

CMP INDUSTRIES LIMITED
Unaudited Group Balance Sheet
December 31, 2007.

| | Unaudited | Audited | Unaudited |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| | As at December 31 2007 | As at March 31 2007 | As at December 31 2006 |
| ASSETS | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 |
| NON CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Fixed Assets | 92 | 231 | 261 |
| Investment property | 63,486 | 64,174 | 64,502 |
| | 63,578 | 64,405 | 64,763 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Receivables | 4,392 | 1,838 | 4,322 |
| Taxation recoverable | 856 | 530 | 419 |
| Cash and Bank balances | 22,714 | 16,409 | 13,882 |
| | 27,962 | 18,777 | 18,623 |
| | 91,540 | 83,182 | 83,386 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | |
| Share capital | 10,622 | 10,622 | 10,622 |
| Capital reserves | 52,384 | 52,384 | 52,384 |
| Accumulated loss | (1,795) | (6,992) | (9,986) |
| | 61,211 | 56,014 | 53,020 |
| NON CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Deferred tax liability | 20,742 | 20,742 | 21,634 |
| | 20,742 | 20,742 | 21,634 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Payables and accruals | 4,779 | 3,123 | 8,732 |
| Taxation Payable | 4,808 | 3,303 | - |
| | 9,587 | 6,426 | 8,732 |
| | 91,540 | 83,182 | 83,386 |

Approved on behalf of the Board:

Director

Director

CMP INDUSTRIES LIMITED
Unaudited Group Profit and Loss Account
For 9 Months ended December 31, 2007

| | 3 months to December 31 2007 | 9 months to December 31 2007 | 3 months to December 31 2006 | 9 months to December 31 2006 | Audited 12 months March 31 2007 |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 |
| INCOME | 5,004 | 17,077 | 5,556 | 16,223 | 23,856 |
| ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES | 2,570 | 9,320 | 3,111 | 8,850 | 12,952 |
| OPERATING PROFIT | 2,434 | 7,757 | 2,445 | 7,373 | 10,904 |
| FINANCE COST | - | - | - | - | 78 |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION | 2,434 | 7,757 | 2,445 | 7,373 | 10,826 |
| TAXATION | 982 | 2,560 | 997 | 2,982 | 3,441 |
| NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO STOCKHOLDERS | 1,452 | 5,197 | 1,448 | 4,391 | 7,385 |
| EARNINGS PER ORDINARY STOCK UNIT | \$ 0.07 | \$ 0.26 | \$ 0.07 | \$ 0.22 | \$ 0.36 |

CMP INDUSTRIES LIMITED
Unaudited Group Statement of Cash Flows
For 9 Months ended December 31, 2007.

| | Unaudited | Audited |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | 9 months December 31 2007 | 12 months March 31 2007 |
| | \$,000 | \$,000 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net profit after taxation | 5,197 | 7,385 |
| Items not affecting cash resources: | | |
| Depreciation | 1,665 | 2,140 |
| (Gain)/Loss on Disposal | (3) | 56 |
| Deferred tax | - | (892) |
| | <u>6,859</u> | <u>8,689</u> |
| Changes in non-cash working capital components: | | |
| Receivables | (2,554) | 399 |
| Taxation recoverable | (326) | (735) |
| Payables and accruals | 1,656 | (139) |
| Short term borrowings/Overdraft | 1,505 | - |
| CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES | <u>7,140</u> | <u>8,214</u> |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Addition to fixed assets | (816) | (97) |
| Disposal of fixed assets | 80 | 550 |
| CASH (USED IN)/PROVIDED FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | <u>(736)</u> | <u>453</u> |
| INCREASE IN NET CASH BALANCES | 6,404 | 8,667 |
| Net cash balances at the beginning of the period | 16,409 | 7,742 |
| NET CASH BALANCES AT END OF PERIOD | <u>22,714</u> | <u>16,409</u> |
| Represented by: | | |
| Cash and bank balances | <u>22,714</u> | <u>16,409</u> |

CMP INDUSTRIES LIMITED
Unaudited Statement of Changes in Equity
For 9 months ended December 31, 2007

| Note | Share Capital \$'000 | Share Premium \$'000 | Capital Reserve \$'000 | Retained Earnings \$'000 | <u>Total</u> \$'000 |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Nine months ended December 31, 2007 | | | | | |
| Balance at April 1, 2007 | 10,622 | - | 52,384 | (6,992) | 56,014 |
| Net profit | - | - | - | 5,376 | 5,376 |
| | <u>10,622</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>52,384</u> | <u>(1,616)</u> | <u>61,390</u> |
| Twelve months ended March 31, 2007 | | | | | |
| Balance at April 1, 2006 | 10,622 | - | 52,384 | (14,377) | 48,629 |
| Net profit | - | - | - | 7,385 | 7,385 |
| Transfer to Retain Earnings | - | - | - | - | - |
| Balance at March 31, 2007 | <u>10,622</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>52,384</u> | <u>(6,992)</u> | <u>56,014</u> |

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with international Financial Reporting Standards(IFRS) and have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the inclusion of investment property at deemed cost. The company has adopted IFRS and the financial effects of this adoption is reported in the statement of changes in equity. As a result of these significant accounting policy changes as well as those accounting policy changes detailed below, certain comparative amounts have been restated to conform to current year presentation based on these standards.

b) Consolidation

The group accounts incorporate the accounts of the parent company and all its subsidiaries for the financial periods ended December 31, 2007. All intra-group transactions, unrealised profits and balances have been eliminated.

The subsidiaries consolidated are as follows:

CMP Consumer Products Limited
CMP Sales Limited
CMP Envelopes Limited
CMP Structures Limited (Dormant)

c) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

d) Investment property –

Investment property, comprised of office buildings and warehouses, is held for long term rental yields and is not occupied by the company. Investment property is stated at deemed cost less accumulated depreciated and any impairment losses.

Deemed cost is based on a revaluation carried out in the year 2000 by Property Consultants Limited - licensed Real Estate Dealer and Appraisers, on open market basis.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line method to write off the deemed cost of the assets, to their residual values over their useful lives. Annual rate is as follows:

| | |
|----------|-------|
| Building | 2 ½ % |
|----------|-------|

(d) Investment property (cont'd)

Land (i.e. land without building) is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite life.

Gain and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amounts and are included in operating profit.

(e) Fixed assets –

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and an impairment losses.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method to write off the cost of each asset to its residual value over its estimated useful life. Annual rates are as follows:

| | |
|------------------------|-----|
| Plant and machinery | 10% |
| Furniture and fixtures | 10% |
| Computers | 25% |

(d) Deferred Income Taxes

Deferred income tax is provided, using the liability method, for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. The current enacted tax rate is used to determine deferred tax.

Under the liability method the company is required to make provision for deferred taxes on the revaluation of certain non-current assets acquired and their tax bases.

The principal temporary difference arise from depreciation on property, plant and equipment, and revaluation of certain non-current assets. The deferred tax asset related to carry forward of unused tax losses are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available when the unused tax can be utilised.

(e) Revenue Recognition –

Income is recognised as it accrues unless collectibility is in doubt. Income does not includes General Consumption Tax

(h) Foreign Currency Transactions

Balances in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions during the year are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transactions. Gains or losses on translation are dealt with in the profit and loss accounts.

(i) Fair Value of financial instruments -

Financial instruments carried on the balance sheet are at cost and include cash and bank balances, receivables, payables and borrowing facilities.

(j) Comparative information

Where necessary, comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with changes in presentation in the current year. In particular the comparatives have been adjusted or extended to take into account requirements on adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards.

2. INCOME

This represents earning from property rental.

3. EARNINGS PER ORDINARY STOCK UNIT.

The calculation of earning per ordinary stock units is based on the group profit after taxation and on 20,337,960 stock units in issue during the year.