

FORTEMAN PHARMACY

# **ANNUAL REPORT 2022**

It's All GOOD Inside!



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# 75 NOTES

Fontana's secret to success is our team of the most dedicated employees in the country.

Fontana's secret to success is our team of the most dedicated employees in the country.

ha ha ha ha

We continue to adhere to the fundamental principles instilled by our founders Bobby and Angela Chang: service, respect, family and community.

Fontana Pharmacy:



o offer the widest variety of goods at competitive prices, in a pleasant atmosphere with easy parking and above all, warm, friendly and efficient service. Our main business is satisfying customers.

By emphasizing communication, respect and teamwork, we strive to create a virtuous cycle:

appy employees	=	happy customers
appy customers	=	happy directors
appy directors	=	happy managers
appy managers	=	happy employees

H's All Good Inside!



# NOTICE OF ANNUAL General Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 2022 Annual General Meeting of FONTANA LIMITED will be held at Grand-A-View Restaurant and Event Place, 7 Queens Drive, Montego Bay, St. James on Wednesday January 18, 2023 at 11:00 a.m for the purpose of transacting the following business:

**1.** To receive the Audited Accounts for the year ended June 30, 2022 together with the reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.

The Company is asked to consider, and if thought fit, pass the following resolution:

## **Resolution No. 1**

**"THAT** the Audited Accounts for the year ended June 30, 2022, together with the reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon, be and are hereby adopted."

## 2. To elect Directors.

(i) In accordance with Regulation 105 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Directors retiring by rotation are Raymond Therrien and Anne Chang, who being eligible offer themselves for re-election.

The Company is being asked to consider, and if thought fit, pass the following resolutions:

## **Resolution No. 2**

**"THAT** Raymond Therrien, who is retiring by rotation in accordance with Regulation 105 of the Articles of Incorporation be and is hereby reelected as a Director of the Company."

## **Resolution No. 3**

"THAT Anne Chang, who is retiring by rotation in accordance with Regulation 105 of the Articles of Incorporation be and is hereby re-elected as a Director of the Company."

## 3. To ratify interim dividends

The Company is asked to consider, and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution:

## **Resolution No. 4**

That the interim dividend of 10 cents per share paid on December 14, 2021 be and is hereby ratified.

## **Resolution No. 5**

That the interim dividend of 10 cents per share paid on June 24, 2022 be and is hereby ratified.

4. To approve the Remuneration of the Directors. The Company is asked to consider, and if thought fit, pass the following resolution:

## **Resolution No. 6**

"THAT the amount shown in the Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30. 2022 as fees of the Directors for their services as Directors, be and are hereby approved."

## 5. To appoint Auditors and to authorize the Directors to fix the remuneration of the Auditors.

The Company is asked to consider, and if thought fit, pass the following resolution:

#### **Resolution No.7**

"THAT the remuneration of the Auditors, CrichtonMullings & Associates, who have signified their willingness to continue in office, be such as may be agreed between the Directors of the Company and the Auditors."

By Order of the Board

Denise Douglas

**Company Secretary** September 30, 2022

Registered Office Manchester Shopping Centre Mandeville, Manchester

#### NOTE:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint a proxy, who need not be a member, to attend and so on a poll, vote on his/her behalf. A suitable form of proxy is enclosed. Forms of Proxy must be lodged with the Registrar of the Company, Jamaica Central Securities Depository, 40 Harbour Street, Kingston not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- 2. A Corporate shareholder may (instead of appointing a proxy) appoint a representative in accordance with Regulation 78 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation. A copy of Regulation 78 is set out on the enclosed detachable proxy form.



# CHAIRMAN'S Message



he story is less clear in the east, with the world's manufacturing giant, China, still subject to massive lock downs at the slightest threat of a flare up. As such it might be premature to say the world is beginning to return to normal, after almost 3 years of unprecedented disruptions.

Indeed the last 12 months have seen a new threat to the global economy, namely inflation, which has surged to levels not seen for forty years. The Bank of Jamaica however has done an excellent job of keeping Jamaican inflation within a reasonable band of US inflation, avoiding the runaway price increases that have severely impacted a number of other countries.

<b>12 MONTH INFLATION</b>	US	JAM
<b>JUNE 2022</b>	<b>9</b> .1%	<b>10.9%</b>
<b>JUNE 2021</b>	5.4%	4.3%

This has in turn kept the Jamaican to US Dollar exchange rate relatively stable. Especially in a world context where many large economies, including the UK and China, has seen their currencies hit record lows against the US Dollar.

<b>\$US-\$JA EXCHANGE RATE</b>			
JUNE 2022	153.09		
JUNE 2021	150.15		

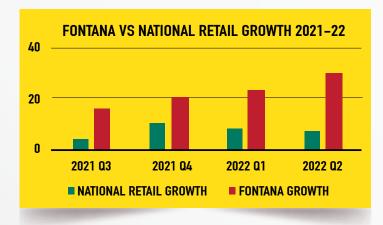
Against this backdrop, Fontana has, produced excellent results over the last fiscal year.

Revenues for the past year were up to \$6.3 billion, compared to \$5.3 billion in the previous year, a 22.6% increase. This compares very favourably with the 7.9% increase in the overall retail and wholesale sector.

The table and chart below show Fontana's sales growth per quarter compared with the PIOJ growth estimate for Wholesale & Retail Trade from July 2021 to June 2022.

FONTANA VS JAMAICA RETAIL GROWTH

JULY 2021 – JUNE 2022		
Foilana PHARMACY	JAMAICA Retail Growth%	FONTANA Revenue Growth%
JUL - SEP 21	4.4	16.5
OCT - DEC 21	10.6	20.6
JAN - MAR 22	8.8	23.5
APR -JUN 22	7.6	29.8



Gross profit was \$2.3 billion, or 16% higher than the \$1.9 billion recorded in the prior year. Net profits increased by 18.3%. from \$512 million to \$606 million.

Cash flows improved by 74%, and cash balances continue to grow as revenues increased across all stores. This was bolstered by the proceeds from our December 2021 bond issue for CAPEX and expansion. Shareholder equity grew by \$356 million, an increase of 19.7% over last year,

enabling Fontana to make two dividend payments totaling \$250 million during the year.

Net Assets increased by 30.9% mainly due to careful inventory management as we continued to battle logistics and global supply chain challenges in procurement.

Unfortunately, covid complications again forced us to postpone the upgrading of our current Point of Sale and Accounting Systems to a modern state-of-the-art integrated system, which we feel will create significant improvements in both customer service and back-office efficiency.

We are very pleased that we can again say this year was Fontana's most successful year to date, as we surpassed the \$6 billion revenue mark for the first time.

We acknowledge the contribution of our Board of Directors who enthusiastically serve with invaluable experience and sound insight. To our Senior Managers, your relentless commitment to executing our strategic objectives by overseeing the efficient running of our operations is recognized and appreciated. To our team members your hard work and dedication made this year such a success. We express heartfelt thanks to you all.

To our valued clients and shareholders, we remain dedicated to providing you with value over the long term. Thank you for sticking with the company where It's All Good Inside.

Fontana Pharmacy: It's ALL Good Inside!

Kevin O'Brien Chang,

Director | Chairman

Anne Chang Director | CF



Executive Director / Chief Operating Officer



## **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

The Directors' are pleased to present this report for the financial year ended June 30, 2022.

	\$
Profit before taxation	616,333,205
Taxation credit/(charge)	(10,356,499)
Net profit for the year	606,198,706
Earnings per share	0.49¢
DIVIDENDS	

The Directors recommended that the interim dividends of 10 cents paid on December 14, 2021 and 10 cents paid on June 24, 2022 be ratified by the shareholders in general meeting.

## **THE BOARD**

The Directors as at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Bobby Chang	<b>Raymond Therrien</b>
Kevin O'Brien Chang	Jacqueline Sharp
Anne Chang	Heather Goldson

In accordance with Regulation 105 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Directors retiring by rotation are Raymond Therrien and Anne Chang, who being eligible for re-election, offer themselves for re-election.

## AUDITORS

Crichton Mullings & Associates, the retiring Auditors, has indicated their willingness to continue in office and their re-appointment will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The Directors wish to place on record their appreciation for and recognition of the dedicated efforts and hard work of the management and staff during the year.

By Order of the Board Raymond Therrien.

Executive Director/ Chief Operating Officer



A manager is not a person who can do the work better than his team; he is a person who can get his team to do the work better than he can.



BOBBY CHANG Chairman Emeritus

Shingue (Bobby) Chang is the co-founder of Fontana Pharmacy. He has a wealth of knowledge and over 60 years of success in Retail. After 10 years of operating a supermarket in Christiana, Bobby and his late wife, Angela started Fontana Pharmacy in November 1968 at Manchester Shopping Centre. From the start they stressed the importance of always putting the customer first, empowering employees and having a personal relationship with key staff members.

This approach contributed to Fontana's success. Bobby remains a well-informed "éminence grise" whose calm counsel and past experience provide him with the knowledge to continue to guide key strategic decisions.





KEVIN O'BRIEN CHANG Executive Director / Chairman

Kevin O'Brien Chang is the Chairman of the Company. On his return home from Canada in 1989 he oversaw the growth of the original Fontana location in Mandeville, which became the then largest pharmacy in Jamaica. Kevin also spearheaded the opening of Fontana Montego Bay in 1994 and Fontana's transformation from a local to a national business.

Kevin holds a BSc in Statistics and an MBA from the University of Toronto. Before returning to Jamaica, he was Marketing Systems Manager at Mastercraft Group Development in Toronto and Ottawa Canada, where he transformed their customer marketing presentation systems.

He has written two books on Jamaica - 'Reggae Routes: the Story of Jamaican Music' and 'Jamaica Fi Real: Beauty Vibes and Culture'. He has written columns for the Jamaica Observer and the Jamaica Gleaner since 1998 and regularly appears on radio and television as a public affairs commentator.



Executive Director, **Chief Executive Officer** 

Anne Chang is the Chief Executive Officer and has been a director of the Company for the past 22 years. She has oversight of local and foreign purchasing, supplier relations and marketing. Anne has also been integral in establishing Fontana's social media footprint in Jamaica as well the Customer Reward Programme that now boasts over 120,000 members and confirms Fontana as the premier Jamaican beauty destination for women of all ages.

Prior to joining Fontana, Anne was a senior executive at Bell Canada Inc, Canada's largest telecommunications company for 10 years holding several key positions in Operator Services, Bell retail centres, Finance and Consumer Marketing.

**Anne,** who is currently a member of the board of Fairfield International Academy in Montego Bay, holds a Honors Bachelor of Commerce degree with a major in marketing from M<sup>c</sup>Master University.



**Executive Director**, **Chief Operating Officer** 

Raymond (Ray) Therrien is the Chief Operating Officer of the Company and has been a Director of Fontana Limited for the past 22 years. Ray oversees all aspects of Finance for the organization. His main responsibilities are overseeing the day-to-day operations of the organization with key areas of focus being the pharmacy department and logistics for all overseas purchasing.

He has been instrumental in the expansion of the Fontana brand in Montego Bay, Sav La Mar, Ocho Rios and Kingston. Prior to joining Fontana, Ray held senior sales and marketing roles for some of Canada's largest pharmaceutical companies including Sanofi Aventis and Roche.

Mr. Therrien holds a BSc in Mathematics from M<sup>c</sup>Master University, Hamilton, Canada. Mr. Therrien sits on the boards of IronRock Insurance as well as Fairfield International Academy in Montego Bay.

HEATHER GULDSON

Independent Non-Executive Director

Heather Goldson is the Deputy CEO of Supreme Ventures Services Limited, a subsidiary of Supreme Ventures Limited and the Chief Marketing Officer for the Supreme Ventures group. Prior to this role, she held the position of Regional Marketing Director for Scotiabank's English and Spanish operations across 19 countries in the Caribbean, having held several leadership positions in the company over her 12 years with the bank. **Heather** led the transition of the Caribbean's marketing portfolio from Scotiabank's Toronto head office to the Jamaican operations under her leadership. Before joining Scotiabank, she held senior marketing positions with the Digicel Group as Head of Marketing for Jamaica and supported roll out operations in St. Lucia and Barbados.

Heather currently sits on the Boards of Key Insurance Ltd and is a member of the Corporate Governance Committee, the Supreme Ventures Foundation where she acts in the capacity of Executive Director, and Chain of Hope Jamaica Ltd. She has given of her time to several notfor-profit entities including the board of the Digicel Foundation, the Scotiabank Foundation, GC Foster College and has headed the Marketing and PR Committee of the Jamaica Football Foundation Board. Heather holds a Bachelors degree in Business Administration from Florida International University.

and Compensation Committees Jacqueline (Jackie) Sharp is a director of her family's business, Coffee Traders Limited. She has over 26 years of experience in the financial services industry in Jamaica, of which 20 years were spent with the Scotia Group. Jackie has led different divisions at Scotia. and her final role was Chief Executive Officer, where she led the profitable growth of the operations in Jamaica, with oversight of 4 other countries in the Caribbean.



Independent Non-Executive Director & Chairman of the Audit and Compliance

Jackie is also Vice-President of the Private Sector Organization of Jamaica and sits on the Board of Coffee Traders Limited. Clifton Mount Coffee Estate Limited, and Grace Kennedy Foods. Jackie holds a BSc. degree with honours in Accounting from UWI, is a CFA Charter Holder and has successfully completed the CPA examinations. She has also completed Executive Education programmes at Richard Ivev Business School in Canada and Duke University, USA.

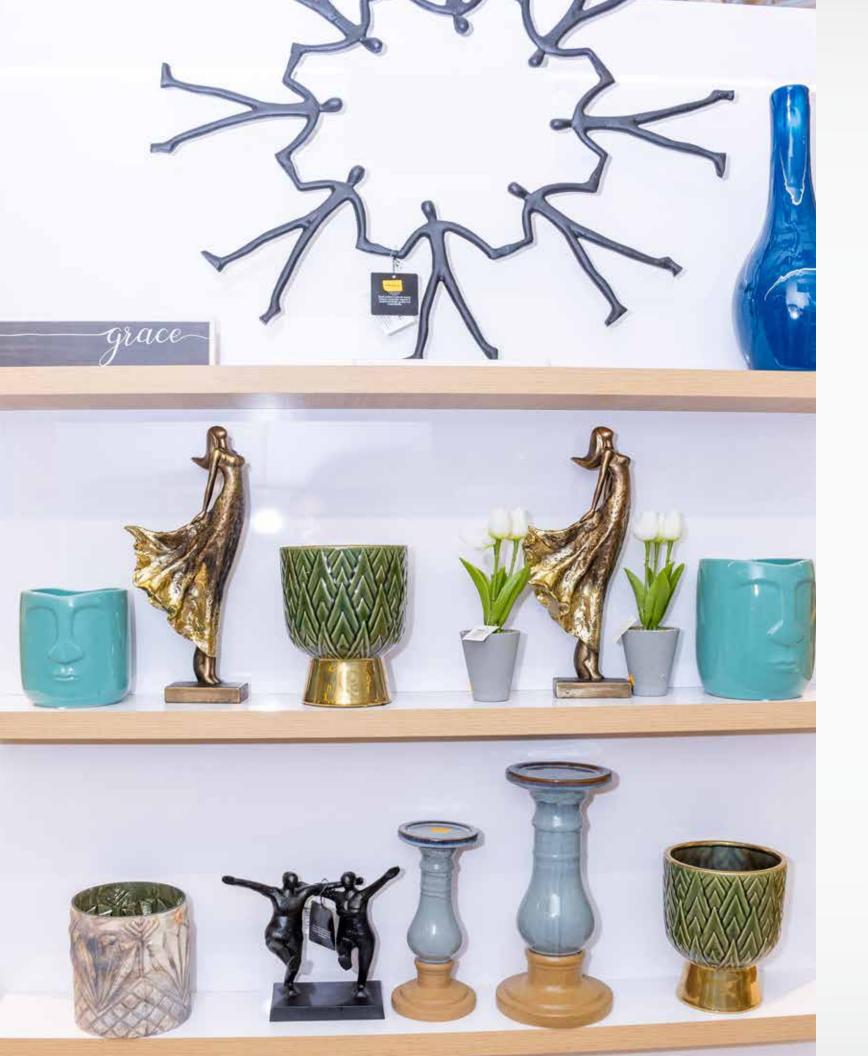


DENISE DOUGLAS **Company Secretary** 

**Denise Douglas** is the Company Secretary and has the responsibility of providing regulatory compliance and corporate support services.

Denise began her career as a Secretary in 1983 working for companies such as Lascelles Merchandise Limited; Air Jamaica Limited; and Duke Corporation, PricewaterhouseCoopers.

Denise is a graduate of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. The Governance Institute (UK) since 2006. She is an Associate member of the Institute.





JUDALE SMITH **Chief Financial Officer** 



GEORGIA **BONNER** Human Resource Manager

# DAMIAN **ROBINSON** Inventory Manager



MONCIA **M<sup>c</sup>DOWELL** Pharmacy Manager



DAINA **DYER-DEGALE** Beauty Manager



STEPHANIE **SMITH** Marketing Manager



LANCELOT WHYTE Facilities & Project Manager





CAULENE **'PAT' FORBES** Store Manager Barbican





ALANAH JONES Special Project Manager





NICOLE **WATSON-CHANG** Store Manager Mandeville



Store Manager Montego Bay



RAEMOINA **CLARKE-WILLIE** Store Manager Savanna la Mar



TENA BODIE-MCINTOSH Store Manager Savanna la Mar



JANICE KERR Store Manager Ocho Rios



Store Manager Waterloo



SHARON CROOKS Store Manager Ocho Rios



Providing excellent customer service and working with your team will put you on the path to greatness.



THE LARGEST SHAR	EHOLDER	NO. OF STO	ICK UNITS	%HOLDING	
1. Burbank Holdi	ngs Limited	977,	,946,747	78.2749	
2. Astronomical H	loldings Limited	12,	830,000	1.0269	
3. Sagicor Select - ("Class C' Sha	Fund Limited res") Manufacturing & Distributi	on 10,	028,143	0.8027	
4. St. Elizabeth li	nternational Limited	9,	230,953	0.7388	
5. JCSD Trustee	Services Limited A/C#76579-0	2 8,	000,076	0.6403	
6. Jacqueline Sh	arp/Jason Sharp	7,	094,000	0.5678	
7. St. Elizabeth H	loldings Limited	5,	,319,000	0.4257	
8. Victory Island	Limited	5,	319,000	0.4257	
9. SJIML A/C 31:	19	5,	,210,875	0.4171	
10. Fontana Empl	oyee Share Trust	4,	366,124	0.83495	
SHAREHOLDERS OF DIRECTORS AND CONNECTED PARTIES As at june 30, 2022					
DIRECTOR	SHAREHOLDINGS	<b>CONNECTED PARTIES</b>	SHA	REHOLDINGS	

DIRECTOR	SHAREHOLDINGS	<b>CONNECTED PARTIES</b>	SHAREHOLDINGS	
Raymond Therrien		Burbank Holdings Limited	977,946,747	
Kevin O'Brien Chang		Burbank Holdings Limited Nicole Watson-Chang	977,946,747 745,850	
Shinque (Bobby) Chang		Burbank Holdings Limited	977,946,747	
Anne Chang		Burbank Holdings Limited	977,946,747	
Jacqueline Sharp	7,094,000	Jason Sharpe (Joint Holder)		
Heather Goldson	2,070,000	David L. Goldson (Joint Holder)		

## **SHAREHOLDERS OF OFFICERS AND CONNECTED PARTIES** AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

Denise Douglas	25,352
Judale Samuels-Smith	613,506

Good customer service is a key factor to running a successful business.

L

1000000

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Ryan M<sup>c</sup>Calla (Joint Holder)

APPROVED

Book your appointment

VACCINATION SITE

today for your FREE VACCINATION

Speak with an associate for details You must have an appointment to use this service



**—**ontana Pharmacy initially signed an agreement with the Ministry of Health and Wellness in • October 2021 and immediately launched their vaccination campaign. We became the leading private entity in the national battle against COVID-19, with the administration of over 7,200 injections to people across the island in our ongoing support of the governance structure contained in the Ministry of Health and Wellness' National COVID-19 Deployment and Vaccination Interim Plan. We were later able to secure a grant from the United States Agency for International Development's (USAID) Local Health Systems Sustainability (LHSS) project, which bolstered our efforts to reduce strain on the public health sector.

We received a commendation from the Minister of Health and Wellness, Dr. the Hon. Christopher Tufton, for our consistent support, highlighting that our cross-sector collaborations have produced a far-reaching impact.

Gift Certificate

hospiter

We were able to facilitate the inoculation of some 3.761 at the Waterloo branch; 1,543 in Barbican; 1,493 at the Mandeville location; 272 in Montego Bay; 133 in Ocho Rios; and 61 in Savanna-La-Mar, with clients receiving their first, second, or booster shot of the AstraZeneca, Pfizer, or the single-dose Johnson & Johnson vaccine. As an added incentive, we also awarded each person vaccinated at any of the 6 locations a 10 per cent discount on their next purchase of whatever amount.

"The Fontana team has done a tremendous job in the distribution of the COVID-19 vaccines and has championed the message surrounding the importance for persons to get the vaccinated and get back to life. The numbers speak for themselves and is a testament to the impact we can have when we combine our efforts towards a common goal," Minister Christopher Tufton.



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99 Trust yourself that you

can do it and get it done.



he Board of Directors of **FONTANA** LIMITED is responsible for the effective governance of the Company.

They recognize that a sound corporate governance policy contributes to the creation of shareholder value and preserves confidence in the Company. Their main responsibility is to oversee the Corporate Affairs on behalf of the shareholders and to act as advisors to our management team in setting vision and strategy.

As of June 30, 2022, the Board of Directors is comprised of 1 Chairman Emeritus, 3 Executive Directors and 2 Independent Directors. The definitions of these directors are:

- Chairman Emeritus is a member of the board of directors who is engaged in volunteer or advocacy activities in his service on the board.
- An independent director is a member of the board of directors who does not engage in the day to day management but may be involved in policymaking and planning exercises. They are not related nor have any pecuniary relationship with the company, senior management or affiliate companies. The independent director does not own more than 3% of the voting shares of the company.

# Governance

• An executive director is a member of the board of directors who is heavily involved in the day to day management of the company.

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

**Bobby Chang - Chairman Emeritus** Kevin O'Brien Chang - Chairman **Anne Chang - Executive Director Raymond Therrien - Executive Director** Heather Goldson - Independent Director Jacqueline Sharp - Independent Director

We are pleased to advise that our board members are qualified, objective and committed. They possess certain key characteristics such as professionalism, integrity and strong leadership skills in their respective fields. The names of the directors and their qualifications are set out in the Directors' Profile section of this report.

### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Audit and Compliance Committee main responsibilities are to monitor the integrity of the financial statements of the company; to review the internal financial controls; to monitor and review the effectiveness of the internal audit function and to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and effectiveness of the audit process.

#### FONTANA LIMITED | ANNUAL REPORT | 2022

The Audit Committee also met four (4) times during the financial year.

The Chairman of the Audit and Compliance Committee is Mrs. Jacqueline Sharp and she joined the Board on December 4, 2018.

The Audit and Compliance Committee consists of 3 directors:

Jacqueline Sharp – Chairwoman Heather Goldson – Independent Director Raymond Therrien – Executive Director /COO

The Compensation Committee main responsibilities are to decide (subject to Board approval) the remuneration of Executive Directors; to monitor and review a Performance Management Scheme and to review the organizational structure and its salary ranges for all staff. The Chairman of the Compensation Committee is Mrs. Jacqueline Sharp and she joined the Board on December 4, 2018.

The Compensation Committee consists of 3 directors:

Jacqueline Sharp - Chairwoman Heather Goldson - Independent Director Anne Chang - Executive Director/CEO

The Members of the Committee and their attendance at the respective meetings for the 2021 financial year is reflected in the Table below:

PHARMACY It's All GOOD Inside!	ANNUAL General Meeting	BOARD Directors' Meeting	AUDIT Committee Meeting	COMPENSATION Committee Meeting
Number of meetings for the year	1	7	4	2
Bobby Chang	-	-	-	-
Kevin O'Brien Chang	1	7	-	-
Anne Chang	1	7	-	2
Raymond Therrien	1	7	4	-
Jacqueline Sharp	1	6	4	2
Heather Goldson	*	6	4	2

## TRAVEL EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT

All Directors will be reimbursed for reasonable travel expenses in connect with attendance at meetings of the Company's Board of Directors and its Committees

#### ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS

General meetings with shareholders are held annually and the meeting is structured to allow shareholders to give their input and have their queries answered.

#### **ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION**

The Company's Articles of Incorporation was not amended during the period under review.

The Corporate Governance Guidelines are available on the company's website at *www.fontanapharmacy.com* 



## **Fontana Limited** has emerged from two of the most challenging years in our history more resilient, bigger and better.

fter the historic record-breaking sales of the previous financial year, we are pleased to report even better financial results in this fiscal year 2022. The following Management Discussion and Analysis should be read in tandem with our 2022 audited financial statements and the accompanying notes included herein.

Revenues for the year ending June 30, 2022, were up to \$6.3 billion, representing a 23% increase over the \$5.3 billion of the previous year. This compares quite favourably with the 11% average growth over the past four quarters (April 2021 to March 2022) reported by Statin for the Wholesale & Retail trade sector. Profit before tax increased by 14% year over year, moving from \$541 million to \$616 million. Profit attributable to shareholders ended the year at \$606 million, an increase of 18.3% over the \$512 million earned in the previous year.

2022 PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW			
Revenue	J\$6.3B	1 23%	
PBT	J\$616.6M	14%	
NET Profit	J\$606.2M	18%	
Assets	J\$4.6B	31%	
Market Captialization	J\$12.7B	J\$7.5B in 2021	

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION

## **REVENUES AND GROSS PROFIT**

**REVENUES** Revenues for the year Revenues for the year were a record breaking were a record breaking \$6.3 billion. 23% а increase over previous year. The three larger stores continue to play a vital role in this increase. We continue to experience strong revenue growth in key departments - home décor, housewares, toys, cosmetics, and personal care - due to increased demand, expanded product offerings and significant inventory levels. There was growth in sales from our Ocho Rios and Montego Bay stores as the tourism industry began to recover from the fall off experienced during the heights of the Covid-19 pandemic. Our customer count grew by 9.6% to 1.7 million customer visits, reflecting continued strengthening of the Fontana brand.



Cost of goods sold as a percentage of sales grew slightly over prior year to 64% for this financial year. The global

#### FONTANA LIMITED | ANNUAL REPORT | 2022

supply chain challenges resulting in higher-than-normal distribution, shipping and freight charges continued to impact the cost of goods. In addition, there was higher growth in some of the lower margin SKUs. Despite this, gross profits grew by 16% over prior year to \$2.3 billion for this year.

#### **OPERATING EXPENSES**

Operating expenses grew by 15%, directly attributable to expanded operating hours as we returned to normal operations post curfews, and increased staff costs as we endeavored to reduce staff turnover. In addition, the



global impact of the war in Ukraine on the price of oil and the subsequent follow-on general inflationary impact affected our operating costs. Despite this, operating expenses as a % of sales declined from 25.2% last year to 23.6% this year, as a result of tight management of expenses and initiatives to improve efficiencies.

Operating profit over the period grew by 17% to \$761 million.

#### FINANCE COST AND FOREX MOVEMENTS

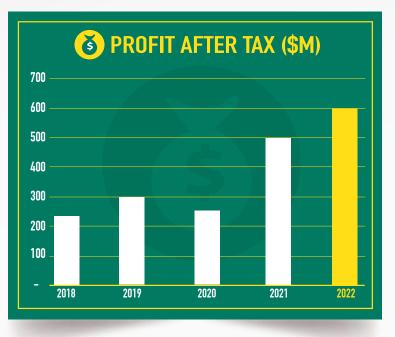
Finance costs increased by \$49.8 million over last year. The costs associated with the 6% Bond issued in December 2021 had a \$16 million impact on this total. With increased sales, there was a corresponding increase of \$9.6 million in card handling fees. The net impact of the IFRS 16 assessment on the expenses was \$44.6 million, which included a decline of \$75.4 million in administrative expenses (rent and depreciation) offset by the increase in finance costs (lease interest expense and loss on foreign exchange) of \$120 million.

#### **NET PROFIT**

The profit after tax increased by 18%, moving from \$512.3 million in the previous year to \$606.2 million this year. This resulted in an EPS of \$0.49 INCREASED BY versus \$0.41 for 2021, and a return on equity of 28% this year, same as \$606.2 MILLION last year.



Income growth and operational efficiencies have boosted earnings resulting in the growth in EBITDA.





## DIVIDENDS

The Board of Directors approved two dividend payments amounting to almost \$250 million during



the fiscal year, representing a 25% increase over the prior year. At a special board meeting held on November 18, 2021, a \$0.10 per share dividend was declared and paid on December 14, 2021. At another special board meeting held on May 25, 2022, an interim dividend of \$0.10 per share was declared with a payment date of June 24, 2022.

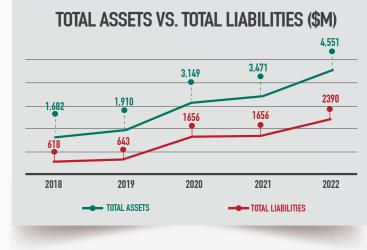
#### **FINANCIAL POSITION**

Net Assets increased by 31% mainly due to the growth in inventories to hedge against expected supply chain

challenges, deposits on the new POS system, additional right of use assets as well as cash balances (bolstered by the Bond issue).

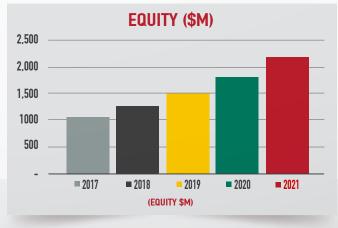


Net Equity grew by 20% year over year to \$2.162 billion due to profits earned during the year. The company has healthy financial ratios a debt-toequity ratio of 1.1 and a current ratio of 3.2. Return on assets and equity were 13% and 28% respectively.



#### LIQUIDITY

Our primary source of liquidity in 2022 included funds provided by operating activities (\$815m). Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$633 million, a 1143% increase over that of 2021. During the year, the company acquired fixed assets amounting to \$90.7 million, repaid loans of \$144.9 million, received net loan and bond proceeds of \$507 million and paid dividends amounting to \$249.9 million.





By June 2022, plans were far advanced for the leasing of additional warehousing space in Ferry, St. Catherine to support our expanding fleet of stores. The plans for the new Portmore store were also well underway with an expected opening date of Q3 2023.

As we gear up to welcome this expansion, our aim is to continually improve operational efficiencies. Our new integrated POS system is set to come on stream in October 2022. This promises a world class system with efficiencies for both customers and staff alike.

In the meantime, we will maintain our focus on providing an enviable level of inventory of quality products to our growing customer base. Fontana is arguably the most recognized brand in the pharmacy and retail space in Jamaica today, and with the warm and professional service we offer our customers, we are guaranteed to continue keeping our staff and other stakeholders happy and satisfied.



~	FIVE-YEAR Financial	6
1	tinancial	Review

## NCOME STATEMENT HIGHLIGHTS (J\$)

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenue	3 <mark>,417,735,335</mark>	3,701,807,336	4,509,856,155	5,151,940,367	6,343,076,888
change over prior year	9%	8%	22%	14%	23%
COGS	2,128,727,301	2,378,174,172	2,811,452,015	3,203,802,006	4,083,488,418
% of Revenue	62%	64%	62%	62%	64%
Gross Profit	1,289,008,034	1,323,633,164	1,698,404,140	1,948,138,361	2,259,588,470
change over prior year	6%	3%	28%	15%	16%
<b>Operating Expenses</b>	994,734,526	1,078,688,814	1,300,818,814	1,299,711,626	1,498,979,318
change over prior year	18%	8%	21%	0%	15%
Other Income	33,277,734	33,649,787	51,650,408	60,180,286	73,018,842
change over prior year	-11%	1%	53%	17%	21%
Finance Costs	24,488,001	8,329,088	185,344,733	167,225,554	217,072,789
change over prior year	-72%	-66%	2125%	-10%	30%
PBT	303,063,241	270,265,049	263,891,700	541,318,467	616,555,205
change over prior year	-6%	-11%	-2%	105%	14%
Taxation	55,756,882	(36,361,122)	(12,616,396)	29,054,189	10,356,499
Net Profit	247,306,359	306,626,171	276,508,096	512,327,278	606,198,706
change over prior year	-6%	24%	-9.8%	85.3%	18%
Ratios					
EPS (\$)	0.22	0.26	0.22	0.41	0.49
NP Margin (%)	7.2%	8.3%	6.1%	9.9%	9.6%
GP Margin (%)	38%	36%	38%	38%	36%

# **FINANCIAL POSITION HIGHLIGHTS (J\$)**

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Non-Current Assets	743,107,063	867,817,626	1,789,147,596	1,629,551,294	1,857,790,039
change over prior year	48%	17%	106%	-9%	14%
Current Assets	939,084,943	1,041,914,031	1,359,635,168	1,840,986,049	2,693,585,659
change over prior year	4%	11%	30%	35%	46%
Total Assets	1,682,192,006	1,909,731,657	3,148,782,764	3,470,537,343	4,551,375,698
change over prior year	20%	14%	65%	10%	31%
Non-Current Liabilities	136,199,964	12,132,212	1,013,762,537	954,097,541	1,560,022,103
change over prior year	-7%	-91%	8256%	-6%	64%
<b>Current Liabilities</b>	481,518,400	631,324,998	642,212,677	711,204,946	829,794,998
change over prior year	10%	31%	2%	11%	17%
Total Liabilities	617,718,364	643,457,210	1,655,975,214	1,665,302,487	2,389,817,101
change over prior year	5%	4%	157%	1%	44%
Equity	1,064,473,642	1,266,274,447	1,492,807,550	1,805,234,856	2,161,558,597
change over prior year	30%	19%	18%	21%	20%
Ratios					
Current Ratio	2.0	1.7	2.1	2.6	3.2
Debt to Equity	0.6	0.5	1.1	0.9	1.1
Inventory Turns Ratio	3.7	4.1	4.6	4.6	4.5
Return on Asset	15%	16%	9%	15%	13%
Return on Equity	23%	24%	19%	28%	28%



he role of Youth in nation-building or development is very important, and this is because the development of any nation lies in the future generation. At Fontana nation building, especially through our youth, has always been our focus. We aim to use our platform to support and collaborate with many stakeholders to make an impact on Jamaica.

We are committed to our fundamental principles: service, respect, family, and community; which have been imbued by our founders Bobby and Angela Chang.

Our Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is vital to how we deliver on our purpose. In this regard, Fontana gives back to its communities with various outreach activities and sponsorships throughout the year. As the COVID-19 cases have lessed month by month, we have been able to partner and support various activities and events.

We are happy to share some of the major activities and sponsorships that took place in the last 12 months.



# **JULY - SEPTEMBER**

- Rotaract Fundraising Raffle
- Unicycle School Uniform Initiative
- Friendship Kindergarten Sponsorship

## OCTOBER - DECEMBER

- Every Mikkle Mek A Mukkle
- Jamaica Constabulary Force Couples Retreat
- Yaad Hunt
- The National Tourism Debate Competition
- "The Psychology Of" TV show Sponsorship
- Salvation Army Christmas Kettle
- Western Regional Office of the Registrar General's Department
- Lucea Infant School Gift Certificate
- Zoo Lights Sponsorship Hope Zoo Findraiser
- WPYC Health & Wellness Fair
- Mustard Seed Jacob's Ladder
- IrieFM Christmas Treat
- Green Pond Church
- SOS Children's Villages and Glenhope Nursery
- Doctor's Cave Bathing Club
- Nursing Fraternity of Cornwall Regional Hospital
- Fontana Wishing Tree Initiative
- Barbican Treat

## **JANUARY - MARCH**

- The Kiwanis Club of Ocho Rios Spelling Bee 2022
- Bethel Baptist Church, Ash Wednesday Brunch
- L'acadco Awards Ceremony 2022
- Westwood High School
- Miss Utech Grand Coronation
- Unicycle School Uniform and Mask Initiative



99 A satisfied customer is the best strategy of all.



- Jamaica Day Creative Competition
- Westwood High School
- Utech School of Pharmacy Continuing **Education Webinar**
- The Caring for Miracles and Melina Brown Foundation "Gift of Life" Auction Event
- CARIMAC Aggrey Brown Lecture
- MOHW Cancer Screening Promotion

## **APRIL - JUNE**

- Portmore Vendor Association Plastic Drive
- Hope Zoo Easter Egg Hunt
- Make Your Mark Middle Manager's Conference
- Project Red Sanitary Napkin Drive
- Junior Chambers International Jamaica Blood Drive 2022
- Baywest Wellness Hospital & Clinic Health Fair
- JCDC Festival Queen Competition
- Teacher's Day Support from Campion's Student Council
- Suga Lifestyle's Mother's Day Pop Up Shop
- Makeup N Wine Make-up Class
- Development Bank of Jamaica
- Mandeville Art Fair
- Jamaica Library Service - St. Ann Parish Network
- Youth in Action Football School
- Social Development Foundation Community **Outreach Project**
- Beecher Town Primary School



- Independent Auditor<sup>3</sup>
- Statement of Financi

WE ARE CHANGING OUR REWARDS SOFTWARE

TO CREATE A NEW ACCOUNT

CLICK HERE

- Statement of Compression
- Statement of Change
- Statement of Cash F
- Notes to the Financia
- Form of Proxy
- Notes



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Rohan Crichton, CPA, CA, MADO Leary C. Mullings, CPA, CA, MBA senior sentner

Chartered Accountants Certified Public Accountants

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the members of FONTANA LIMITED

#### Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Fontana Limited (the "Company"), which is comprised of the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at June 30, 2022, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the requirements of the Jamaican Companies Act (the "Act").

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code). We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Cont. /2

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Independent Auditor's Report (cont'd)

## To the members of FONTANA LIMITED

Key audit matters (cont'd)

#### Key audit matters

#### 1) Carrying value of inventory

Inventory is reported at \$991.9 million represents 22% of total assets of the Company at June 30, 2022. The inventory consists of a la volume of small and seasonal items. Inherently, large volume of inventory creates a challenge management to conduct inventory cou throughout the year, which contributes to the ris inventory being materially misstated.

In determining the carrying value of invent management focuses on conducting period counts on high value departments from the over inventory.

	How the matter was addressed in our audit
and y as arge y the e for bunts sk of	<ul> <li>Our audit procedures to address the key audit matter relating to the carrying value of inventory included the following:</li> <li>Reviewing the Company's standard operating procedures, in order to assess the effectiveness of internal controls over inventory.</li> </ul>
tory, iodic rerall	<ul> <li>We observed stock counts at each of the Company's store locations. As a part of this process, we selected samples to conduct our independent counts at each store.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The samples from our stock counts were crossed checked against the inventory system and unresolved variances were extrapolated to the inventory population of each store.</li> </ul>
	Based on the procedures performed, an adjustment of \$3.53 million was made to the carrying value of inventory.

#### To the members of FONTANA LIMITED

Key audit matters (cont'd)

Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
2) <u>Goodwill impairment assessment</u>	
The Company has goodwill of \$165.46 million arising from the acquisition of the Barbican store operations, which represents 3.6% of the total assets as at the year end.	Our audit procedures to address the key audit matter relating to the impairment of goodwill assessment included the following: • We have reviewed management's
The annual impairment assessment requires management's judgement and estimation in determining estimated future earnings from the store, taking into consideration inflation rate, growth rate and other underlying assumptions.	assertions, including the identification of the underlying cash generating assets.
	• We have assessed and reviewed the store's historical performance and compared actual results to the approved budget. The analysis of the external and internal environments was taken into account in the assessment of the store's performance.
	Based on the procedures performed, management's assessment of goodwill impairment appears reasonable.

#### Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate with the Board of Directors.

Independent Auditor's Report (cont'd)

#### To the members of FONTANA LIMITED

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS and the Act, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company, or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is included in the Appendix to this auditor's report. This description, which is located at pages 5-6, forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Report on additional matters as required by the Act

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit. In our opinion, proper accounting records have been maintained, so far as appears from our examination of those records, and the financial statements, which are in agreement therewith, give the information required by the Act, in the manner required.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Leary Mullings.

Kingston, Jamaica August 29, 2022

Page 3

Crichton Mullings & Associates

Chartered Accountants

#### Page 5

## To the members of FONTANA LIMITED

#### Appendix to the independent auditor's report

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Independent Auditor's Report (cont'd)

## To the members of FONTANA LIMITED

## Appendix to the independent auditor's report (cont'd)

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate to them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matters or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

**FONTANA LIMITED** Statement of Financial Position

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Note	2022	2021
ASSETS		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Non-current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	742,696,132	716,424,433
Right of use asset	6	949,632,762	747,665,716
Intangible asset	7	165,461,145	165,461,145
	-	1,857,790,039	1,629,551,294
Current Assets			,
Inventories	8	991,859,876	835,761,847
Due from related parties	9	7,040,295	7,741,281
Due from directors	10	5,665,290	3,720,463
Trade and other receivables	11	194,228,415	133,473,836
Taxation recoverable	12	2,618,023	1,056,372
Cash and cash equivalents	13	1,492,173,760	859,232,250
	_	2,693,585,659	1,840,986,049
TOTAL ASSETS	_	4,551,375,698	3,470,537,343
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity			
Share capital	14	252,589,301	252,589,301
Accumulated surplus		1,908,969,296	1,552,645,555
		2,161,558,597	1,805,234,856
Non-current Liabilities			
Bond payable	15	493,182,680	-
Deferred tax liability	16	25,323,977	14,967,478
Non-current portion of lease liability Bank loans payable	6 17	1,025,532,775 15,982,671	796,095,303 143,034,760
Dank Ioans payable	· · · _		
Current Liabilities	_	1,560,022,103	954,097,541
	<u>^</u>		00 000 425
Current portion of lease liability Current portion of bank loans payable	6 17	103,164,557 40,100,212	86,692,435 43,284,916
Trade and other payables	18	686,530,229	577,516,884
Due to related parties	19	-	3,710,711
		829,794,998	711,204,946
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_	4,551,375,698	3,470,537,343
ADDOVED on babalf of the Board on	August 20		0,110,007,040

APPROVED, on behalf of the Board on August 29, 2022

Kig Clas

have Chang

Chairman

Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

**FONTANA LIMITED** 

AS AT JUNE 30. 2022 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

> Revenues Cost of sales Gross profit Administrative and other expenses Selling and promotion **Operating profit** Other income Finance costs Profit before taxation Taxation charge Net profit, being total comprehensive income for the year Earnings per share for profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year

Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Note		
		2022	2021
		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
	4	6,343,076,888	5,151,940,367
	20	(4,083,488,418)	(3,203,802,006)
		2,259,588,470	1,948,138,361
	21	(1,435,382,335)	(1,244,040,911)
	22	(63,596,983)	(55,670,715)
	23	760,609,152	648,426,735
	24	73,018,842	60,180,286
		833,627,994	708,607,021
	25	(217,072,789)	(167,225,554)
		616,555,205	541,381,467
	26	(10,356,499)	(29,054,189)
		606,198,706	512,327,278
e r	27	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.41

#### The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

FONTANA LIMITED Statement of Changes in Equity AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Share Capital ≸	Accumulated Surplus <u>\$</u>	Total <u>\$</u>
Balance at June 30, 2020	252,589,301	1,240,218,249	1,492,807,550
Transactions with owners:			
Dividends paid (note 31)	-	(199,899,972)	(199,899,972)
Net profit, being total comprehensive income for the year	<u> </u>	512,327,278	512,327,278
Balance at June 30, 2021	252,589,301	1,552,645,555	1,805,234,856
Transactions with owners:			
Dividends paid (note 31)	-	(249,874,965)	(249,874,965)
Net profit, being total comprehensive income for the year		606,198,706	606,198,706
Balance at June 30, 2022	252,589,301	1,908,969,296	2,161,558,597

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

FONTANA LIMITED Statement of Cash Flows AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Note	2022 <u>\$</u>	2021 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		¥	*
Profit before interest and taxation	28	641,538,150	555,701,928
Adjusted for: Depreciation on right of use asset Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Interest expense on right of use asset Amortization of bond issuance cost		133,274,840 64,477,189 87,540,575 757,480	92,098,761 65,441,559 65,541,946
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets: Inventories Due to related parties Trade and other receivables		927,588,234 (156,098,030) 700,986 (60,754,579) (4,561,650)	778,784,194 (185,159,332) 1,317,605 (39,164,656) (711,263)
Taxation recoverable Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities: Trade and other payables Due to directors		(1,561,650) 109,013,344 (3,710,711)	(711,363) 64,793,645 3,398,651
Net cash provided by operating activities		815,177,594	623,258,744
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(90,748,888)	(12,030,729)
Net cash used in investing activities		(90,748,888)	(12,030,729)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividends paid Net proceeds from the issue of a bond Proceeds from loans Repayment of loans Lease liability, net Directors' loans, net Interest paid		(249,874,965) 492,425,200 14,647,000 (144,883,793) (176,872,867) (1,944,826) (24,982,945)	(199,899,972) - (36,406,824) (102,967,623) 2,342,423 (14,320,461)
Net cash used in financing activities		(91,487,196)	(351,252,457)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of the yea CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of the year	ar	632,941,510 859,232,250 1,492,173,760	259,975,558 599,256,692 859,232,250
REPRESENTED BY: Short term investments Cash and bank deposits		601,351,157 890,822,603 1,492,173,760	46,441,365 812,790,885 859,232,250
<b>-</b>		41	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

FONTANA LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION

Fontana Limited (the "Company") is incorporated in Jamaica, under the Jamaican Companies Act (the "Act"). The Company is domiciled in Jamaica with its registered office at Manchester Shopping Center. Mandeville, Manchester.

The Company became listed on the Junior Market of the Jamaica Stock Exchange on January 08, 2019.

The principal activities of the Company are:

- (a) The buying and selling of pharmaceuticals, and
- (b) The retailing of associated products

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### Statement of Compliance (a)

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance and comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the relevant requirements of the Act.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are expressed in Jamaican dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS and the Act requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the year then ended. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods, if the revision affects both current and future periods.

There are no significant assumptions and judgements applied in these financial statements that carry a risk of material adjustment in the next financial year.

**FONTANA LIMITED** 

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

(b) Changes in accounting standards and interpretations:

Certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards have been published that became effective during the current financial year. The Company has assessed the relevance of all such new standards, interpretations and amendments and has concluded that the following interpretations and amendments are relevant to its operations:

The following new standards, amendments and interpretations, which are not yet effective and have not been adopted early in these financial statements, will or may have an effect on the Company's future financial statements:

- proposing changes to this amendment.

The Board of Directors anticipate that the adoption of the standards, amendments and interpretations, which are relevant to the Company in future periods is unlikely to have any material impact on the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

 IFRS 16 Amendment, 'Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond June 30 2021', issued in March 2021. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2021. The pronouncement amended IFRS 16 Leases to provide lessees with an exemption from assessing whether a COVID-19-related rent concession is a lease modification. On issuance, the practical expedient was limited to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021.

 IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements - Amendment', issued January 2020. Effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2022. These amendments clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the expectations of the entity or events after the reporting date (for example, the receipt of a waiver or breach of covenant). The amendments also clarify what IAS 1 means when it refers to the 'settlement' of a liability. The adoption of these amendments is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company.

 IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use - Amendment', issued May 2020. Effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2022. This amendment prohibits an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of PP&E any proceeds received from selling items produced while the entity is preparing its asset for the intended sale. Instead the entity will recognize such sale proceeds and related cost in profit and loss. It also clarifies that an entity is ' testing whether an asset is functioning properly' when it assesses the technical and physical performance of the asset. The financial performance of the asset is not relevant to this assessment. Entities must disclose separately the amounts and proceeds and costs relating to items produced that are not an output of the entity's ordinary activities.

 IAS 12 Amendment, 'Deferred tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a single transaction ', issued May 2021. Effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2023. These amendments require companies to recognize deferred tax on transactions that, on initial recognition give rise to equal amounts of taxable and deductible temporary difference.

 IAS 1 Amendment, Classification of liabilities as current or non-current, issued in July 2020. Effective for annual period beginning on or after January 1, 2024. These amendments clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the expectations of the entity or events after the reporting date. The amendment also clarifies what IAS 1 means when it refers to the 'settlement' of a liability. Note that the IASB has issued a new exposure draft

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

#### (c) Use of estimates and judgements:

The preparation of the financial statements to conform with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of, and disclosures relating to, assets, liabilities, contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the reporting date and the income and expenses for the year then ended. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) that have a significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with material uncertainty that have a significant effect on amounts in the financial statements or that have a significant risk of material adjustment in the next financial year are set out below:

(i) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies

For the purpose of these financial statements, prepared in accordance with IFRS, judgement refers to the informed identification and analysis of reasonable alternatives, considering all relevant facts and circumstances, and the well-reasoned, objective and unbiased choice of the alternative that is most consistent with the principles set out in IFRS.

Allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) on trade receivables (a)

> In determining amounts recorded for impairment of financial assets in the financial statements, management makes assumptions in determining the inputs to be used in the ECL measurement model, including incorporation of forward-looking information. Management also makes estimates of the likely estimated future cash flows of impaired receivables, as well as the timing of such cash flows recoverable on the financial assets in determining loss given default. Historical loss experience is applied where indicators of impairment are not observable on individual significant receivables with similar characteristics, such as credit risks.

(b) Net realizable value of inventories

> Estimates of net realizable value are based on the most reliable evidence available at the time the estimates are made, of the amount the inventories are expected to realize. These estimates take into consideration fluctuations of price or cost directly relating to events occurring after the reporting date, to the extent that such events confirm conditions existing at the reporting date.

> Estimates of net realizable value also take into consideration the purpose for which the inventory is held.

FONTANA LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

#### (c) Use of estimates and judgements (cont'd):

- - (c) Depreciable assets

Estimates of the useful life and the residual value of property, plant and equipment are required in order to apply an adequate rate of transferring the economic benefits embodied in these assets in the relevant periods. The Company applies a variety of methods in an effort to arrive at these estimates from which actual results may vary. Actual variations in estimated useful lives and residual values are reflected in profit or loss through impairment or adjusted depreciation provisions.

(d) Provision for obsolescence of inventory

Estimates of provision for obsolescence of inventory are based on the most reliable evidence available at the time the estimates are made, of the amount the inventories are expected to realize. Estimates of provision for obsolescence also take into consideration the purpose for which the inventory is held.

(ii) Key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

(a) Fair value estimation computation is done.

> IFRS requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level using the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

Level 1 liabilities Level 2

(i) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies (cont'd)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Market price is used to determine fair value where an active market exists as it is the best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument. The company's equities are the only financial instrument that is carried at fair value, also where fair value of financial instruments approximates carrying value, no fair value

Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or

Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).

**FONTANA LIMITED** Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

- (c) Use of estimates and judgements (cont'd):
  - (ii) Key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty (cont'd)
    - Fair value estimation (cont'd) (a)
      - Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The classification of an item into the above level is based on the lowest level of the inputs used that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement of the item.

The fair values of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market are deemed to be determined as follows:

The face value, less any estimated credit adjustments, for financial assets and liabilities with a maturity of less than one year are estimated to approximate their fair values. These financial assets and liabilities include cash and bank balances, loan, trade and other payables, due to director and related parties.

The carrying values of long term liabilities approximate their fair values, as these loans are carried at amortized cost reflecting their contractual obligations and the interest rates are reflective of current market rates for similar transactions.

#### Allowance for expected credit loss

The Company establishes a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The determination of the correlation between historical observed default rates. forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of the ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

# FONTANA LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30, 2022 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Property, plant and equipment All property, plant and equipment held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are recorded and carried at historical or deemed cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Except for buildings, which are carried at fair value less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied in the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be reliably measured.

The cost of day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of such assets. The rates of depreciation in use are:

Buildings	
Leasehold Improvements	5
Machinery and Equipment	nt
Furniture and Fixtures	
Signs	
Motor Vehicles	
Computers	

Assets are capitalized only when they are brought into use. While an asset is being constructed or is not yet available for use; the expenditure, including borrowing costs, is treated as advances, and is shown separately in the statement of financial position. Depreciation is not raised until an asset is brought into use.

#### (b) Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease if it conveys the right of use/control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the identified asset's use and to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from that use.

Leases are recognized as assets and liabilities unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value of less than US\$5.000 or its Jamaica dollar equivalent. The Company applies the short term lease recognition exemption to its short term leases (that is, those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, at the lease commencement date, i.e. the date at which the underlying asset is available for use by the Company. The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the remaining lease term.

2.5% 2.5% 10% 10% 10% 12.5% 22.5%

**FONTANA LIMITED** Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (b) Leases (cont'd)

#### Lease liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term.

The present value of lease payments, uses an incremental borrowing rate at the commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. The incremental borrowing rate corresponds to the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment, with similar terms and conditions.

#### Goodwill (C)

Goodwill is recorded at cost and represents the excess of the value of consideration paid at acquisition. Goodwill is carried at costs less impairment. The Company assesses goodwill for impairment on an annual basis or when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

#### (d) Investments

Investments held by the Company are either held to maturity or carried at fair value through profit and loss account. Investments are initially measured at cost. Held to maturity instruments are subsequently carried at amortized cost. Fair value instruments are initially measured at cost and subsequently at fair value.

Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value instruments are immediately recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Where fair value cannot be reliably measured. investments are stated at cost. The fair value of stock-exchange traded equities is their quoted bid price. Where a quoted market price is not available, the fair value of the instrument is estimated using pricing models or discounted cash flow techniques.

#### (e) Inventories

These are valued at the lower of cost, determined principally on the first-in first-out (FIFO) basis, and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### (f) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are stated at amortized cost.

Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired.

#### (g) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at amortized cost.

# FONTANA LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30. 2022 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash in hand and demand and call deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting shortterm cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

#### (i) Related party identification

A party is related to the Company if:

- (i) directly or indirectly the party:
  - controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the Company;
- has joint control over the Company.
- (ii) the party is an associate of the Company
- (iii) the party is a joint venture in which the Company is a venturer
- (iv) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Company
- referred to in (iv) or (v) above.
- or of any company that is a related party of the Company.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged.

#### (i) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of income tax currently payable and deferred tax.

(i) Current income tax

Current income tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustments to income tax payable in respect of previous years.

(ii) Deferred income tax

> Deferred income tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

- has an interest in the Company that gives it significant influence over the Company; or

(v) the party is a close member of the family of an individual referred to in (i) or (iv) above

(vi) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by, or for which significant coting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual

(vii) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the Company,

**FONTANA LIMITED** Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (k) Foreign currencies

The financial statements are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (its functional currency).

In preparing the financial statements of the Company, transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency, the Jamaican dollar, are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each reporting date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items and on the retranslation of monetary items, are included in the statement of comprehensive income for the period.

#### Revenue recognition (I)

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Revenue is recognized when control of goods passes to the customer, as contractual performance obligations are fulfilled.

#### (m) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it earns and incur expenses; whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Company's Chief Decision Maker ("CODM") who decides about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance; and for which discrete financial information is available.

Based on the information presented to and reviewed by the CODM, the operations of the Company are not segmented.

#### (n) Impairment

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than the carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized as an expense immediately.

**FONTANA LIMITED** Notes to the Financial Statements

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (n) Impairment (cont'd)

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as income immediately.

#### (o) Financial instruments

Financial instruments include transactions that give rise to both financial assets and financial liabilities. Financial assets and liabilities are recognized on the Company's position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized on the Company's statement of financial position when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transactions costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities (except for financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss where such costs are recognized immediately in profit or loss), as appropriate, on initial recognition.

#### Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. The Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. That is, whether the Company's objective is solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets or is to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable (e.g. financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified as part of 'other' business model and measured at FVTPL.

FONTANA LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (o) Financial instruments (cont'd)

#### Financial assets (cont'd)

#### Subsequent measurement

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

The Company's financial assets at amortized cost includes trade and other receivables, due from related parties and cash and bank balances.

#### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### Impairment

The Company recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) on the financial instruments measured at amortized cost. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12- month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For financial assets, the Company applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forwardlooking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

**FONTANA LIMITED** Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (o) Financial instruments (cont'd)

#### Financial assets (cont'd)

#### Impairment (cont'd)

The Company considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 180 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

#### Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

The Company's financial liabilities, comprising loans and accounts payable, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

#### Employee benefits (p)

Employee benefits are all forms of consideration given by the Company in exchange for services rendered by employees. These include current or short-term benefits such as salaries, bonuses, statutory contributions, vacation leave, non-monetary benefits such as medical care; post-employment benefits such as pensions; and other long term employee benefits such as termination benefits.

Employee benefits that are earned as a result of past or current service are recognized in the following manner:

- charged to expense.
- (q) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are measured at the directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

- Short-term employee benefits are recognized as a liability, net of payments made, and

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (r) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Borrowing costs are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (s) Dividends

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognized in shareholders equity in the period in which they are approved by the Board of Directors.

#### (t) Comparative information

Where necessary, comparative figures have been reclassified and or restated to conform to changes in the current year.

**FONTANA LIMITED** 

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

imption tax

consu

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and

rebates

discounts,

excluding

parties

third 1

sold to t

services

represent the value of goods and

REVENUES Revenues rep

4

	<u>Total</u> <u>\$</u>	1,088,033,611	1,100,064,340 90,748,888	1,190,813,228	318,198,348 65,441,559 383,639,907 64,477,189	448,117,096 742,696,132 716,424,433 769,835,263	
	Motor <u>Vehicles</u> <u>\$</u>	54,522,716 2 605 652	57,218,368 27,755,435	84,973,803	26,155,941 4,635,472 30,791,413 6,747,735	37,539,148 47,434,655 26,426,955 28,366,775	
	Sign <u>Drapes</u> <u>\$</u>	18,745,335	- 18,745,335 2,901,079	21,646,414	8,368,755 1,874,534 10,243,289 1,516,916	11,760,205 9,886,209 8,502,046 10,376,580	
Machinery	and Equipment \$	239,514,708	241,798,973 38,092,467	279,891,440	96,862,216 22,718,830 119,581,046 21,075,530	140,656,576 139,234,864 122,217,927 142,652,492	
	Computer <u>Equipment</u> <u>\$</u>	73,767,233 5 247 047	9,572,986	88,587,236	46,883,754 7,687,209 54,570,963 8,618,802	63,189,765 25,397,471 24,443,287 26,883,479	
Furniture	and <u>Fixtures</u> <u>\$</u>	240,227,388 1 364 845	241,589,233 5,835,189	247,424,422	95,444,926 17,042,701 112,487,627 16,874,715	129,362,342 118,062,080 129,101,606 144,782,462	
QUIPMENT	Leasehold Improvements \$	461,256,231	461,698,181 6,591,732	468,289,913	44,482,756 11,482,813 55,965,569 9,643,491	65,609,060 402,680,853 405,732,612 416,773,475	
5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPM		At Cost/Valuation: Balance at June 30, 2020 Additions	Additions Balance at June 30, 2021 Additions	Balance at June 30, 2022	Accumulated Depreciation: Balance at June 30, 2020 Charge for period Balance at June 30, 2021 Charge for period	Balance at June 30, 2022 Net Book Value: Balance at June 30, 2021 Balance at June 30, 2021 Balance at June 30, 2020	

Notes to the Financial Statements

**FONTANA LIMITED** Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

6. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET

**FONTANA LIMITED** Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 8. INVENTORIES

			Buildings		
	At Valuation Balance at July 1, 2021		<u>\$</u> 928,623,042		Inventories Goods in transit
	Additions Balance at June 30, 2022		335,241,886 1,263,864,928		Less: Provision for obsolescence
	Depreciation charge of right-of use asset Balance at July 1, 2021 Charge for period Balance at June 30, 2022 Net Book Value Balance at June 30, 2022		180,957,326 133,274,840 314,232,166 949,632,762	9.	<b>DUE FROM RELATED PARTIES</b> Fontana Employee Share Trust (i) Fontana Foundation
	Lease Liability: Non-current lease liability	2022 <u>\$</u> 1,025,532,775	2021 <u>\$</u> 796,095,303	10.	<ul> <li>(i) This represents funds advanced by employees during the Company's in</li> <li>DUE FROM DIRECTORS</li> </ul>
	Current lease liability Balance at June 30, 2022	<u>103,164,557</u> <u>1,128,697,332</u>	86,692,435 882,787,738		Due from directors Due to directors
7.	INTANGIBLE ASSET	2022 <u>\$</u>	2021 <u>\$</u>		These are unsecured interest free amounts, * Reclassified to conform with current year pr
	Goodwill at the end of the year	165,461,145	165,461,145		

Goodwill is an intangible asset which was acquired upon the acquisition of the Barbican store. The goodwill is assessed for any impairment losses on an annual basis.

2022	2021
<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
983,023,865	844,778,865
52,867,100	32,961,745
1,035,890,965	877,740,610
(44,031,089)	(41,978,763)
991,859,876	835,761,847
2022	2021
<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
6,397,298	7,600,306
642,997	140,975
7,040,295	7,741,281

by the Company to purchase shares on behalf of initial public offering.

2022 <u>\$</u>	2021 <u>\$</u>	
8,079,738 (2,414,448)	9,303,981 (5,583,518)	*
5,665,290	3,720,463	

ts, which have no fixed dates of repayment.

presentation.

**FONTANA LIMITED** Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30. 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Trade receivables	39,237,856	26,374,440
Less: expected credit loss	(8,617,206)	(6,215,372)
Net trade receivables	30,620,650	20,159,068
Other receivables	22,618,624	21,559,366
Deposit on assets (i)	93,119,822	62,732,363
Prepayments	30,459,257	19,642,031
GCT recoverable	740,320	301,266
Security deposits	16,669,742	9,079,742
	194,228,415	133,473,836

(i) This includes deposit on a new point of sale system of \$53,178,825 (2021: \$39,154,564), leasehold improvements and equipment for the Ferry Warehouse space in the amount of \$23,923,007 and design and lease payments for the development stages of Portmore location totaling \$16,017,990. Prior year deposit on solar project for the Waterloo location of \$23,577,799 was capitalized during the year.

#### 12. TAXATION RECOVERABLE

1

1

12.				
		2022	2021	
		\$	\$	
	Taxation recoverable at beginning of year	1,056,372	345,008	
	Withholding tax recoverable during the year	1,561,650	711,364	
	Taxation recoverable at the end of the year	2,618,022	1,056,372	
	Taxation recoverable at the end of the year	2,010,022	1,000,072	
13.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
		2022	2021	
		\$	\$	
	Term and demand deposits	590,996,633	606,192,970	*
	Foreign currency accounts	289,264,082	184,884,835	
	Short term investments	601,351,157	46,441,365	
	Cash balances	10,561,888	21,713,081	*
		1,492,173,760	859,232,250	
14.	SHARE CAPITAL	.,,		
14.	SHARE CAPITAL	2022	2024	
		2022	2021	
		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	
	Authorized: 2,664,999,860 ordinary shares			
	Issued and fully paid: 1,249,374,825 ordinary shares	252,589,301	252,589,301	-
		3 <u></u>	5	

(a) On December 4, 2018, at an extraordinary general meeting of the Company, by an ordinary resolution, the authorized share capital of the Company was increased from 15,003,000 to 40,003,000 in the first instance. The authorized ordinary shares of 40,003,000 were subdivided into 66.62 shares for every existing share, resulting in the authorized shares increasing to 2,664,999,860.

(b) The issued share capital was increased to 1,124,437,260 shares prior to the initial public offering ("IPO"). An additional 124,937,565 new shares were offered to the general public in the IPO on December 06, 2018.

(c) The proceeds of the sale of the 124.937.565 shares issued to the general public in December 2018 amounted to \$233,489,376 less transaction cost of \$10,906,075.

\* Reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

# FONTANA LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 15. BOND PAYABLE

Fixed and variable agreed rate unsecured senic Less: deferred bond issue costs

This represents a five (5) year unsecured long-term corporate bond from Scotia Investment Jamaica Limited. The bond attracts a fixed interest rate of 6% for year one (1) to year (3) and a variable rate of interest for years four (4) and five (5) and matures on December 14, 2026.

#### 16. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY

Certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 12. IAS 12 permits the offsetting of deferred tax assets and liabilities if the entity has a legal right to settle current tax amounts on a net basis and the deferred tax amounts are levied by the same tax authority on the same entity.

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial statement purposes:

#### Deferred tax liability

Deferred tax liability is attributable to the following

Property, plant and equipment Conversion of foreign currency

The movement during the year in the Company'

Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year

Balance at the end of the year

	2022 <u>\$</u>	2021 <u>\$</u>
or corporate bond	500,000,000 (6,817,320)	
	493,182,680	

	2022 \$	2021 <u>\$</u>		
	25,323,977	14,967,478		
ing:	2022 <u>\$</u>	2021 <u>\$</u>		
	14,798,979 10,524,998	7,720,683 7,246,795		
	25,323,977	14,967,478		
's deferred tax position was as follows:				
	2022 <u>\$</u>	2021 <u>\$</u>		
	14,967,478 10,356,499	(14,086,711) 29,054,189		

25,323,977

14,967,478

**FONTANA LIMITED** Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30. 2022 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 16. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY (CONT'D)

The movement during the year in the Company's deferred tax position was as follows:

	Opening balance	2022 Recognized in profit or loss	Closing balance
Property, plant and equipment Conversion of foreign currency	7,720,684 7,246,794	7,078,295 3,278,204	14,798,979 10,524,998
	14,967,478	10,356,499	25,323,977
	Opening balance	2021 Recognized in profit or loss	Closing balance
Property, plant and equipment Conversion of foreign currency	4,253,563 (18,340,274)	3,467,121 25,587,068	7,720,684 7,246,794
	(14,086,711)	29,054,189	14,967,478

**FONTANA LIMITED** Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 17. BANK LOANS PAYABLE

- a. BNS Motor Vehicle Loan b. BNS Energy Loan c. BNS Waterloo Capex
- d. BNS Van Loan
- e. BNS Motor Vehicle Loan
- f. BNS Motor Vehicle Loan
- g. BNS Van Loan

Total bank loans payable

Due in less than 12 months

Due in more than 12 months

- during the year.
- C. repaid, of which \$100m from the bond proceeds was utilized.
- d. to purchase a van.
- e. the loan was to purchase a motor vehicle.
- loan was to purchase a motor vehicle.
- g. was to purchase a motor vehicle.

2022	2021
<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
·	1,069,210
-	6,534,107
33,333,320	166,666,664
4,800,000	6,400,000
3,766,463	5,649,695
6,621,100	-
7,562,000	
56,082,883	186,319,676
(40,100,212)	(43,284,916)
15,982,671	143,034,760

a. This is a loan at a rate of interest of 8.5% per annum. The loan is repayable over thirtysix (36) months, in fixed monthly payments of \$152,738 plus interest. The purpose of the loan was to purchase a motor vehicle. The loan was repaid during the year.

b. This is a loan at a rate of interest of 6.75% per annum for the installation of solar panels to the Fairview Montego Bay location as part of our energy conservation project. The loan is repayable over fifty-four (54) months, including 6 months moratorium on principal payments, in fixed monthly payments of \$599,904 plus interest. The loan was repaid

This is a loan with a rate of interest of 6.75% per annum. The loan is repayable over sixty (60) months after disbursement, in fixed monthly payments of \$2,777,778 plus interest. The purpose of the loan was to pay off the bridge loan. During the year \$133.3m was

This is a loan at a rate of interest of 6.75% for years 1-2 and thereafter weighted average treasury bill yield currently 1.53237%, plus 6 for years 3-5. The loan is repayable over sixty (60) months, in fixed monthly payments of \$133,333. The purpose of the loan was

This is a loan at a rate of interest of 6.75% per annum. The loan is repayable over fortyeight (48) months, in fixed monthly payments of \$156,936 plus interest. The purpose of

f. This is a loan at a rate of interest of 7% per annum. The loan is repayable over forty-eight (48) months, in fixed monthly payments of \$147,605 plus interest. The purpose of the

This is a loan at a rate of interest of 7% per annum. The loan is repayable over sixty (60) months, in fixed monthly payments of \$126,033.33 plus interest. The purpose of the loan

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 18. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

10.			
		2022	2021
		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
	Trade payables	571,100,479	466,879,386
	Statutory liabilities	16,975,744	13,235,897
	Accrued salaries	12,732,416	19,206,295
	GCT payable	25,460,705	17,851,046
	Credit cards payable	26,819,629	50,848,888
	Accrued interest	1,150,685	-
	Other payables and accruals	32,290,571	9,495,372
		686,530,229	577,516,884
19.	DUE TO RELATED PARTIES		
		2022	2021
		\$	<u>\$</u>
	Fontana Properties Limited		3,710,711

These are unsecured interest free advances which were repaid during the year.

#### 20. COST OF SALES

	2022 \$	2021 <u>\$</u>
Opening inventories	835,761,847	650,602,515
Add: Net purchases	4,237,534,121	3,395,165,792
	5,073,295,968	4,045,768,307
Decrease / (increase) in inventory obsolescence	2,052,326	(6,204,454)
Closing inventories	(991,859,876)	(835,761,847)
	4,083,488,418	3,203,802,006

# **FONTANA LIMITED**

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022 (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 21. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Directors' renumeration Salaries Statutory contributions Casual labour Repairs and maintenance Staff welfare Electricity Staff pension Short term leases (see note 3b) Motor vehicle and travelling Insurance - general - life - health
Travel, entertainment and meals
Telephone, internet and postage
Printing and stationery
Strata plan maintenance
Staff uniform
Security
Subscriptions and donations
Rates and taxes
Audit fee
Professional and legal fees
Consultancy fees
Bad debt written off
Depreciation
Depreciation on right of use asset
Expected credit loss increase / (decrease)
General office expenses
Rental of equipment

#### 22. SELLING AND PROMOTION

Advertising

Notes to the Financial Statements

S			
	2022	2021	
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	
	76,952,980	68,671,445	
	622,470,252	534,939,526	
	79,297,448	66,701,038	
	20,538,661	13,826,242	
	31,112,402	24,185,137	
	26,786,383	19,264,741	
	85,791,537	71,418,449	
	9,162,208	7,308,643	
	30,362,283	58,385,415	
	10,590,175	7,281,036	
	12,589,474	12,570,445	
	2,287,663	1,086,810	
	15,871,892	16,815,961	
	22,815,935	17,815,068	
	26,684,827	26,017,200	
	2,619,332	1,617,181	
	43,437,031	39,402,552	
	4,683,014	3,478,221	
	41,213,596	37,711,719	
	4,740,222	2,871,761	
	8,145,826	6,570,114	
	3,900,000	3,600,000	
	11,911,891	9,950,818	
	1,529,950	1,610,010	
	1,028,896	1,780,619	
	64,477,189	65,441,559	
	133,274,840	92,098,761	
	2,401,834	(697,988)	
	37,632,300 1,072,294	30,731,627	
	1,072,294	1,586,801	
	1,435,382,335	1,244,040,911	
	2022	2021	
	<u>\$</u>	\$	
	63,596,983	55,670,715	

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

FONTANA LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

23.	OPERATING PROFIT			26. TAXATION CHARGE				
		2022 <u>\$</u>	2021 <u>\$</u>	(a) Income tax charge is computed based on the pro Company's enlistment on the Jamaica Stock Ex entitles the Company to a 100% remission of inc	change Junior Ma	rket effe	ective January 8th	n, 2019
		760,609,152	648,426,735	(50%) remission for the following five (5) years, p of the Jamaica Stock Exchange Junior Market.				
	Stated after charging the following:	70.050.000		Deferred taxation is computed at 25% for the fination for unregulated companies.	ancial year based c	n the ap	oplicable income t	ax rate
	Directors' remuneration Auditor's remuneration	76,952,980 3,900,000	68,671,445 3,600,000	The taxation charge is made up as follows:				
	Additors remuneration	3,900,000	3,600,000		2022		2021	
					\$		\$	
24.	OTHER INCOME	2022	2021	Deferred: Origination and reversal of temporary				
		\$	\$	differences	10,356,499		29,054,189	
		±	-		10,356,499	2	29,054,189	
	Interest income	8,336,014	2,985,155		10,000,100			
	Other store income and commission	41,026,155	36,135,502	(b) Reconciliation of effective tax rate and charge:				
	Rental income	23,064,687	21,059,629		2022		2021	
	Discount on short term investment	591,986	-		\$		\$	
		73,018,842	60,180,286	Profit before taxation	616,555,204	r.	541,381,467	
				Computed tax charge	154,138,801	25%	135,345,367	25%
				Taxation differences between profit for				
25.	FINANCE COSTS			financial statements and tax reporting purposes				
		2022	2021	Depreciation and capital allowances	803,127	0%	-	0%
		<u>\$</u>	\$	Disallowed expenses	(13,133,838)	-2%	12,889,524	2%
		221221-1212		Foreign exchange gain	11,006,188	2%	18,340,274	3%
	Bank charges and interest	25,621,529	19,096,107	Remission of income taxes	(142,457,779)	-23%	(137,520,976)	-25%
	Credit card commission	45,576,714	35,958,668	Actual tax rate and charge	10,356,499	2%	29,054,189	5%
	Gain on foreign exchange	(107,715)	(19,441,958)	27. EARNINGS PER SHARE				
	Loan interest	24,982,945	14,320,461	The calculation of earnings per share is based on t	he profit offer toy	tion on	d the weighted ev	
	Fair value loss / (gain) on short term investments Interest expense on right of use asset	2,456,639 87,540,575	(4,771,074) 65,541,946	number of shares in issue during the year.	ne pront alter taxa	nion and	a the weighted av	verage
	Loss on foreign exchange (IFRS 16)	32,516,777	58,040,267					
	Cash overage	(1,514,675)	(1,518,863)		2022		2021	
	Cash overage	(1,014,070)	(1,515,505)		\$		\$	
		217,072,789	167,225,554	Net profit attributable to shareholders Weighted average number of shares in issue	606,198,705 1,249,374,825	Ę.	512,327,278 1,249,374,825	
						2		
				Basic earnings per stock unit	0.49	ig i	0.41	

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 28. PROFIT BEFORE INTEREST AND TAXATION

20.	FR	FIT BEFORE INTEREST AND TAXATION	2022 <u>\$</u>	2021 \$	
	Net	profit for the year Current period taxation	606,198,705 10,356,499	512,327,278 29,054,189	
	Prof	it before interest Interest expense	616,555,204 24,982,945	541,381,467 14,320,461	
	Prof	fit before interest and taxation	641,538,149	555,701,928	
29.	REL	ATED PARTIES			
	(a)	Balances between the Company and its related	company: 2022 <u>\$</u>	2021 <u>\$</u>	
		Related companies (see note 9)	7,040,295	7,741,281	
		Company's statement of comprehensive in sactions, undertaken with related parties in the or Rental expense - Fontana Properties Limited Transactions with key management personnel: - Directors' remuneration			
30.		FF COSTS	<b>C</b> 11		
	The	number of employees at the end of the year was	as follows: 2022	2021	
		Permanent	413	402	
		The aggregate payroll costs for these persons w	vere as follows: 2022 <u>\$</u>	2021 <u>\$</u>	
		Salaries and profit related pay Statutory payroll contributions	622,470,252 79,297,448	534,939,526 66,701,038	
			701,767,700	601,640,564	

#### 31. DIVIDENDS

The Company, at two special board of directors' meetings held on November 18th, 2021 and May 25th 2022, declared total dividend of \$249,874,965 (2021: \$199,899,972) in two equal instalments, payable on December 14th, 2021 and June 24th, 2022, to shareholders on record as at November 29th, 2021 and June 9th, 2022, respectively.

## **FONTANA LIMITED** Notes to the Financial Statements AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### (a) Financial risk management

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk -
- Market risk
- Cash flow risk changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.
- (i) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's principal financial assets are cash and cash equivalents and trade receivables.

Cash and cash equivalents The credit risk on cash and bank deposits is limited as they are held with financial institutions with high credit ratings.

#### Trade receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristic of each customer. Management has a credit policy in place to minimize exposure to credit risk. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit. Management's policy is to provide for balances based on past default experience, current economic conditions and expected recovery. The impairment requirements of IFRS 9 are based on an Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model. The guiding principle of the ECL model is to reflect the general pattern of deterioration or improvement in the credit quality of financial instruments. For trade receivables and contract assets that do not have a financing component, it is a requirement of IFRS 9 to recognize a lifetime expected credit loss. This was achieved in the current year by the development and application of historical data relating to trade receivables and write-offs, as well as forecasting payment probabilities. The company estimates expected credit losses (ECL) on trade receivables using a provision matrix based on historical credit loss experience as well as the credit risk and expected developments for each group of customers. The following table provides information about the ECL's for trade receivables as at the year end.

2022

Aging Current 31-60 days 61-90 days 91 days and over Total

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

The Board of Directors, together with senior management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company in order to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect

2022		
Gross	Weighted	Lifetime
Carrying	Average Loss	ECL
Amount	Rate	Allowance
11,648,720	0.30	1,158,424
11,307,468	0.29	1,003,766
1,852,596	0.05	1,252,214
14,429,072	0.37	5,202,802
39,237,856		8,617,206

(Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### Financial risk management (cont'd): (a)

(i) Credit risk (cont'd): Trade receivables (cont'd)

		2021	
		Weighted	
	Gross Carrying	Average Loss	Lifetime ECL
Aging	Amount	Rate	Allowance
Current	19,986,408	0.76	1,106,881
31-60 days	2,412,231	0.09	1,148,600
61-90 days	1,670,056	0.06	1,654,146
91 days and over	2,305,745	0.09	2,305,745
Total	26,374,440		6,215,372

#### (ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company. Management aims at maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an amount of committed facilities. The management maintains an adequate amount of its financial assets in liquid form to meet contractual obligations and other recurring payments. The following are the contractual maturities of the non-derivative financial liabilities, including interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

	Carrying amount §	Contractual cash flow \$	Less than 1 year \$	More than 1 year \$
June 30, 2022:	-		-	
Lease liabilities	1,128,697,332	1,128,697,332	103,164,558	1,025,532,774
Trade and other payables	686,530,229	686,530,229	686,530,229	-
Bond payable	493,182,680	590,000,000	30,000,000	560,000,000
Bank loans payable	56,082,883	56,082,883	40,100,212	15,982,671
	2,364,493,124	2,461,310,444	859,794,999	1,601,515,445
June 30, 2021:				
Lease liabilities	882,787,739	1,316,904,341	153,653,272	1,163,251,069
Trade and other payables	577,516,884	577,516,884	577,516,884	-
Bank loans payable	186,319,676	217,354,987	55,800,007	161,554,980
	1,646,624,299	2,111,776,212	786,970,163	1,324,806,049

(iii) Market risk

Market risks is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, and interest rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

#### Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

# FONTANA LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements

**AS AT JUNE 30, 2022** (Expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### 32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (a) Financial risk management (cont'd): (iii) Market risk (cont'd):

The Company contracts material financial liabilities at fixed interest rates for the duration of the term. When utilized, bank overdrafts are subject to fixed interest rates which may be varied by appropriate notice by the lender. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no financial liabilities subject to variable interest rate risk. Interest-bearing financial assets comprises of bank deposits, which have been contracted at fixed interest rates for the duration of their terms.

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments The Company does not hold any fixed rate financial assets that are subject to material changes in fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting dates would not affect profit or equity. Foreign currency risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to significant foreign currency risk, primarily on purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the Jamaican dollar. Such exposures comprise the monetary assets and liabilities of the Company that are not denominated in that currency. The main foreign currency risks of the Company are denominated in United States dollars (US\$), which is the principal intervening currency for the Company. The Company jointly manages foreign exchange exposure by maintaining adequate liquid resources in appropriate currencies and by managing the timing of payments on foreign currency liabilities. The table below shows the Company's main foreign currency exposure at the reporting date.

		2022		202	1	
	<u>US\$</u>	CND\$	<u>GBP\$</u>	<u>US\$</u>	CND\$	<u>GBP\$</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	5,339,213	20,806	9,366	2,553,541	16,552	10,464
Trade and other receivables	42,244	-	-	3,970	-	-
Lease liabilities	(6,812,134)	-	-	(5,425,824)	-	
Trade and other payables	(649,888)	(52,642)	-	(653,918)	(14,802)	
Net exposure	(2,080,565)	(31,834)	9,366	(3,522,231)	1,750	10,464
Sensitivity analysis:						
A strengthening of 100 (202	1: 200) basis	points of t	the Jam	aica dollar aga	inst the cu	rrencies

indicated above at June 30 would have increased the Company's profit by \$3,152,974 (2021: \$10,288,931). A weakening of 400 (2021: 600) basis points of the Jamaica dollar against the currencies indicated above at June 30 would have decreased the Company's profit by \$12,611,896 (2021: \$30,866,794).

This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. (iv) Cash flow risk

- flows.
- Capital management (b)

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to comply with capital requirements, safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain strong capital base to support the development of its business. The Company achieves this by retaining earnings from past profits and by managing the returns on borrowed funds to protect against losses on its core business.

Cash flow risk is the risk that future cash flows associated with a monetary financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company manages this risk through budgetary measures, ensuring, as far as possible, that fluctuations in cash flows relating to monetary financial assets and liabilities are matched, to mitigate any significant adverse cash

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FORM OF runn

I/We	of	
in the Parish of		being member/members of the above named
company hereby appoint		
of	or failing him/her	of

 $_a$  as my/our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Annual General

Meeting of the Company to be held at a Grand-A-View Restaurant and Event Place, 7 The Queens Drive, Montego Bay,

St. James on Wednesday, January 18, 2023 at 11:00 a.m and at any adjournment thereof.

RESOLUTIONS		FOR	AGAINST
Resolution No. 1	Adoption of Directors and Auditors Report, Financial Statement for year ended <b>June 30, 2022</b>		
Resolution No. 2	Election of Director retiring by rotation - Raymond Therrien		
Resolution No. 3	Election of Directors retiring by rotation - Anne Chang		
Resolution No. 4	Ratify Interim Dividends paid on December 14, 2021		
Resolution No. 5	Ratify interim Dividends paid on June 24, 2022		
Resolution No. 6	Remuneration of Directors		
Resolution No. 7	To appoint Auditors and to authorize the Directors to fix		
	the remuneration of the Auditors		

day of\_ 20\_ Signed this

Signature

NOTES:

1. An instrument appointing a proxy, shall, unless the contrary is stated thereon be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates and need not be witnessed.

2. If the appointer is a corporation, this form must be under its common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorized in writing.

- 3. In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior will be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of others, seniority being determined by the order in which the names appear on the register.
- 4. To be valid, this form must be received by the Registrar of the Company at the address given below not less than 48 hours before the time fixed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting.
- 5. The proxy form should bear stamp duty of One Hundred dollars (\$100.00) which may be in the form of adhesive stamp duly cancelled by the person signing the proxy form.

REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENTS

Jamaica Central Securities Depository Limited 40 Harbour Street, Kingston



Moles



KINGSTON | MANDEVILLE | MONTEGO BAY | OCHO RIOS | SAVANNA-LA-MAR

# Sellow us:

