.1 1.1 4.6	2021 1,629,551,294 -9% 1,840,986,049 35% 3,470,537,343 10% 954,097,541 -6% 711,204,946 11% 1,665,302,487 1% 1,805,234,856 21% 2.6 0.9 4.6	2022  1,857,790,039 14% 2,693,585,659 46% 4,551,375,698 31% 1,560,022,103 64% 829,794,998 17% 2,389,817,101 44% 2,161,558,597 20%  3.2 1.1 4.5	2023  2,182,872,373 17% 2,950,018,288 10% 5,132,890,661 13% 1,504,566,906 43% 1,186,375,906 43% 2,690,942,413 13% 2,441,948,248 13% 2.5 1.1 4.2 86.5



# FONTANA FOUNDATION

With a Mission to empower Jamaican youth through education and sports

# CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

#### **OUR VISION**

Quality education, sports, and opportunities for youth to create positive change.



#### **OUR OBJECTIVES**

- 1. Increase access to quality education and sports for youths.
- 2. Implement mentorship programs to build skills and confidence.
- 3. Collaborate with local organizations to address youth challenges.
- 4. Empower youth as agents of positive change.
- 5. Measure program impact and adapt based on findings.



#### **OUR RECENT INITIATIVES**

- The Lucas Therrien Memorial Scholarship (for Business/Economics students) at the University of the West Indies
- The Angela Chang Memorial Scholarship (for Pharmacy students) at The University of Technology, Jamaica
- Youth In Action Football Club



#### **HOW TO DONATE**

- Visit any of our 6 locations and donate any amount in our donation boxes found at the cashiers
- The total amount will be matched by Fontana Foundation.





t Fontana Pharmacy, we stay true to our core values of Service, Respect, Family, and Community, instilled by our founders Bobby and Angela Chang. Our commitment to

giving back to our communities and practicing environmental responsibility is unwavering.

We strongly believe that businesses should actively support their communities, and this belief drives our sustainable practices and local support initiatives. Our goal is to nurture vibrant communities and contribute to a brighter future for all. We deeply appreciate our community's support and aim to inspire others to join us in making a positive impact.

Our Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) plays a pivotal role in fulfilling our purpose, as evidenced by Fontana's ongoing outreach activities and sponsorships throughout the ear.

Below is a listing of the major activities and sponsorships that took place in the last 12 months.

#### **JULY 2022**

- Jamaica Library Service
- National Reading Competition
- RADA Denbigh Agricultural Show
- National Association of Nurses
- Ms. Bikini Jamaica Intl
- The Department of Child Health at the University Hospital of the West Indies
- The Lauriston and Thompson Pen Community
   4-H Club
- WRHA Healthcare Workers' Appreciation Month
- JCF Award Ceremony Irish Town Police Station
- St. James Parish Library

It's All GOOD Inside!



#### AUGUST 2022

- Books 4 Kids Jamaica Foundation
- Jamaica Moves Expo Ochi
- Maxfield Children's Home
- Shelly-Ann Thompson Book Launch Sponsor
- Life Tabernacle Pentecostal Church Health Fair
- Back to School Outreach
- Emmanuel Apostolic Back to School
- Marlin Fishing Tournament
- Goal Accelerator
- Club Retreat

#### SEPTMEBER 2022

- Kiwanis Club of New Kingston Sponsor
- TPDco Quiz Competition
- Westmoreland Health Department National Breastfeeding Week Sponsor
- Carla Dunbar Ministries International
- CAMHS Mental Health Sponsor
- Central Tabernacle Deliverance Ladies Week
- CUMI Golf Tournament 2022 Sponsor
- National Council For Senior Citizens

#### **OCTOBER 2022**

- Manchester High Tracks Team
- Pure Smiles
- Distance Education NCU
- Mobay Animal Haven/Fur Ball
- Entertainment Cultural Committee UWI
- Womens Ministries Dept,
   Brittonville Seventh Day Adventist
- Myers Gym Expo
- JAAP Annual Convention and Education Forum
- Kiwanis Club of Providence, Montego Bay Sponsor
- Her Flow Foundation Period Poverty Drive Sponsor
- Hall B, University of Technology Sponsor
- Early Childhood Commission Sponsor

- Salvation Army Sponsor
- Irwin High School
- Lucea Infant School Sponsor
- National Tourism Debate Sponsor
- Every Mikkle Foundation Sponsor
- Utech JA Marketing Seminar Sponsor

#### DECEMBER 2022

- St. James Municipal Corporation Donation
- Gospel Reload Mandeville Donation
- Constabulary Station Freeport
- Jamaica Fire Brigade St. Mary
- Zoo Lights Sponsorship
- Ministry of Transport and Mining
- St. Ann's Bay Regional Hospital
- St. Joseph Infant School
- Campion Raffle
- St. Ann's Bay, Critical Care Nurses
- Hope Institute Hospital
- Woodford Basic School
- Craighton Basic School
- Fontana Wishing Tree:
  - Mary's Child Mustard Seed Community
  - Sophie's Place Mustard Seed Community
  - Blessed Assurance Mustard Seed Community
  - Sav-la-mar Hospital Paediatric Ward
  - Salavation Army
  - Jacob's Ladder

#### JANUARY 2023

- The Shalom Project JSSE
- Moneague Primary
- Dept Medical Social Work UWI
- Ardenne Prep
- Barbican Treat
- Period Poverty Drive Rotaract Club of Kingston



#### FEBRUARY 2023

- National Intelligence Bureau
- Carla Dunbar Ministries
- Woodford SDA Preparatory School
- Poetry in Motion 2023
- Rotaract Club 'Valentine's Date Auction'
- Ardenne Preparatory & Extension High School Career Week 2023
- Mary Seacole's Miss Seacole
- National Police College of Jamaica, Dept WTT
- Junior Chamber International's First Nation
- Meeting 3 gift baskets
- UTECH Faculty of Education & Liberal Studies,
   Spring Into Fashion Show & Sip and Paint
- Fundraiser

#### **MARCH 2023**

- Chas E Ramson Staff Award Luncheon
- Irvine Hall's Women's Day Award Ceremony
- We Care For Cornwall Regional
- Race Course Early Childhood Institute donation
- Westmoreland Health Department's Diabetics Support Group
- Northern Caribbean University Packs
- UTECH Miss UTECH
- Hope Zoo Easter Event
- Herbert Morrison High School
- Manchester High School

#### **APRIL 2023**

- CARIMAC Aggrey Brown Distinguished Lecture
- Jamaica Life Magazine
- The Bounty Invitational Tennis Classic
- Mother's Day Dog Mom Giveaway
- Jamaica Association of Administrative Professionals
- Villa Road Primary & Junior High School Teacher's Day

- Awards Cash sponsorship towards plaques
- Friends of Good Shepherd Magazine

#### **MAY 2023**

- Holy Childhood Child's Month Treat
- Gift of Life Art Auction
- Ignite Retreat
- Glow Academy Trivia Quiz Contest
- Kilsyth Primary & Infant School
- United Nations Women's Guild Fundraising Brunch
- Blooming Baby Jamaica 200 Mommy & Baby Book Partnership
- JaMM/Institute of Jamaica's Tribute to Four Pioneering Women Early Childhood Commission's
- Early Childhood Commission's (ECC) Professional Development Institute/Conference
- Sunshine Snacks Staff Fun and Sports Day
- Lupus Foundation of Jamaica's World Lupus Day Health Fair
- Somerset Primary School Guidance & Counselling Dept Student Treat
- Labour Day Project at Prospect Police Station
- Ocho Rios High School
- Youth In Action Summer Programme
- National Council on Drug Abuse, World No Tobacco Day
- JCDC Miss KSA Festival Queen Coronation

#### **JUNE 2023**

- Annual Jamaica Military Band Concert
- Miss Hanover Festival Queen
- Special Olympics World Games Berlin 2023
- St. Peter & Paul Prep School Diamond Magazine
- KUYA Magazine Summer Edition (July/August)
- UTECH Brand Management Group
- HEART College of Beauty Services
- St James Festival Queen
- JCF Retiree Award
- SDC St James Youth Quiz Competition







- St Leonard's Primary School Prize Giving
- Bellefield High School
- York Castle High Prize Giving
- Future Scholars Childcare & Preschool Graduation
   & Prize Giving
- Bamboo Primary & Junior High Community Run/Walk Event





# INDEX TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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Leary Mullings FCA, CPA, MBA Senior Partner

Rohan Crichton FCA, CPA MActg Senior Partner

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the members of FONTANA LIMITED

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Fontana Limited (the "Company"), which is comprised of the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2023, the statement of comprehensive income. the statement of changes in equity, and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Page 1

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at June 30, 2023, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the requirements of the Jamaican Companies Act (the "Act").

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code). We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Independent Auditor's Report (cont'd)

In determining the carrying value of inventory,

management focuses on conducting periodic

counts on high value departments from the

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#### To the members of FONTANA LIMITED

overall inventory.

Key audit matters (cont'd)				
Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit			
1) Carrying value of inventory	Our audit procedures to address the key audit matter relating to the carrying value of inventory included the following:			
Inventory is reported at \$1.2 billion and represents 24% of total assets of the Company as at June 30, 2023. The inventory consists of a large volume of small and seasonal items. Inherently, the large volume of inventory creates a challenge for management to conduct inventory	Reviewing the Company's standard operating procedures, in order to assess the effectiveness of internal controls over inventory.			
counts throughout the year, which contributes to the risk of inventory being materially misstated.	<ul> <li>We observed stock counts at each of the Company's store locations. As a part of this process, we selected samples to</li> </ul>			

store.

The samples from our stock counts were crossed checked against the inventory system and unresolved variances were extrapolated to the inventory population of each store.

conduct our independent counts at each

Based on the procedures performed, an adjustment of \$6.3 million was made to the carrying value of inventory.

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#### Independent Auditor's Report (cont'd)

#### To the members of **FONTANA LIMITED**

Key audit matters

Key audit matters (cont'd)

assets as at the year end.

ite y diameter o	THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF TH
2) Goodwill impairment assessment	Our audit procedures to address the key audit matter relating to the impairment of goodwill
The Company has goodwill of \$165.46 million arising from the acquisition of the Barbican store	assessment included the following:

The annual impairment assessment requires management's judgement and estimation in determining estimated future earnings from the store, taking into consideration inflation rate. growth rate and other underlying assumptions.

operations, which represents 3.2% of the total

We have reviewed management's assertions, including the identification of the underlying cash generating assets.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

We have assessed and reviewed the store's historical performance and compared actual results to the approved budget. The analysis of the external and internal environments was taken into account in the assessment of the store's performance.

Based on the procedures performed, management's assessment of goodwill impairment appears reasonable.

#### Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate with the Board of Directors.



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#### Independent Auditor's Report (cont'd)

#### To the members of FONTANA LIMITED

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS and the Act, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement. whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company, or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is included in the Appendix to this auditor's report. This description, which is located at pages 5-6, forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on additional matters as required by the Act

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit. In our opinion, proper accounting records have been maintained, so far as appears from our examination of those records, and the financial statements, which are in agreement therewith, give the information required by the Act, in the manner required.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Leary Mullings.

Crichton Mullings & Associates Chartered Accountants

Kingston, Jamaica August 29, 2023



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Independent Auditor's Report (cont'd)

#### To the members of FONTANA LIMITED

Appendix to the independent auditor's report

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
  audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
  not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
  error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
  override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
  accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
  related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to
  continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required
  to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or,
  if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the
  audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or
  conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
  the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions
  and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Independent Auditor's Report (cont'd)

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#### To the members of FONTANA LIMITED

Appendix to the independent auditor's report (cont'd)

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate to them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matters or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

It's All GOOD Inside!



#### **FONTANA LIMITED** STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2023 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

ASSETS Non-current Assets Property, plant and equipment Right of use asset Intangible assets  Current Assets Inventories Due from related parties Due from directors Trade and other receivables Taxation recoverable Cash and cash equivalents		\$	<u>\$</u>
Non-current Assets Property, plant and equipment Right of use asset Intangible assets  Current Assets Inventories Due from related parties Due from directors Trade and other receivables Taxation recoverable Cash and cash equivalents			
Property, plant and equipment Right of use asset Intangible assets  Current Assets Inventories Due from related parties Due from directors Trade and other receivables Taxation recoverable Cash and cash equivalents			
Right of use asset Intangible assets  Current Assets Inventories Due from related parties Due from directors Trade and other receivables Taxation recoverable Cash and cash equivalents			
Current Assets Inventories Due from related parties Due from directors Trade and other receivables Taxation recoverable Cash and cash equivalents	5	1,126,432,667	742,696,132
Current Assets Inventories Due from related parties Due from directors Trade and other receivables Taxation recoverable Cash and cash equivalents	6	839,277,815	949,632,762
Inventories  Due from related parties  Due from directors  Trade and other receivables  Taxation recoverable  Cash and cash equivalents	7	217,161,891	165,461,145
Inventories  Due from related parties  Due from directors  Trade and other receivables  Taxation recoverable  Cash and cash equivalents		2,182,872,373	1,857,790,039
Due from related parties Due from directors Trade and other receivables Taxation recoverable Cash and cash equivalents			
Due from directors Trade and other receivables Taxation recoverable Cash and cash equivalents	8	1,229,494,854	991,859,876
Trade and other receivables Taxation recoverable Cash and cash equivalents	9	5,707,438	7,040,295
Taxation recoverable Cash and cash equivalents	10	10,175,094	5,665,290
Cash and cash equivalents	11	138,017,661	194,228,415
	12	8,841,647	2,618,023
TOTAL ASSETS	13	1,557,781,594	1,492,173,760
TOTAL ASSETS		2,950,018,288	2,693,585,659
		5.132,890,661	4,551,375,698
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	14	252,589,301	252,589,301
Accumulated surplus	2.5	2,189,358,947	1,908,969,296
Total service partition of a service of the service		2,441,948,248	2,161,558,597
Non-current Liabilities			
Bond payable .	15	494,697,640	493,182,680
Deferred tax liability	16	26,892,766	25,323,977
Non-current portion of lease liability	6	959,012,208	1,025,532,775
Bank loans payable	17	23,963,893	15,982,671
		1,504,566,507	1,560,022,103
Current Liabilities			
Current portion of lease liability	6	89,614,469	103,164,557
Current portion of bank loans payable	17	12,026,896	40,100,212
Trade and other payables	18	1,084,553,378	686,530,229
Due to related parties	19	181,163	
		1,186,375,906	829,794,998
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		5.132,890,661	4,551,375,698
Approved for issue by the Board of Directors on Au	gust	29, 2023 and signed on	its behalf by:
x12Cles		Shew Clase	6
Chairman		Director	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

#### **FONTANA LIMITED** STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS AT JUNE 30, 2023 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Note			
	11010	2023 <u>\$</u>	2022 <u>\$</u>	
Revenues	4	7,317,436,676	6,343,076,888	
Cost of sales	20	(4,688,547,527)	(4,083,488,418)	
Gross profit		2,628,889,149	2,259,588,470	
Administrative and other expenses Selling and promotion	21 22	(1,779,152,746) (103,990,303)	(1,433,867,660) (63,596,983)	k
Operating profit	23	745,746,100	762,123,827	
Other income	24	107,001,073	73,018,842	
		852,747,173	835,142,669	
Finance costs	25	(195,976,285)	(218,587,464)	R
Profit before taxation		656,770,888	616,555,205	
Taxation charge	26	1,568,789	10,356,499	
Net profit, being total comprehensive income				
for the year		655,202,099	606,198,706	
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year	27	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.49	

<sup>\*</sup> Reclassified to conform with current year presentation The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements



#### **FONTANA LIMITED** STATEMENT OFCHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT JUNE 30, 2023 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Share Capital <u>\$</u>	Accumulated Surplus	Total <u>\$</u>
Balance at June 30, 2021	252,589,301	1,552,645,555	1,805,234,856
Transactions with owners:			
Dividends paid (note 31)	-	(249,874,965)	(249,874,965)
Net profit, being total comprehensive income for the year		606,198,706	606,198,706
Balance at June 30, 2022	252,589,301	1,908,969,296	2,161,558,597
Transactions with owners:			
Dividends paid (note 31)		(374,812,448)	(374,812,448)
Net profit, being total comprehensive income for the year		655,202,099	655,202,099
Balance at June 30, 2023	_252,589,301	2,189,358,947	2,441,948,248

**FONTANA LIMITED** STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023
(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

N	Note	2023	2022
		<u>\$</u>	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Profit before interest and taxation	28	689,745,491	641,538,150
Adjusted for:			
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		12,250,120	-
Depreciation on right of use asset		110,354,947	133,274,840
Depreciation and amortisation expense		73,262,830	64,477,189
Interest expense on right of use asset		77,082,216	87,540,575
Amortisation of bond issuance cost		<u>1,514,960</u>	757,480
		964,210,564	927,588,234
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets:			4450 000 000
Inventories	(	237,634,978)	(156,098,030)
Due from related parties		1,332,858	700,986
Trade and other receivables		56,210,754	(60,754,579)
Taxation recoverable		(6,223,624)	(1,561,650)
Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Trade and other payables		148,148,185	109,013,344
Due to related parties		<u>181,163</u>	(3,710,711)
Net cash provided by operating activities		926,224,922	815,177,594
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of intangible asset		(59,086,567)	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(75,550,485)	(90,748,888)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		6,439,620	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
Cost of work in progress	(	392,752,800)	
Net cash used in investing activities	1	520,950,232)	_(90,748,888)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid	(	124,937,483)	(249,874,965)
Net proceeds from the issue of a bond		-	492,425,200
Proceeds from loans		21,040,000	14,647,000
Repayment of loans		(41,132,095)	(144,883,793)
Lease liability, net	(	157,152,871)	(176,872,867)
Directors' loans, net		(4,509,804)	(1,944,826)
Interest paid	-	(32,974,603)	(24,982,945)
Net cash used in financing activities	1	339,666,856)	(91,487,196)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		65,607,834	632,941,510
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of the year	1	,492,173,760	859,232,250
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of the year	1	,557,781,594	1,492,173,760
REPRESENTED BY:			
Short term investments		676,125,513	601,351,157
Cash and bank deposits	_	881,656,081	_890,822,603
	1	,557,781,594	<u>1,492,173,760</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements



(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION

Fontana Limited (the "Company") is incorporated in Jamaica, under the Jamaican Companies Act (the "Act"). The Company is domiciled in Jamaica with its registered office at Manchester Shopping Centre, Mandeville, Manchester.

The Company became listed on the Junior Market of the Jamaica Stock Exchange on January 08, 2019.

The principal activities of the Company are:

- (a) The buying and selling of pharmaceuticals, and
- (b) The retailing of associated products

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### (a) Statement of Compliance

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance and comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the relevant requirements of the Act.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are expressed in Jamaican dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS and the Act requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the year then ended. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods, if the revision affects both current and future periods.

There are no significant assumptions and judgements applied in these financial statements that carry a risk of material adjustment in the next financial year.

#### (b) Changes in accounting standards and interpretations:

New and amended standards and interpretations that became effective during the year:

Certain new and amended standards became effective during the current financial year. None of which resulted in any changes to the amounts recognised or disclosed in the financial statements.

# FONTANA LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

(b) Changes in accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd):

New and amended standards and interpretations that are not yet effective:

At the reporting date, certain new and amended International Financial Reporting Standards and Interpretations have been issued but are not yet effective, and which have not been adopted early. The Company has assessed the relevance of these and has concluded that the following are relevant to its operations:

- IAS 1 'Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current Amendment', issued January 2020. Effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2024. These amendments clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current based on a right to defer settlement having substance that exists at the end of the reporting period. Classification of a liability as non-current can be made if the Company has a right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period. The adoption of these amendments is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company.
- IAS 8 'Definition of Accounting Estimates Amendment', issued February 12, 2021. Effective for annual periods commencing on or after 1 January 2023. The amendments replace the definition of a change in accounting estimates with a definition of accounting estimates. Under the new definition, accounting estimates are "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". Entities develop accounting estimates if accounting policies require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty. The amendments clarify that a change in accounting estimate that results from new information or new developments is not the correction of an error.
- IAS 12 Amendment, 'Deferred tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a single transaction', issued May 2021. Effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2023. These amendments require companies to recognize deferred tax on transactions that, on initial recognition give rise to equal amounts of taxable and deductible temporary difference.
- Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2). Effective for annual periods commencing on or after 1 January 2023. The amendments require that an entity discloses its material accounting policies, instead of its significant accounting policies. Further amendments explain how an entity can identify a material accounting policy. Examples of when an accounting policy is likely to be material are added. To support the amendment, the International Accounting Standards Board has also developed guidance and examples to explain and demonstrate the application of the 'four-step materiality process' described in IFRS Practice Statement 2.

The Board of Directors anticipate that the adoption of the standards, amendments and interpretations, which are relevant to the Company in future periods is unlikely to have any material impact on the financial statements.

It's A**ii good** Inside!



(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

#### (c) Use of estimates and judgements:

The preparation of the financial statements to conform with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of, and disclosures relating to, assets, liabilities, contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the reporting date and the income and expenses for the year then ended. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) that have a significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with material uncertainty that have a significant effect on amounts in the financial statements or that have a significant risk of material adjustment in the next financial year are set out below:

- (i) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies For the purpose of these financial statements, prepared in accordance with IFRS, judgement refers to the informed identification and analysis of reasonable alternatives, considering all relevant facts and circumstances, and the well-reasoned, objective and unbiased choice of the alternative that is most consistent with the principles set out in IFRS.
  - (a) Allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) on trade receivables

In determining amounts recorded for impairment of financial assets in the financial statements, management makes assumptions in determining the inputs to be used in the ECL measurement model, including incorporation of forward-looking information. Management also makes estimates of the likely estimated future cash flows of impaired receivables, as well as the timing of such cash flows recoverable on the financial assets in determining loss given default. Historical loss experience is applied where indicators of impairment are not observable on individual significant receivables with similar characteristics, such as credit risks.

#### (b) Net realizable value of inventories

Estimates of net realisable value are based on the most reliable evidence available at the time the estimates are made, of the amount the inventories are expected to realise. These estimates take into consideration fluctuations of price or cost directly relating to events occurring after the reporting date, to the extent that such events confirm conditions existing at the reporting date.

Estimates of net realizable value also take into consideration the purpose for which the inventory is held.

# FONTANA LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

#### (c) Use of estimates and judgements (cont'd):

- (i) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies (cont'd)
  - (c) Depreciable assets

Estimates of the useful life and the residual value of property, plant and equipment are required in order to apply an adequate rate of transferring the economic benefits embodied in these assets in the relevant periods. The Company applies a variety of methods in an effort to arrive at these estimates from which actual results may vary. Actual variations in estimated useful lives and residual values are reflected in profit or loss through impairment or adjusted depreciation provisions.

(d) Provision for obsolescence of inventory

Estimates of provision for obsolescence of inventory are based on the most reliable evidence available at the time the estimates are made, of the amount the inventories are expected to realize. Estimates of provision for obsolescence also take into consideration the purpose for which the inventory is held.

(ii) Key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty The following are the key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

(a) Fair value estimation

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Market price is used to determine fair value where an active market exists as it is the best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument. The company's equities are the only financial instrument that is carried at fair value, also where fair value of financial instruments approximates carrying value, no fair value computation is done.

IFRS requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level using the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).

It's A**ii good** Inside!



(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

#### (c) Use of estimates and judgements (cont'd):

- (ii) Key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty (cont'd)
  - (a) Fair value estimation (cont'd)

Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The classification of an item into the above level is based on the lowest level of the inputs used that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement of the item.

The fair values of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market are deemed to be determined as follows:

The face value, less any estimated credit adjustments, for financial assets and liabilities with a maturity of less than one year are estimated to approximate their fair values. These financial assets and liabilities include cash and bank balances, loan, trade and other payables, due to director and related parties.

The carrying values of long-term liabilities approximate their fair values, as these loans are carried at amortised cost reflecting their contractual obligations and the interest rates are reflective of current market rates for similar transactions.

(b) Allowance for expected credit loss

The Company establishes a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The determination of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of the ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

# FONTANA LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are recorded and carried at historical or deemed cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Except for buildings, which are carried at fair value less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied in the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be reliably measured.

The cost of day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of such assets. The rates of depreciation in use are:

Buildings	2.5%
Leasehold Improvements	2.5%
Machinery and Equipment	10%
Furniture and Fixtures	10%
Signage and Drapery	10%
Motor Vehicles	12.5%
Computers	22.5%

Assets are capitalized only when they are brought into use. While an asset is being constructed or is not yet available for use; the expenditure, including borrowing costs, is treated as advances, and is shown separately in the statement of financial position. Depreciation is not raised until an asset is brought into use.

#### (b) Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease if it conveys the right of use/control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the identified asset's use and to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from that use.

Leases are recognized as assets and liabilities unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value of less than US\$5,000 or its Jamaica dollar equivalent. The Company applies the short term lease recognition exemption to its short term leases (that is, those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, at the lease commencement date, i.e. the date at which the underlying asset is available for use by the Company. The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the remaining lease term.



(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (b) Leases (cont'd)

#### Lease liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term

The present value of lease payments, uses an incremental borrowing rate at the commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. The incremental borrowing rate corresponds to the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment, with similar terms and conditions.

#### (c) Goodwill

Goodwill is recorded at cost and represents the excess of the value of consideration paid at acquisition. Goodwill is carried at costs less impairment. The Company assesses goodwill for impairment on an annual basis or when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

#### (d) Investments

Investments held by the Company are either held to maturity or carried at fair value through profit and loss account. Investments are initially measured at cost. Held to maturity instruments are subsequently carried at amortized cost. Fair value instruments are initially measured at cost and subsequently at fair value.

Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value instruments are immediately recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Where fair value cannot be reliably measured, investments are stated at cost. The fair value of stock-exchange traded equities is their quoted bid price. Where a quoted market price is not available, the fair value of the instrument is estimated using pricing models or discounted cash flow techniques.

#### (e) Inventories

The company utilises two costing methods. These are valued at the lower of cost, determined principally on the weighted average basis for retail inventory items and first-in first-out (FIFO) basis for dispensary items, and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### (f) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are stated at amortized cost.

Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired.

#### (g) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at amortized cost.

# FONTANA LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash in hand and demand and call deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

#### (i) Related party identification

A party is related to the Company if:

- (i) directly or indirectly the party:
  - controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the Company;
  - has an interest in the Company that gives it significant influence over the Company; or
  - has joint control over the Company.
- (ii) the party is an associate of the Company
- (iii) the party is a joint venture in which the Company is a venturer
- (iv) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Company
- (v) the party is a close member of the family of an individual referred to in (i) or (iv) above
- (vi) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by, or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (iv) or (v) above.
- (vii) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the Company, or of any company that is a related party of the Company.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged.

#### (j) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of income tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### (i) Current income tax

Current income tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates in effect for the reporting date, and any adjustments to income tax payable in respect.

#### (ii) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided using the statement of financial position method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.



(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (k) Foreign currencies

The financial statements are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (its functional currency).

In preparing the financial statements of the Company, transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency, the Jamaican dollar, are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each reporting date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items and on the retranslation of monetary items, are included in the statement of comprehensive income for the period.

#### (I) Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Revenue is recognized when control of goods passes to the customer, as contractual performance obligations are fulfilled.

#### (m) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it earns and incur expenses; whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Company's Chief Decision Maker ("CODM") who decides about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance; and for which discrete financial information is available.

Based on the information presented to and reviewed by the CODM , the operations of the Company are not segmented.

#### (n) Impairment

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than the carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized as an expense immediately.

# FONTANA LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (n) Impairment (cont'd)

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as income immediately.

#### (o) Financial instruments

Financial instruments include transactions that give rise to both financial assets and financial liabilities. Financial assets and liabilities are recognized on the Company's position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transactions costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities (except for financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss where such costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss), as appropriate, on initial recognition.

#### Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. The Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. That is, whether the Company's objective is solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets or is to collect both the contractual cash flows and cashflows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable (e.g. financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified as part of other business model and measured at FVTPL.



(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (o) Financial instruments (cont'd)

#### Financial assets (cont'd)

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Company's financial assets at amortised cost includes trade and other receivables, due from related parties and cash and bank balances.

#### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### Impairment

The Company recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) on the financial instruments measured at amortised cost. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For financial assets, the Company applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (o) Financial instruments (cont'd)

#### Financial assets (cont'd)

Impairment (cont'd)

The Company considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 180 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

#### Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

The Company's financial liabilities, comprising loans and accounts payable, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

#### (p) Employee benefits

Employee benefits are all forms of consideration given by the Company in exchange for services rendered by employees. These include current or short-term benefits such as salaries, bonuses, statutory contributions, vacation leave, non-monetary benefits such as medical care; post-employment benefits such as pensions; and other long term employee benefits such as termination benefits.

Employee benefits that are earned as a result of past or current service are recognised in the following manner:

 Short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability, net of payments made, and charged to expense.

#### (q) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are measured at the directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.



(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (s) Dividends

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in shareholders equity in the period in which they are approved by the Board of Directors.

#### Intangible assets

This represents goodwill and software. These intangible assets are identified separately and reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

The useful life for amortisation of intangible assets in use are as follows:

Goodwill Infinite Software 4 years

The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimate accounted for on a prospective

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### Comparative information

Where necessary, comparative figures have been reclassified and or restated to conform to changes in the current year.

#### **FONTANA LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023**

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

			Total \$		1,100,064,340	90,748,888	1,190,813,228	468,303,285 (31,295,956)	1,627,820,557	383,639,907	440 447 006	446,117,090 65,877,009 (12,606,215)	501,387,890	1,126,432,667	742,696,132 716,424,433
ŭ		Work-in	Progress \$		•			392,752,800	392,752,800					392,752,800	
l consumption tax		Motor	Vehicles \$		57,218,368	27,755,435	84,973,803	19,888,421 (1,420,000)	103,442,224	30,791,413	07.141,133	37,339,146 8,978,953 (1,153,750)	45,364,351	58,077,873	47,434,655 26,426,955
ates and genera	Signage	and	Drapery \$		18,745,335	2,901,079	21,646,414	1,368,947	23,015,361	10,243,289	1,010,910	1,229,294	12,989,499	10,025,862	9,886,208 8,502,047
ng discounts, reb	Machinery	and	Equipment \$	1	241,798,973	38,092,467	279,891,440	11,283,674 (29,875,956 <u>)</u>	261,299,158	119,581,046	440 656 576	140,020,570 18,983,513 (11,452,465)	148,187,624	113,111,534	139,234,864 122,217,927
d parties, excludi		Computer	Equipment \$	1	79,014,250	9,572,986	88,587,236	17,281,501	105,868,737	54,570,963	0,010,002	10,997,645	74,187,410	31,681,327	25,397,470 24,443,288
ervices sold to thir	Furniture	and	Fixtures \$	1	241,589,233	5,835,189	247,424,422	14,494,470	261,918,892	112,487,627	10,074,713	17,050,465	146,412,807	115,506,085	118,062,080 129,101,606
e of goods and se	COLPMEN	Leasehold	Improvements \$		461,698,181	6,591,732	468,289,913	11,233,472	479,523,385	55,965,569	9,043,491	8,637,139	74,246,199	405,277,186	402,680,853 405,732,612
	5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			At Cost/Valuation:	Balance at June 30, 2021	Additions	Balance at June 30, 2022	Additions Disposal	Balance at June 30, 2023	Accumulated Depreciation: Balance at June 30, 2021	Crialge for period	balance at Julie 30, 2022 Charge for period Disposal	Balance at June 30, 2023	Net Book Value: Balance at June 30, 2023	Balance at June 30, 2022 Balance at June 30, 2021



(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 6. RIGHT OF USE ASSET

		Buildings \$
At Valuation		_
Balance at June 30, 2022 Additions		1,263,864,928
Balance at June 30, 2023		1,263,864,928
Depreciation charge of right of use asset		
Balance at June 30, 2022		314,232,166
Charge for period		110,354,947
Balance at June 30, 2023		424,587,113
Net Book Value		
Balance at June 30, 2023		839,277,815
Lease Liability:		
	2023	2022
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Non-current lease liability	959,012,208	1,025,532,775
Current lease liability	89,614,469	103,164,557
Balance at June 30, 2023	1,048,626,677	1,128,697,332

#### 7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

INTARCIBLE ACCETO			
	Goodwill	<u>Software</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
At Cost/Valuation:			
Balance at July 01, 2022	165,461,145	-	165,461,145
Additions		59,086,567	_59,086,567
Balance at June 30, 2023	<u>165,461,145</u>	59,086,567	224,547,712
Accumulated Amortisation:			
Balance at July 01, 2022		-	_
Charge for period	<u> </u>	7,385,821	7,385,821
Balance at June 30, 2023	-	7,385,821	_7,385,821
Net Book Value:			
Balance at June 30, 2023	<u>165,461,145</u>	51,700,746	217,161,891
Balance at June 30, 2022	<u>165,461,145</u>		165,461,145

- (i) Goodwill of \$165,461,145 is an intangible asset which was acquired upon the acquisition of the Barbican store. The goodwill is assessed for any impairment losses on an annual basis.
- (ii) The prior year deposit on the point of sales system amounting to \$59,086,567 was capitalized during the year. The software is estimated to have a useful life of four (4) years.

# FONTANA LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 8. INVENTORIES

		2023 <u>\$</u>	2022 <u>\$</u>
	Inventories	1,197,502,313	983,023,865
	Goods in transit	82,905,767 1,280,408,080	52,867,100 1,035,890,965
	Less:		
	Provision for obsolescence	(50,913,226)	_(44,031,089)
		<u>1,229,494,854</u>	991,859,876
9.	DUE FROM RELATED PARTIES		
		2023	2022
		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
	Fontana Employee Share Trust (i)	5,655,058	6,397,298
	Fontana Foundation	52,380	_642,997
		5,707,438	7,040,295

(i) This represents funds advanced by the Company to purchase shares on behalf of employees during the Company's initial public offering.

#### 10. DUE FROM DIRECTORS

	2023 <u>\$</u>	2022 <u>\$</u>
Due from directors Due to directors	10,402,469 (227,375)	8,079,738 (2,414,448)
Duo to directors	10,175,094	5,665,290

These are unsecured, interest free amounts, which have no fixed dates of repayment.



(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2023	2022
	\$	<u>\$</u>
Trade receivables	54,612,828	39,237,856
Less: expected credit loss	(7,684,127)	(8,617,206)
Net trade receivables	46,928,701	30,620,650
Other receivables	35,931,885	22,618,624
Deposit on assets (i)	-	93,119,822
Prepayments	36,944,357	30,459,257
GCT recoverable	2,542,976	740,320
Security deposits	15,669,742	16,669,742
	138,017,661	194,228,415

(i) The prior year balance included deposit on a new point of sale system of \$53,178,825, leasehold improvements and equipment for the Ferry Warehouse space in the amount of \$23,923,007 and design and lease payments for the development stages of the Portmore location totalling \$16,017,990. These balances were capitalised during the

#### 12. TAXATION RECOVERABLE

2023	2022
\$	\$
2,618,023	1,056,372
6,223,624	<u>1,561,651</u>
<u>8,841,647</u>	2,618,023
	\$ 2,618,023 6,223,624

#### 13. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2023	2022
	\$	<u>\$</u>
Term and demand deposits	539,146,717	590,996,633
Foreign currency accounts	332,158,402	289,264,082
Short term investments	676,125,513	601,351,157
Cash balances	10,350,962	10,561,888
	1,557,781,594	1,492,173,760

#### **FONTANA LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023**

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 14. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized:

Issued and fully paid:

1,249,374,825 ordinary shares

	2023	2022	
	\$	<u>\$</u>	
uthorized:			
2,664,999,860 ordinary shares			

252,589,301

252,589,301

- On December 4, 2018, at an extraordinary general meeting of the Company, by an ordinary resolution, the authorized share capital of the Company was increased from 15,003,000 to 40,003,000 in the first instance.
  - The authorized ordinary shares of 40,003,000 were subdivided into 66.62 shares for every existing share, resulting in the authorized shares increasing to 2,664,999,860.
- The issued share capital was increased to 1,124,437,260 shares prior to the initial public offering ("IPO"). An additional 124,937,565 new shares were offered to the general public in the IPO on December 6, 2018.
- The proceeds of the sale of the 124,937,565 shares issued to the general public in December 2018 amounted to \$233,489,376 less transaction costs of \$10,906,075.

#### 15. BOND PAYABLE

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Fixed and variable agreed rate unsecured senior	500 000 000	500 000 000
corporate bond	500,000,000	500,000,000
Less: deferred bond issue costs	(5,302,360)	(6,817,320)
	494,697,640	493,182,680

This represents a five (5) year unsecured long-term corporate bond from Scotia Investment Jamaica Limited. The bond attracts a fixed interest rate of 6% for year one (1) to year (3) and a variable rate of interest for years four (4) and five (5) and matures on December 14, 2026.



(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 16. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY

Certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 12. IAS 12 permits the offsetting of deferred tax assets and liabilities if the entity has a legal right to settle current tax amounts on a net basis and the deferred tax amounts are levied by the same tax authority on the same entity.

The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial statement purposes:

2023

2022

		\$ \$	2022 <u>\$</u>
Deferred tax liability		26,892,766	25,323,977
Deferred tax liability is attributable	e to the following:		
		2023	2022
		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Property, plant and equipment		22,400,906	14,798,979
Conversion of foreign currency		4,491,860	10,524,998
		26,892,766	25,323,977
The movement during the year in	the Company's		
			2022
		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Balance at the beginning of the ye	ear	25,323,977	14,967,478
Movement during the year		_1,568,789	10,356,499
Balance at the end of the year		26,892,766	25,323,977
		2023	
	Opening	Recognised in	Closing
	balance	profit or loss	balance
Property, plant and equipment	14,798,979	7,601,927	22,400,906
Conversion of foreign currency	10,524,998	(6,033,138)	_4,491,860
	25,323,977	<u>1,568,789</u>	26,892,766
		2022	
	Opening	Recognised in	Closing
	balance	profit or loss	balance
Property, plant and equipment	7,720,684	7,078,295	14,798,979
Conversion of foreign currency	7,246,794	3,278,204	10,524,998
	14,967,478	10,356,499	25,323,977
	It's All GOOD Inside!		
	Property, plant and equipment Conversion of foreign currency  The movement during the year in Movement during the year  Balance at the beginning of the year Balance at the end of the year  Property, plant and equipment Conversion of foreign currency  Property, plant and equipment	Property, plant and equipment Conversion of foreign currency  The movement during the year in the Company's of the Movement during the year Movement during the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the end of the year  Property, plant and equipment Conversion of foreign currency  Opening balance  14,798,979 10,524,998 25,323,977  Opening balance  Property, plant and equipment Conversion of foreign currency  7,720,684 7,246,794 14,967,478	Deferred tax liability  Deferred tax liability  Deferred tax liability is attributable to the following:  2023  \$ Property, plant and equipment Conversion of foreign currency  24,491,860  26,892,766  The movement during the year in the Company's deferred tax position we 2023  \$ Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Movement during the year  25,323,977  Movement during the year  26,892,766  Depening balance  2023  Property, plant and equipment Conversion of foreign currency  25,323,977  1,568,789  2023  Property, plant and equipment 14,798,979 7,601,927 Conversion of foreign currency  25,323,977  1,568,789  2022  Opening Recognised in profit or loss  Property, plant and equipment 7,724,998 Conversion of foreign currency 7,246,794 3,278,204  14,967,478 10,356,499

#### **FONTANA LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023**

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 17. BANK LOANS PAYABLE

	2023	2022
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
a. BNS Motor Vehicle Loan	6,984,375	- 18
b. BNS Waterloo Capex		33,333,320
c. BNS Van Loan	3,200,000	4,800,000
d. BNS Motor Vehicle Loan	1,883,232	3,766,463
e. BNS Motor Vehicle Loan	4,849,840	6,621,100
f. BNS Van Loan	6,049,592	7,562,000
g. BNS Motor Vehicle Loan	<u>13,023,750</u>	-(a)-(-
Total bank loans payable	35,990,789	56,082,883
Due in less than 12 months	(12,026,896)	(40,100,212)
Due in more than 12 months	23,963,893	_15,982,671

- a. This is a loan at a rate of interest of 7.5% per annum. The loan is repayable over forty-eight (48) months, in fixed monthly payments of \$155,208 plus interest. The purpose of the loan was to purchase a motor vehicle.
- b. This is a loan with a rate of interest of 6.75% per annum. The loan is repayable over sixty (60) months after disbursement, in fixed monthly payments of \$2,777,778 plus interest. The purpose of the loan was to pay off the bridge loan. The loan was repaid during the year.
- c. This is a loan at a rate of interest of 6.75% for years 1-2 and thereafter weighted average treasury bill yield currently 1.53237%, plus 6 for years 3-5. The loan is repayable over sixty (60) months. in fixed monthly payments of \$133,333. The purpose of the loan was to purchase a van.
- d. This is a loan at a rate of interest of 6.75% per annum. The loan is repayable over forty-eight (48) months, in fixed monthly payments of \$156,936 plus interest. The purpose of the loan was to purchase a motor vehicle.
- e. This is a loan at a rate of interest of 7% per annum. The loan is repayable over forty-eight (48) months, in fixed monthly payments of \$147,605 plus interest. The purpose of the loan was to purchase a motor vehicle.
- This is a loan at a rate of interest of 7% per annum. The loan is repayable over sixty (60) months, in fixed monthly payments of \$126,033.33 plus interest. The purpose of the loan was to purchase a motor vehicle.
- This is a loan at a rate of interest of 7.5% per annum. The loan is repayable over forty-eight (48) months, in fixed monthly payments of \$283,125 plus interest. The purpose of the loan was to purchase a motor vehicle.



#### **FONTANA LIMITED** NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 18. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

2023	2022
<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
709,770,990	571,100,479
20,290,330	16,975,744
17,512,793	12,732,416
24,349,902	25,460,705
49,142,312	26,819,629
1,150,685	1,150,685
221,923,527	- VIVI
40,412,839	32,290,571
1,084,553,378	686,530,229
2022	2022
	2022
\$	<u>\$</u>
<u>181,163</u>	
	\$ 709,770,990 20,290,330 17,512,793 24,349,902 49,142,312 1,150,685 221,923,527 40,412,839 1,084,553,378  2023 \$

These are unsecured interest free advances, which have no fixed dates of repayment.

#### 20. COST OF SALES

19.

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Opening inventories	991,859,876	835,761,847
Add: Net purchases	4,919,300,368	4,237,534,121
	5,911,160,244	5,073,295,968
Increase in inventory obsolescence	6,882,137	2,052,326
Closing inventories	(1,229,494,854)	(991,859,876)
	_4,688,547,527	4,083,488,418

#### **FONTANA LIMITED** NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 21. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Directors' renumeration	84,248,500	76,952,980
Salaries	801,152,581	622,470,252
Statutory contributions	102,390,184	79,297,448
Casual labour	26,094,885	20,538,661
Repairs and maintenance	48,393,109	31,112,402
Staff welfare	37,969,031	26,786,383
Electricity	94,502,566	85,791,537
Staff pension	14,624,751	9,162,208
Short term leases (see note 3b)	69,964,751	30,362,283
Motor vehicle and travelling	12,623,229	10,590,175
Insurance - general	15,143,786	12,589,474
- life	1,512,379	2,287,663
- health	20,232,467	15,871,892
Travel, entertainment and meals	22,810,889	22,815,935
Telephone, internet and postage	33,594,152	26,684,827
Printing and stationery	4,061,269	2,619,332
Strata plan maintenance	54,697,807	43,437,031
Staff uniform	4,685,637	4,683,014
Security	55,829,261	41,213,596
Subscriptions and donations	3,708,340	4,740,222
Rates and taxes	8,577,166	8,145,826
Interest and penalty	12,353,941	-
Audit fee	4,300,000	3,900,000
Professional and legal fees	10,252,793	11,911,891
Consultancy fees	1,863,350	1,529,950
Bad debt written off	63,993	1,028,896
Depreciation and amortisation	73,262,830	64,477,189
Depreciation on right of use asset	110,354,947	133,274,840
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	12,250,120	-
Expected credit loss (decrease) / increase	(933,079)	2,401,834
General office expenses	36,691,748	36,117,625
Rental of equipment	1,875,363	1,072,294
	1,779,152,746	1,433,867,660
SELLING AND PROMOTION		
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Advertising	103,990,303	63,596,983

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22.

<sup>\*</sup>Reclassified to conform with current year presentation



#### **FONTANA LIMITED** NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

23.	OPERATING PROFIT		
		2023	2022
		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
		745 740 400	700 400 007
	Stated ofter charging the following:	<u>745,746,100</u>	762,123,827
	Stated after charging the following:		
	Directors' remuneration	84,248,500	76,952,980
	Auditor's remuneration	4,300,000	3,900,000
24.	OTHER INCOME		
		2023	2022
		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
	Interest income	38,932,472	8,336,014
	Other store income and commission	44,524,049	41,026,155
	Rental income	23,544,552	23,064,687
	Discount on short term investment	<u> </u>	591,986
		107,001,073	73,018,842
25.	FINANCE COSTS		
		2023	2022
		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
	Bank charges and interest	25,429,862	25,621,529
	Credit card commission	52,725,748	45,576,714
	Gain on foreign exchange	(24,457,448)	(107,715)
	Loan interest	32,974,603	24,982,945
	Fair value loss on short term investments	6,778,669	2,456,639
	Interest expense on right of use asset	77,082,216	87,540,575
	Loss on foreign exchange (IFRS 16)	25,442,635	32,516,777
		<u>195,976,285</u>	218,587,464

#### **FONTANA LIMITED** NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **AS AT JUNE 30, 2023**

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 26. TAXATION CHARGE

(a) Income tax charge is computed based on the profits for the financial year ended June 30, 2022. The Company's enlistment on the Jamaica Stock Exchange Junior Market effective January 8th, 2019 entitles the Company to a 100% remission of income tax for the first (five) 5 years and fifty percent (50%) remission for the following five (5) years, providing that it adheres to the rules and regulations of the Jamaica Stock Exchange Junior Market.

Deferred taxation is computed at 25% for the financial year based on the applicable income tax rate for unregulated companies

rate for unregulated companies.			
The taxation charge is made up as follows:			
	2023	2022	
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	

		<u>v</u>		$\overline{\Lambda}$	
	Deferred: Origination and reversal of temporary differences	1,568,789		10,356,499	
		<u>1,568,789</u>		10,356,499	
(b)	Reconciliation of effective tax rate and charge:				
		2023		2022	
		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	
	Profit before taxation	656,770,888		616,555,205	
	Computed tax charge	164,192,722	25%	154,138,801	25
	Taxation differences between profit for				
	financial statements and tax reporting purpos	es on:			
	Depreciation and capital allowances	2,759,796	0%	803,127	0
	Disallowed expenses	16,829,395	3%	(13,133,838)	-2
	Foreign exchange gain	(10,524,998)	-2%	11,006,188	2
	Remission of income taxes	(171,688,126)	-26%	(142, 457, 779)	-23

#### 27. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Actual tax rate and charge

The calculation of earnings per share is based on the profit after taxation and the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year.

1,568,789

10,356,499

	2023 <u>\$</u>	2022 \$
Net profit attributable to shareholders Weighted average number of shares in issue	655,202,099 1,249,374,825	606,198,706 1,249,374,825
Basic earnings per stock unit	0.52	0.49



#### **FONTANA LIMITED**

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023**

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 28. PROFIT BEFORE INTEREST AND TAXATION

Related companies (see note 9)

	2023 <u>\$</u>	2022 <u>\$</u>
Net profit for the year	655,202,099	606,198,706
Current period taxation		
Profit before interest	656,770,888	616,555,205
Interest expense	<u>32,974,603</u>	24,982,945
Profit before interest and taxation	689,745,491	641,538,150

#### 29. RELATED PARTIES

(a) Balances between the Company and its related company:

2023	2022
<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
5 707 400	7.0.10

The	Company's statement of comprehensive	income includes	the following
tran	sactions, undertaken with related parties in the	ordinary course of b	usiness:
		2023	2022
		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
(b)	Rental expense - Fontana Properties Limited	59,311,590	46,299,000
	Transactions with key management personne - Directors' remuneration	el: <u>84,248,500</u>	76,952,980

#### STAFF COSTS

The number of employees at the end of the year was as follows

number of employees at the end of the ye	ai was as ioliows.	
	2023	2022
Permanent	470	413
The aggregate payroll costs for these per	sons were as follows:	
	2023	2022
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Salaries and profit related pay	801,152,581	622,470,252
Statutory payroll contributions	102,390,184	79,297,448
	903,542,765	701,767,700

#### 31. DIVIDEND

The Company, at two (2) special board of directors' meetings held on November 10th, 2022 and June 8th 2023, declared total dividend of \$374,812,448 (2022: \$249,874,965) in two instalments, payable on November 25th, 2022 and July 5th, 2023, to shareholders on record as at November 24th, 2022 and June 20th, 2023, respectively.

#### FONTANA LIMITED

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30. 2023**

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### (a) Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk
- Cash flow risk

The Board of Directors, together with senior management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company in order to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

#### Credit risk: (i)

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's principal financial assets are cash and cash equivalents and trade receivables.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The credit risk on cash and bank deposits is limited as they are held with financial institutions with high credit ratings.

#### Trade receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristic of each customer. Management has a credit policy in place to minimise exposure to credit risk. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit. Management's policy is to provide for balances based on past default experience, current economic conditions and expected recovery. The impairment requirements of IFRS 9 are based on an Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model. The guiding principle of the ECL model is to reflect the general pattern of deterioration or improvement in the credit quality of financial instruments.

For trade receivables and contract assets that do not have a financing component, it is a requirement of IFRS 9 to recognize a lifetime expected credit loss. This was achieved in the current year by the development and application of historical data relating to trade receivables and write-offs, as well as forecasting payment probabilities.

The company estimates expected credit losses (ECL) on trade receivables using a provision matrix based on historical credit loss experience as well as the credit risk and expected developments for each group of customers. The following table provides information about the ECL's for trade receivables as at the year end.

2022

Aging	Gross Carrying Amount	Weighted Average Loss Rate	Lifetime ECL Allowance
Current	26,307,404	0.48	1,138,895
31-60 days	4,147,148	0.08	1,016,135
61-90 days	2,936,905	0.05	1,693,685
91 days and over	<u>21,221,371</u>	0.39	3,835,412
Total	<u>54,612,828</u>		<u>7,684,127</u>



(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (a) Financial risk management (cont'd):

#### (i) Credit risk (cont'd):

Trade receivables (cont'd).

	2022	
Gross	Weighted	
Carrying	Average Loss	Lifetime ECL
Amount	Rate	Allowance
11,648,720	0.30	1,158,424
11,307,468	0.29	1,003,766
1,852,596	0.05	1,252,214
14,429,072	0.37	5,202,802
39,237,856		8,617,206
	Carrying Amount 11,648,720 11,307,468 1,852,596 14,429,072	Gross Weighted Carrying Average Loss Amount Rate 11,648,720 0.30 11,307,468 0.29 1,852,596 0.05 14,429,072 0.37

#### (ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company.

Management aims at maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an amount of committed facilities. The management maintains an adequate amount of its financial assets in liquid form to meet contractual obligations and other recurring payments.

The following are the contractual maturities of the non-derivative financial liabilities, including interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flow	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year
	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 2023:	_	_	_	_
Lease liabilities	1,048,626,677	1,048,626,674	89,614,467	959,012,207
Trade and other payables	1,084,553,378	1,084,553,378	1,084,553,378	-
Bond payable	494,697,640	560,000,000	30,000,000	530,000,000
Bank loans payable	35,990,788	40,476,746	14,170,966	26,305,780
	2,663,868,483	2,733,656,798	1,218,338,811	1,515,317,987
June 30, 2022:				
Lease liabilities	1,128,697,332	1,128,697,332	103,164,558	1,025,532,774
Trade and other payables	686,530,229	686,530,229	686,530,229	
Bond payable	493,182,680	590,000,000	30,000,000	560,000,000
Bank loans payable	56,082,883	56,082,883	40,100,212	15,982,671
	2,364,493,124	2,461,310,444	859,794,999	1,601,515,445

#### (iii) Market risk

Market risks is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, and interest rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

#### Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

#### FONTANA LIMITED

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (a) Financial risk management (cont'd):

#### (iii) Market risk (cont'd):

The Company contracts material financial liabilities at fixed interest rates for the duration of the term. When utilized, bank overdrafts are subject to fixed interest rates which may be varied by appropriate notice by the lender. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, there were no financial liabilities subject to variable interest rate risk.

Interest-bearing financial assets comprises of bank deposits, which have been contracted at fixed interest rates for the duration of their terms.

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not hold any fixed rate financial assets that are subject to material changes in fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting dates would not affect profit or equity.

#### Foreign currency risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Company is exposed to significant foreign currency risk, primarily on purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the Jamaican dollar. Such exposures comprise the monetary assets and liabilities of the Company that are not denominated in that currency. The main foreign currency risks of the Company are denominated in United States dollars (US\$), which is the principal intervening currency for the Company.

The Company jointly manages foreign exchange exposure by maintaining adequate liquid resources in appropriate currencies and by managing the timing of payments on foreign currency liabilities.

The table below shows the Company's main foreign currency exposure at the reporting date.

		2023			2022		
	US\$	CND\$	GBP\$	US\$	CND\$	GBP\$	
Cash and cash	4,452,253	25 167	9.940	5,339,213	20,806	0.266	
equivalents Trade and other	4,452,255	35,167	9,940	5,559,215	20,600	9,366	
receivables	25,140	-	-	42,244	-	-	
Lease liabilities	(6,812,139)	-	-	(6,812,134)			
Trade and other payables	(928,758)	(164,859)	-	(649,888)	(52,642)	_	
Net exposure	(3,263,504)	(129,692)	9,940	(2,080,565)	(31,836)	9,366	
						<i>A</i>	

#### Sensitivity analysis:

A strengthening of 1% (2022: 1%) of the Jamaica dollar against the currencies indicated above at June 30 would have increased the Company's profit by \$5,155,115 (2022: \$3,152,974).

A weakening of 4% (2022: 4%) of the Jamaica dollar against the currencies indicated above at June 30 would have decreased the Company's profit by \$20,620,461 (2022: \$12,611,896).

This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

4. It's Ali GOOD Inside!



(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (a) Financial risk management (cont'd):

#### (iv) Cash flow risk

Cash flow risk is the risk that future cash flows associated with a monetary financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company manages this risk through budgetary measures, ensuring, as far as possible, that fluctuations in cash flows relating to monetary financial assets and liabilities are matched, to mitigate any significant adverse cash flows.

#### (b) Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to comply with capital requirements, safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of its business. The Company achieves this by retaining earnings from past profits and by managing the returns on borrowed funds to protect against losses on its core business.

# FONTANA LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (a) Financial risk management (cont'd):

#### (iii) Market risk (cont'd):

The Company contracts material financial liabilities at fixed interest rates for the duration of the term. When utilized, bank overdrafts are subject to fixed interest rates which may be varied by appropriate notice by the lender. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, there were no financial liabilities subject to variable interest rate risk.

Interest-bearing financial assets comprises of bank deposits, which have been contracted at fixed interest rates for the duration of their terms.

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not hold any fixed rate financial assets that are subject to material changes in fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting dates would not affect profit or equity.

#### Foreign currency risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Company is exposed to significant foreign currency risk, primarily on purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the Jamaican dollar. Such exposures comprise the monetary assets and liabilities of the Company that are not denominated in that currency. The main foreign currency risks of the Company are denominated in United States dollars (US\$), which is the principal intervening currency for the Company.

The Company jointly manages foreign exchange exposure by maintaining adequate liquid resources in appropriate currencies and by managing the timing of payments on foreign currency liabilities.

The table below shows the Company's main foreign currency exposure at the reporting date.

	2023			2022				
	US\$	CND\$	GBP\$	US	\$	CND\$	GBP\$	
Cash and cash								
equivalents	4,452,253	35,167	9,940	5,339	9,213	20,806	9,366	
Trade and other	05.440			40				
receivables	25,140	-	-	42	2,244	-	-	
Lease liabilities Trade and other	(6,812,139)	-	-	(6,812	,134)			
payables	(928,758)	(164,859)	-	(649	,888)	(52,642)	-	
Net exposure	(3,263,504)	(129,692)	9,940	(2,080	,565)	(31,836)	9,366	

Sensitivity analysis:

A strengthening of 1% (2022: 1%) of the Jamaica dollar against the currencies indicated above at June 30 would have increased the Company's profit by \$5,155,115 (2022: \$3,152,974).

A weakening of 4% (2022: 4%) of the Jamaica dollar against the currencies indicated above at June 30 would have decreased the Company's profit by \$20,620,461 (2022: \$12,611,896).

This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.



# **NOTES**

It's All GOOD Inside!



Mandeville, Manchester

#### **FORM OF PROXY**

I/We	of	
in the Parish of	being member/me	mbers of the above named
company hereby appoint		
of	or failing him/her	of
	as my/our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our be	half at the Annual General
Meeting of the Company to be he	eld at a venue and date to be announced.	

RESOLUTIONS		FOR	AGAINST
Resolution No. 1	Adoption of Directors and Auditors Report, Financial Statement for year ended <b>June 30, 2023</b>	Y	
Resolution No. 2	Directors retiring by rotation, be re-elected by a Single Resolution		
Resolution No. 3	Re-election of Directors Kevin O'Brien Chang, Jacqueline Sharp and Heather Goldson who are retiring by rotation		
Resolution No. 4	Ratify Interim Dividends paid on December 12, 2022		
Resolution No. 5	Ratify interim Dividends paid on July 05, 2023		
Resolution No. 6	Remuneration of Directors		
Resolution No. 7	To appoint Auditors and to authorize the Directors to fix the remuneration of the Auditors		
Signed this	day of	20	

#### NOTES:

Signature

- $\textbf{1.} \ An instrument appointing a proxy, shall, unless the contrary is stated thereon be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the$ meeting to which it relates and need not be witnessed.
- 2. If the appointer is a corporation, this form must be under its common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorized in writing.
- 3. In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior will be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of others, seniority being determined by the order in which the names appear on the register.
- 4. To be valid, this form must be received by the Registrar of the Company at the address given below not less than 48 hours before the time fixed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting.
- 5. The proxy form should bear stamp duty of One Hundred dollars (\$100.00) which may be in the form of adhesive stamp duly cancelled by the person signing the proxy form.

