

Manufacturing & Distribution Select Fund Audited Financial Statements





Financial Statements 31 December 2020

Sagicor Select Funds Limited

Manufacturing and Distribution Select Fund

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Independent auditor's report

To the Members of Sagicor Select Funds Limited - Manufacturing and Distribution Select Fund

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Sagicor Select Funds Limited - Manufacturing and Distribution Select Fund (the Fund) as at 31 December 2020, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and with the requirements of the Jamaican Companies Act.

What we have audited

Sagicor Select Funds Limited - Manufacturing and Distribution Select Fund's financial statements comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020;
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code). We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.



Our audit approach

Audit scope

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements. In particular, we considered where management made subjective judgements; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including, among other matters, consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

We tailored the scope of our audit in order to perform sufficient work to enable us to provide an opinion on the financial statements as a whole, taking into account the structure of the Fund, the accounting processes and controls, and the industry in which the Fund operates.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Valuation and existence of investments. Refer to notes 2(c) and 6 to the financial statements for disclosures of related accounting policies and balances.	
The investments portfolio totalling \$3.145 billion at 31 December 2020 is comprised of listed equity securities.	We tested the valuation of the investment portfolio of listed equity securities by comparing the prices used by the Fund to prices reported by the Jamaica Stock Exchange.
We focused on the valuation and existence of investment because investments represent the principal element of the net asset value as disclosed in the statement of financial position in the financial statements. In addition, the performance of the Fund	We tested the existence of the investment portfolio by agreeing the holdings to an external confirmation.
has been directly impacted by the economic effects of COVID-19 through its equities investments as the Jamaican Stock Exchange has seen a significant decline across all indices during the year resulting in unrealised fair value losses recorded on most of the positions held by the Fund.	No adjustments were identified as a result of the audit procedures performed.



Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Annual Report (but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon), which is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS and with the requirements of the Jamaican Companies Act, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

As required by the Jamaican Companies Act, we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion, proper accounting records have been kept, so far as appears from our examination of those records, and the accompanying financial statements are in agreement therewith and give the information required by the Jamaican Companies Act, in the manner so required.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Recardo Nathan.

Pricewaterhouse Copers Chartered Accountants

Chartered Accountants Kingston, Jamaica 25 February 2021

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended 31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

	Note	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Income			
Interest income		1,924	220
Dividend income		68,550	13,507
Other Income		6,239	-
Loss on sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(8,311)	-
Other net changes in fair value on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	_	(718,117)	187,050
	_	(649,715)	200,777
Expenses			
Auditors' remuneration		1,675	1,800
Legal and professional fees		4,234	1,076
Director's fees		1,976	-
Bank charges		15	6
Transaction cost		1,773	25,796
Miscellaneous		625	537
Loan interest		23	5,411
Management fees		11,137	817
Trustee fees		3,241	-
Irrecoverable General Consumption Tax	-	3,171	4,790
	_	27,870	40,233
Net (Deficit)/Income, being Total Comprehensive (Deficit)/Income for the Year	=	(677,585)	160,544
Earnings per stock unit			
Basic and diluted (expressed in \$)	10 _	(0.18)	0.10

Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

	Note	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	3,145,530	3,721,950
Receivables		1,713	970
Withholding tax recoverable		91	83
Cash and cash equivalents	7	128,538	243,021
	-	3,275,872	3,966,024
EQUITY			
Capital and Reserves Attributable to Equity Holders of the Fund			
Share capital	9	3,783,443	3,783,443
(Accumulated deficit)/Retained Earnings	_	(517,041)	160,544
	-	3,266,402	3,943,987
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables		8,841	4,024
Due to related party	8	629	18,013
	-	9,470	22,037
	=	3,275,872	3,966,024
Net assets value per stock unit (\$)	10	0.86	1.03

Approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 25 February 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

t La

Colin Steele

Chairman

Janene Shaw

Director

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

	Note	Share Capital \$'000	Retained Earnings/ (Accumulated Deficit) \$'000	Total \$'000
Balance at 1 January 2019	-			
Issue of shares, net of issue costs	9	3,783,443	-	3,783,443
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	160,544	160,544
Balance at 31 December 2019	_	3,783,443	160,544	3,943,987
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	(677,585)	(677,585)
Balance at 31 December 2020	_	3,783,443	(517,041)	3,266,402

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended 31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

	Note	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Net (deficit)/income for the year Adjustments to determine net cash flow provided by operating activities:		(677,585)	160,544
Interest income and interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Loss on sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or		(1,924)	(220)
loss		8,311	-
Dividend income		(68,550)	(13,507)
Interest expense		23	5,411
		(739,725)	152,228
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Decrease/(Increase) in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		568,109	(3,721,950)
Payables		4,817	4,024
Related party		(17,384)	18,013
Cash used in operating activities		(184,183)	(3,547,685)
Dividend received		68,014	12,551
Tax withheld at source		(8)	(83)
Interest received		1,717	206
Net cash used in operating activities		(114,460)	(3,535,011)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Proceeds from issue of stock units, net of issue costs	9	-	3,783,443
Related party loan received	8	70,000	1,760,000
Related party loan repaid		(70,000)	(1,760,000)
Interest paid		(23)	(5,411)
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities		(23)	3,778,032
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(114,483)	243,021
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		243,021	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR (Note 7)		128,538	243,021

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1. Identification and Principal Activities

Sagicor Select Funds Limited (the Company) was incorporated on the 11th of January 2019 as a public company. The principal activity of the Company is the operation of listed equity funds that track various indexes established by the Jamaica Stock Exchange.

Each fund is close-ended and is represented by a separate class of share in the Company. The assets of the Company are specifically owned and segregated for each share class. The Company has five (5) classes of shares with 'Class A" being the "Management Share" and is issued to Sagicor Investments Jamaica Limited (SIJL), the investment manager of the funds. The other shares of the Company represent four (4) segregated classes being the "Class B", "Class C", "Class D" and "Class E" shares.

At 31 December 2020, "Class C", The Manufacturing and Distribution Select Fund (the Fund) was one of two classes which were operational. A public invitation for subscription in the Fund was made by Sagicor Select Funds Limited via prospectus dated 30 October 2019, in Jamaica. The offer closed on 4 December 2019.

The Company maintains its registered office at 85 Hope Road, Kingston 6, St. Andrew, Jamaica and its operations takes place out of the office of the Sagicor Investments Jamaica Limited which also maintains its registered office at 85 Hope Road, Kingston 6, St. Andrew.

The Company entered into a management agreement with SIJL to act as manager of the Fund.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors of the Fund on 25 February 2021. The Directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRS IC) interpretations applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments at fair value through profit loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates are based on managements' best knowledge of current events and action, actual results could differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

Standards, interpretations and amendments to published standards effective in the current year

Certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards have been published that became effective during the current financial year. The Fund has assessed the relevance of all such new standards, interpretations and amendments and has determined that that they are relevant to its operations.

Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 on the definition of material (effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2020). These amendments to IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements', and IAS 8, 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors', and consequential amendments to other IFRSs: i) use a consistent definition of materiality throughout IFRSs and the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting; ii) clarify the explanation of the definition of material; and iii) incorporate some of the guidance in IAS 1 about immaterial information. There was no significant impact on the financial statements arising from the adoption of this amendment.

Notes to the Financial Statements 31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

Standards, interpretations and amendments to published standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Fund

The Fund has concluded that the following standards, which are published but not yet effective, are relevant to its operations. These pronouncements are effective for annual periods beginning on or after year end dates noted and will be applied by the Fund as of those dates unless otherwise indicated.

Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of financial statements' on classification of liabilities, (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022). These amendments to IAS 1 clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the expectation of the entity or evens after the reporting date. The amendment also clarifies what IAS 1 means when it refers to the 'settlement' of a liability. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a significant impact on the Fund

(b) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Jamaican dollars, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the statement of financial position date, assets and liabilities denominated in the foreign currencies are translated using the closing exchange rate.

Exchange differences resulting from the settlement of transactions at rates different from those at the dates of the transactions, and unrealised foreign exchange differences on unsettled foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to the financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other net changes in fair value on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(c) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Fund has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities as fair value through other comprehensive income. The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities are solely principal and interest, however, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund's policy requires the investment manager and the Board of Directors to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

(ii) Recognition, derecognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of investments are recognised on the trade date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the investment. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred in the statement of comprehensive income. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within other net changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within dividend income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established. Interest on debt securities at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(c) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

(iii) Fair value estimation

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Fund utilises the closing bid price for financial assets.

If a significant movement in fair value occurs subsequent to the close of trading up to midnight in Jamaica on the year end date, valuation techniques will be applied to determine the fair value. A significant event is any event that occurs after the last market price for a security, close of market or close of the foreign exchange, but before the Fund's valuation time that materially affects the integrity of the closing prices for any security, instrument, currency or securities affected by that event so that they cannot be considered 'readily available' market quotations.

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are deemed to have occurred at the beginning of the reporting period.

(d) Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. In addition to management fees, the Fund is responsible for the payment of all direct expenses relating to its operations.

(e) Transaction costs

Transactions costs are costs incurred to acquire financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. They include fees and commission paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers. Transaction costs, when incurred, are immediately recognised in profit or loss as an expense.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term investments in an active market with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(g) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds, net of tax. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary stock units are included in the cost of acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

The shares of the Fund are redeemable at the issuer's option. Such shares are classified as equity as they are redeemable for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to the share class. The Fund's net asset value per stock unit is calculated by dividing the capital and reserves attributable to equity holders of the Fund with the total number of outstanding stock units in issue for the respective share class. In accordance with the provisions of the Fund's regulations, investment positions are valued based on the closing bid price for the purpose of determining the net asset value per stock unit for redemptions.

Where the Fund re-purchases its stock units, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs is deducted from capital and reserves attributable to equity holders of the Fund's until the ordinary stock units are cancelled, reissued or disposed of. Where such stock units are subsequently sold or reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Fund's equity holders.

(h) Net asset value per stock unit and earnings per stock unit

The net asset value per stock unit is calculated by dividing the net assets of each share class by the number of outstanding stock units.

Basic earnings per stock unit is calculated by dividing the profit for the year by the weighted average number of ordinary stock units in issue during the year, excluding the average number of ordinary stock units purchased by the Fund and held as treasury shares.

The Fund has not issued any stock units or other instruments that are considered to have dilutive potential.

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(i) Interest income and interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Interest is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method. Interest income includes interest from cash and cash equivalents. Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss includes interest from debt securities.

(j) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

(k) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Fund's stockholders is recognised as a liability in the Fund's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Fund's stockholders.

(I) Receivables

Receivables represent amounts due from brokers and dividend receivables. Amounts due from brokers represent receivables for securities sold that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the statement of financial position date respectively. Receivable balances are held for collection.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance on receivables at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the customer, probability that the customer will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired. Details about the Fund's impairment policies and the calculation of the loss allowance are provided in Note 3(b).

(m) Payables

Payables are obligations to pay for services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(n) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors who makes the strategic decisions.

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3. Financial Risk Management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks and those activities involve the analysis, evaluation, acceptance and management of some degree of risk or combination of risks. Taking risk is core to the financial business, and the operational risks are an inevitable consequence of being in business. The Fund's aim is therefore to achieve an appropriate balance between risk and return and minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

The Fund is also exposed to operational risks such as custody risk. Custody risk is the risk of loss of securities held in custody occasioned by the insolvency or negligence of the custodian. Although an appropriate legal framework is in place that eliminates the risk of loss of value of the securities held by the custodian, in the event of its failure, the ability of the Fund to transfer securities might be temporarily impaired.

The Fund's risk management policies are designed to identify and analyse these risks, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor the risks and adherence to limits by means of reliable and up-to-date information systems. The Fund regularly reviews its risk management policies and systems to reflect changes in markets, products and emerging best practice.

The management of these risks is carried out by the investment manager under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and the investment of excess liquidity. The investment manager has established committees/departments for managing and monitoring risks, as follows:

(i) Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is responsible for the development of credit and investment policies and standards that conform to applicable law, regulations and corporate policies; approving credit proposal requests; reviewing and approving exceptions to core credit and investment policies that may represent unusual risk; and ensuring that aggregate credit risk exposure are within the Fund's risk taking capacity. This Committee is also responsible for formulating and monitoring investment portfolios and investment strategies for the Fund. In addition, this Committee is responsible for approval and monitoring of appropriate trading limits, reports and compliance controls to ensure that the mandate is properly followed. The Committee's decisions receive final ratification at Board Meetings.

The Audit Committee also oversees how management monitors compliance with the Fund's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Fund. The Audit Committee is assisted in its oversight role by the Internal Audit Department of the investment manager. Internal Audit Department undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the result of which are reported to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee ensures adherence to internal policies and procedures, and regulatory rules and guidelines.

(ii) The Asset Management Division

The Asset Management Division of the investment manager is responsible for managing the Fund's assets and liabilities and the overall financial structure. It is also primarily responsible for the Funding and liquidity risks of the Fund.

The most important types of risks faced by the Fund are market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and operational risk. Market risk includes equity price risk, currency risk and interest rate.

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

(a) Market risk

The Fund takes on exposure to market risks, which is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risks arise from open positions in interest rate, currency and equity products, all of which are exposed to general and specific market movements and changes in the level of volatility of market rates or prices such as interest rate, credit spreads, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. Market risk is monitored by the Audit Committee which carries out research and monitors the price movement of financial assets on the local markets. Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis and historical value-at-risk.

There has been no change to the Fund's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

(i) Equity price risk

The Fund is exposed to equity securities price risk. This arises for investments held by the Fund for which price in the future is uncertain.

The Fund's equity investments are publicly traded on the Jamaica Stock Exchange.

The Fund's policy is to track the Manufacturing and Distribution Index of the JSE and therefore manages the investment portfolio to hold equities in similar weightings to that of the index. There is no limit placed on the value of any one stock in the investment portfolio.

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net income to equity price movement as at 31 December. The analysis is based on the assumption of a 5% (2019- 10%) increase or 10% (2019- 10%) decrease in equity prices, with all other variables held constant.

	Effect on capital	Effect on capital
	and reserves	and reserves
	attributable to	attributable to
	equity holders of	equity holders of
	the fund	the fund
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
5 % (2019- 10%) increase	157,277	372,195
10% (2019- 10%) decrease	(314,553)	(372,195)

The sensitivity analysis presented is based upon the portfolio composition as at 31 December.

(ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

Foreign exchange risk occurs when the Fund takes on open position in a currency. To control this exchange risk, the Fund ensures that the net exposure in US dollar is kept to an acceptable level by monitoring currency positions.

The Fund also has transactional currency exposure. The fund did not have any foreign currency balances at the year end neither did it enter into any foreign currency transaction during the period therefore there is no foreign currency concentration.

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Cash flow and fair value Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of markets interest rates on the fair value of financial assets and liabilities and future cash flow. Floating rate instruments expose the Fund to cash flow interest risk, whereas fixed rate instruments expose the Fund to fair value interest risk.

The Fund's exposure to interest rate risk is limited to securities purchased under agreements to resell which totalled \$70,755,000(2019 - \$200,000,000) at the year end and all mature within one month.

Interest rate sensitivity

The Fund's interest rate risk arises from its securities purchased under agreements to resell. There is no sensitivity to interest rate risk as securities purchased under agreements to resell are short term and are at fixed interest rates.

(b) Credit risk

The Fund takes on exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that its counterparties will cause a financial loss for the Fund by failing to discharge their contractual obligations. Credit risk is an important risk for the Fund's business; management therefore carefully monitors its exposure to credit risk. The Fund credit exposures arise principally from cash and cash equivalents, amounts due from brokers and other receivable balances. The Fund structures the levels of credit risk it undertakes by placing limits on the amount of risk accepted in relation to a single counterparty or groups of related counterparties.

The following tables summarise the Fund's maximum credit exposure for financial assets at their carrying amounts, as categorised by issuer:

	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Receivables	1,713	970
Cash and cash equivalents	128,538	243,021
	130,251	243,991

At 31 December, all receivables, securities purchased under agreements to resell and cash at bank are held with reputable financial institutions and are due to be settled within 60 days. Management consider the probability of default to be close to zero as the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

Liquidity risk management process

The Fund's liquidity management process, as carried out within the Fund and monitored by the investment manager largely includes optimising cash returns on investments which are used to settle financial liabilities which include include payables and amounts due to related parties. These were all contractually payable within one month.

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

(d) Capital management

The capital of the Fund is represented by the capital and reserves attributable to equity holders of the Fund. The investment manager's objective when managing the Fund's capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for holders of stock units, provide benefits for other stakeholders and maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

The Fund is close ended and capital is deployed to track the Manufacturing and Distribution Index of the JSE in order to earn the market return on listed equities representing the manufacturing and distribution sector of Jamaica.

(e) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date. The Fund utilises the closing bid price for financial assets. If a significant movement in fair value occurs subsequent to the close of trading up to midnight in Jamaica on the year end date, valuation techniques will be applied to determine the fair value.

An active market is a market in which transactions take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The carrying value less impairment provision of cash and cash equivalents, other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values.

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements in Applying Accounting Policies

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Critical judgements in applying the Fund's accounting policies

In the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies, management has made no significant judgements regarding the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies, management has not made any significant estimate on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

5. Financial Instruments by Category

(a) Financial assets

	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,145,530	3,721,950
Financial assets at amortised cost -		
Receivables	1,713	970
Cash and cash equivalents	128,538	243,021
	3,275,781	3,965,941
(b) Financial liabilities	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Financial liabilities at amortised cost -		
Payables	8,841	4,024
Due to related party	629	18,013
	9,470	22,037

The Fund's financial instruments resulted in the following income, expenses and gains and losses recognised in the statement of comprehensive income:

·	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Fair value through profit or loss:	ψ 000	φ 000
Dividend income	68,550	13,507
Loss on sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Unrealised (depreciation)/appreciation in value of financial assets	(8,311)	-
at fair value through profit or loss	(718,117)	187,050
	(657,878)	200,557
Amortised cost:		
Interest income	1,924	220
6. Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Quoted equity securities -	3,145,530	3,721,950
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Net changes in fair value on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise:		•
Loss on sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(8,311)	-
Unrealised (losses)/gains	(718,117)	187,050
Total (losses)/gains	(726,428)	187,050

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

6. Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (Continued)

icial Assets at Fair value through Front of Loss (Continued)	3	31 December 2020		
	No. of Stock units	Carrying Value	% of portfolio	
		\$'000		
nvestments				
Quoted equities:				
AMG Packaging & Paper Company Limited	4,029,679	6,488	0.219	
Berger Paints Jamaica Limited	1,719,169	23,295	0.749	
Blue Power Group Ltd	350,000	977	0.039	
CAC 2000 Limited	1,035,021	10,350	0.339	
Caribbean Cement Company Limited	6,827,319	410,322	13.09	
Caribbean Cream Limited	2,321,508	9,634	0.31	
Caribbean Flavors and Fragrances	7,212,860	11,252	0.36	
Caribbean Producers Jamaica Limited	10,917,106	27,511	0.88	
Carreras Limited	51,556,419	373,268	11.90	
Consolidated Bakers (Jamaica) Limited	1,547,510	1,749	0.06	
Derrimon Trading Company Limited	22,600,000	53,562	1.71	
Everything Fresh Limited	7,727,500	5,332	0.17	
Fontana Limited	10,028,143	55,656	1.77	
Fosrich Company Limited	4,028,960	16,881	0.54	
GraceKennedy Limited	8,580,637	549,161	17.51	
Honey Bun Limited	3,780,227	19,279	0.61	
Indies Pharma Jamaica Limited	10,688,828	28,860	0.92	
Jamaica Broilers Group Limited	9,882,806	269,603	8.60	
Jamaica Producers Group	6,491,613	136,324	4.35	
Jamaica Teas Limited	16,726,656	32,617	1.04	
Lasco Distributors Limited	24,753,880	78,222	2.49	
Lasco Manufacturing Limited	32,816,914	121,423	3.87	
Lumber Depot Limited	4,000,000	5,880	0.19	
Medical Disposables & Supplies	1,009,026	4,208	0.13	
Paramount Trading (Jamaica) Limited	2,844,270	3,840	0.12	
Salada Foods Limited	408,362	10,209	0.33	
Seprod Limited	5,879,298	376,393	12.00	
Tropical Battery Company Ltd	1,114,262	1,304	0.04	
Wisynco Group Limited	30,964,303	501,930	16.01	
Total quoted equities	291,842,276	3,145,530	100	

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

6. Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (Continued)

	3	31 December 2019		
	No. of Stock units	Carrying Value	% of portfolio	
		\$'000		
Investments				
Quoted equities:				
AMG Packaging & Paper Company Limited	3,029,679	6,241	0.17%	
Berger Paints Jamaica Limited	1,719,169	30,601	0.82%	
CAC 2000 Limited	964,269	12,535	0.34%	
Caribbean Cement Company Limited	6,827,319	580,322	15.59%	
Caribbean Cream Limited	321,508	1,093	0.03%	
Caribbean Flavors and Fragrances	721,286	10,819	0.29%	
Caribbean Producers Jamaica Limited	10,917,106	53,494	1.44%	
Carreras Limited	51,556,419	420,185	11.29%	
Consolidated Bakers (Jamaica) Limited	547,510	958	0.03%	
Derrimon Trading Company Limited	31,000,000	80,290	2.15%	
Everything Fresh Limited	7,727,500	9,428	0.25%	
Fosrich Company Limited	4,028,960	16,881	0.45%	
GraceKennedy Limited	7,980,637	582,587	15.65%	
Honey Bun Limited	3,616,120	25,241	0.68%	
Indies Pharma Jamaica Limited	10,646,854	37,158	1.00%	
Jamaica Broilers Group Limited	9,813,806	401,875	10.80%	
Jamaica Producers Group	5,348,430	153,767	4.13%	
Jamaica Teas Limited	5,412,983	33,019	0.89%	
Lasco Distributors Limited	22,302,196	75,827	2.04%	
Lasco Manufacturing Limited	32,816,914	150,958	4.05%	
Mailpac Group Limited	20,139,026	42,292	1.14%	
Seprod Limited	5,938,684	290,996	7.82%	
Wisynco Group Limited	30,080,303	705,383	18.95%	
Total quoted equities	273,456,678	3,721,950	100.00%	
			-	

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

6. Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (Continued)

The Fund is structured to track the Manufacturing and Distribution Index, an index created by the JSE which is constituted of equity securities listed on the JSE from the manufacturing and distribution sector. The Index will vary from time to time and the investment manager will seek to track same on an ongoing basis and shall rebalance the composition of the securities held by the fund on a monthly basis, if required, in order to track the index as closely as possible.

The World Health Organization (WHO) declared the novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) a global pandemic on 11 March 2020. The pandemic has resulted in a significant downturn in economic activities worldwide. The method most recommended to manage contagion is social distancing resulting in the implementation of global travel restrictions. The disruption caused by COVID-19 has set off an unprecedented shock to financial markets causing increasing volatility in global markets. Jamaica has been negatively affected by the global travel restrictions, which has had a significant impact on Tourism and Hospitality, on which the country is heavily dependent. Other key sectors being hit hard are Entertainment, Financial Services, Business Process Outsourcing (BPO), Remittances, Manufacturing and Logistics.

The performance of the Fund has been directly impacted by the economic effects of COVID-19 through its equities investments as the Jamaican Stock Exchange has seen a significant decline across all indices during the year resulting in unrealised fair value losses recorded on most of the positions held by the Fund.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises:

	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Cash at bank	57,783	43,021
Securities purchased under agreements to resell (with original maturity of less than 90 days)	70,755	200,000
	128,538	243,021

The weighted average effective interest rate on the securities purchased under agreements to resell was 2.31% (2019 - 2.50%).

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

8. Related Party Balances and Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions.

Related parties include directors, key management and companies for which the Fund and the Company are provided with management services.

The fund manager, Sagicor Investments Jamaica Limited is part of Sagicor Group Jamaica Limited and therefore related companies include Sagicor Group Jamaica Limited and its fellow subsidiaries, associated companies, related entities including funds managed by Sagicor Group Jamaica Limited and related entities. Based on the structure of the fund, all these parties would be classified as other related parties.

(a) Related party transactions

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

(i) Income -

(ii)

2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
1,924	220
2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
15	6
11,137	817
-	23,729
1,034	14,135
23	5,411
12,194	44,092
	\$'000 <u>1,924</u> <u>2020</u> \$'000 <u>15</u> 11,137 - 1,034 <u>23</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

8. Related Party Balances and Transactions (Continued)

(a) Related party transactions

The following has been charged in arriving at Net Deficit for the period. In the prior year, the amount for director's fees was absorbed by the fund manager (SIJL).

			2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Directors' emoluments –				
	D	irector Fees	1,976	-
(b)	Yea	r-end balances arising from operations		
	Yea	r-end balances arising from transactions are as follows:		
			2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
	(i)	Cash and cash equivalents (Note 7)		
		Sagicor Bank Jamaica Limited	57,783	43,021
		Sagicor Investments Jamaica Limited	70,755	200,000
			128,538	243,021
	(ii)	Due to related party -		
		Sagicor Investments Jamaica Limited	629	18,013

During the year the Fund obtained a short term loan totalling \$70,000,000 (2019 - \$1,760,000,000) from Sagicor Investments Jamaica Limited. The interest rate on this loan was 0.75% (2019 - 2.5%) per annum. The loan was fully repaid during the year.

Net Debt Reconciliation

The table below details changes in the Fund's liabilities arising from financing activities.

	Related party loans 2020 \$'000	Related party loans 2019 \$'000
At 1 January		
Cash movements -		
Repayment of principal	(70,000)	(1,760,000)
Repayment of interest	(23)	(5,411)
Loan received	70,000	1,760,000
Non-cash movement -		
Interest charge	23	5,411
At 31 December		

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

9. Share Capital

The Fund's authorised share capital is indefinite with no par value. These are issued as Class B shares, which carry equal voting rights, are entitled to dividends and are entitled to a proportionate share of the Fund's capital and reserves attributable to equity holders of the Fund. All issued shares are fully paid.

On 19 August 2019, the Fund issued 1,100,000,000 ordinary stock units with value of \$1,100,000,000

On 4 December 2019, the Fund issued an additional 2,716,612,000 ordinary stock units with value of \$2,683,443,000. The Fund incurred transaction costs \$31,435,000 for the issue.

10. Earnings per Stock Unit and Net Assets Value per Stock Unit

Basic earnings per stock unit is calculated by dividing the profit for the year by the weighted average number of ordinary stock units in issue during the year.

	2020	2019
Profit for the year (\$'000) Weighted average number of ordinary stock units in issue	(677,585)	160,544
('000)	3,816,612	1,647,377
Earnings per stock unit – basic and diluted (\$)	(0.18)	0.10

Net asset value per stock unit is calculated by dividing the net asset value at the end of the year by the number of ordinary stock units in issue.

	2020	2019
Net asset value (\$'000)	3,266,402	3,943,987
Number of ordinary stock units in issue ('000)	3,816,612	3,816,612
Net asset value per stock unit (\$)	0.86	1.03

11. Fair Values of Financial Instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Market price is used to determine fair value where an active market exists as it is the best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument. As all the Fund's investments are quoted equities in an active market the investments are classified as level 1 in the fair value hierarchy.

Notes to the Financial Statements

31 December 2020

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

12. Segment Reporting

The Board of Directors makes the strategic resource allocations on behalf of the Fund. The Fund has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Board of Directors, which are used to make strategic decisions.

The Board of Directors are responsible for the Fund's portfolio and considers the Fund to have a single operating segment. The Board of Directors' asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investment strategy, and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The internal reporting provided to the Board of Directors for the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of IFRS.

The Fund has no assets classified as non-current assets.

At 31 December, there was one stockholder who held more than 10% of the Manufacturing and Distribution Select Fund's net asset value. Their holding was 44% (2019- 55%) and the stockholder is a related party, Sagicor Sigma Global Funds – Sigma Equity.