## Dyoll Group Limited 1996

## Notes to the Financial Statements

1. The company

The company is incorporated under the Laws of Jamaica and its stock units are quoted on the Jamaica Stock Exchange.

These financial statements are presented in Jamaican dollars.
The principal activity of the company is providing management services to its subsidiaries and associated companies (see note 29).
2. Accounting basis

A subsidiary has sustained substantial losses during the year ended
December 31, 1996 and there is a mismatch of assets and liabilities which created and continues to create liquidity problems.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis although the appropriateness of this basis is dependent on the ability of this subsidiary to obtain continued financing and ultimately, on
future profitable operations (see note 32).
3. Significant accounting policies
(a) Accounting convention:

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, modified for the inclusion of certain fixed assets and investments in real estate at valuation.
(b) Basis of consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of all subsidiaries made up to December 31, 1996.

All significant inter-company transactions are eliminated.
The company and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Group".
Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions.

The equity method of accounting for the Group's investments in the associated companies has been adopted. Under the equity method, the Group's share of results of associated companies based on the latest audited financial statements available is included in the consolidated profit and loss accounts and the tax attributable to its share of profits is included in the group's taxation. A provision for the diminution in value of the investments in two associated companies was made in 1996 based on management accounts for one and the latest audited financial statements for the other as at December 31, 1996. In the consolidated balance sheet, investments are shown at the lower of cost and written down value plus the group's share of associated companies' reserves arising since acquisition.
(c) Depreciation:
(i) Fixed assets, with the exception of freehold land on which no depreciation is provided, are depreciated on the straight line basis at annual rates stimated to write off the assets over their expected useful lives. The depreciation rates are as follows:

| Freehold buildings | $21 / 2 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Leasehold improvements | $10 \%$ |
| Computers and accessories | $10 \%, 20 \%$ |
| Furniture, fixtures and |  |
| $\quad$ equipment | $10 \%, 20 \%$ |

Furniture, fixtures and
equipment
Motor vehicle
20\%
(ii) Leased equipment and motor vehicles are depreciated over the lease period to write off the cost, less anticipated proceeds on disposals.
(iii) No depreciation is charged on real estate held as investments.
(d) General insurance:
(i) Underwriting results:

The underwriting results of the general insurance subsidiary are determined after making provision for, inter alia, unearned premiums, outstanding claims, claims equalization and unexpired risks.
Unearned premium represents that portion of the premiums written in the period up to the accounting date which is attributable to subsequent periods and are calculated on the twenty-fourths basis on the total premiums written for motor, fire, accident and miscellaneous insurance, after taking account of reinsurance The twenty-fourths basis is not used for the marine cargo business, the calculation of which is $50 \%$ of net premiums written for the last three months

Outstanding claims represent claims arising from incidents prior to the accounting date but not settled at that date. Provision is made for such outstanding claims on the following bases:

- The estimated cost, net of reinsurance, of claims notified before the date on which the records for the year are closed based on the information available at that time.
- An estimate (based on prior experience), net of reinsurance, in respect of the probable cost of incurred but not reported claims, ie. claims arising from incidents prior to the accounting date but not notified by the date on which the records for the year are closed.

Claims equalization represents the amount set aside to reduce exceptional
fluctuations in the amount charged to revenue in subsequent financial years in respect of claims under insurance contracts. The charge to revenue is calculated on the basis of approximately 1\% of the year's net premium income
(d) General insurance
(i) Underwriting results (cont'd):

Unexpired risk represents the amount reserved, in addition to unearned premium, in respect of risks to be borne by the company under contracts of insurance entered into before the end of the financial year and is calculated on the basis of approximately $5 \%$ of the year's net premium written.
(ii) P.P.V. Pool

The general insurance subsidiary participates in the motor insurance pool for public hire vehicles administered by the Jamaica Claims Bureau, based on a flat rate of $5 \%$ plus an additional percentage computed on a market share basis in each year. Results are reported one year in arrears. The pool is being wound up.
(e) Life assurance fund:

The life assurance fund is determined after making provision for, inter alia, future benefit reserves, outstanding claims and claims equalization reserve, viz:
[i] The present value of future benefit reserves are determined by the company's actuaries in accordance with generally accepted standards of valuation.
[ii] Claims equalization represents the amount set aside to be used to prevent exceptional luctuations in the amounts charged to revenue in subsequent financial years in sespect of claims under insurance contracts and is calculated on the basis of approximately $25 \%$ of hospitalization, sickness and accident claims for the year.
[iii] Claims outstanding represent the estimated cost of claims notified before the date on which the records for the year are closed, based on the information available at the time.
(f) Investments:

Real estate is stated at open market value, determined annually by external chartered ppraisers/valuators. Unrealised appreciation on real estate is carried to the investment reserve of the life assurance subsidiary and to the capital reserve of the general insurance subsidiary which is included in the group's capital reserves. Transfers are made from the investment reserve to the life assurance fund of the life assurance subsidiary at the discretion of the directors, having regard to the advice of the actuaries.

Mortgage loans are stated at cost, less provision for losses as appropriate. All other investments are stated at cost.
(g) Deferred policy acquisition costs:

The cost of acquiring long duration new business (principally commissions and portfolio acquisition costs) and certain agency and marketing expenses, all of which vary with and are primarily related to the production of new business, have been deferred. These costs, adjusted for current assumptions as to persistency, are amortized over a period of five to seven years, commencing with the year following that in which they are incurred.
(h) Coffee plantations:

The costs of development are capitalised as deferred expenses up to maturity; thereafter they are expensed. Capitalized costs of mature coffee plantations are amortized over a period of thirty-three years.
(i) Deferred expenses:

Expenses relating to the installation of computer systems, promotional expenses, new product promotions and staff training are being written off over three to five years commencing with the year following that in which the expenses are incurred. In addition, these costs are reviewed annually to determine that the unamortized portion of such costs does not exceed amounts recoverable from related future income.
(j) Foreign currencies:

Foreign currency balances at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates of exchange ruling on that date.

Transactions in foreign currency are converted at the rates of exchange ruling at the dates of those transactions

Gains and losses arising from fluctuations in exchange rates are included in the profit and loss account
(k) Pensions:

The company and group operate pension schemes (see note 27) and the assets by the schemes are held separately from those of the company. Contributions to the schemes are charged to the Group Profit and Loss Account to fund past and future benefits.
4. Short-term deposits

These include certificates evidencing cash on deposit of $\$ 3,500,000$ (1995: \$3,970,000) equivalent to US $\$ 100,000$ held by a subsidiary's commercial bank as required by the Superintendent of Insurance.
5. Accounts receivable and prepaid expanses

1996 Company
1995
1996
Group
1995
Premiums due from policy holders, agents and brokers

Other accounts receivable and prepaid expenses
-
$\begin{array}{rr}113,359,332 & 119,305,966 \\ 111,589,831 & 78,060,217\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}\underline{4,109,126} & \underline{11,977,528} & \underline{111,589,831} & \underline{78,060,217} \\ \underline{\mathbf{4 , 1 0 9 , 1 2 6}} & \underline{\mathbf{1 1 2 4 , 9 4 9 , 5 2 8}} & \underline{197,366,183}\end{array}$
6. Bank overdraft

Bank overdraft is secured by Government of Jamaica securities (see note 7) of a face value of $\$ 1,600,000(1995: \$ 1,600,000)$ and the company's guarantee to cover up to $\$ 300,000$ (1995: $\$ 300,000$
7. Investments

Company Group

| Quoted investments |  | - | - | 51,461,278 | 142,266,171 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unquoted investments |  | - | - | 41,730,323 | 72,509,851 |
| Other investments: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Life insurance |  | - | - | 107,794 | 105,994 |
| Mortgage and other secured |  |  |  |  |  |
| loans |  | 480 | 5,668,980 | $82,044,666$ $471,819,217$ | $108,813,285$ $480,819,217$ |
|  |  | 480 | 5,668,980 | 647,163,278 | 804,514,518 |
| Market value of quoted investments | \$ | _ | - | 40,359,421 | 127,991,947 |

Quoted investments include Government of Jamaica securities with a face value of
$\$ 1,600,000$ (1995: $\$ 1,600,000$ ) which are held as collateral for the group's overdraft
facilities (see note 6). The carrying value of quoted investments is retained at
cost as the decline in market value is considered temporary.

Real estate was valued by Messrs. D.C. Tavares \& Finson Co. Limited, appraisers and valuators of Kingston, Jamaica as at December 31, 1996 on an open market basis
The surplus arising on revaluation as reduced by the directors estimate of
diminution in value has been transferred to capital reserves. All other investments are stated at cost.
8. Investments in associated companies
$1996^{\text {Company }}$
1995

Group
1995

Shares, at cost
Provision for diminution in value
Post-acquisition reserves
at beginning of year
Share of profits less losses
Share of taxation of associated company
Dividends received
Carrying value at end of year
$\begin{array}{cc}80,969,983 & 58,769,983 \\ (36,348,109) & -\end{array}$
$(36,348,109)$
$\begin{array}{ll}- & - \\ - & \end{array}$

114,215,582 $(30,780,440)$
, 675,582
$(2,785,085) \quad 3,460,302$
$15,493,533 \quad 1,852,184$

## $\$ \overline{44,621,874} \quad \overline{58,769,983}$

A provision for diminution in value of the investments in the associated companies Carib National
Group Limited and Dyoll Caribbean Financial Services Limited has been made based on the
latest audited financial statements for the former and management accounts for the latter as at December 31,1996.
9. Long-term receivable

National Housing Trust 2001/4 Secured loan (see note)
Less current maturity

Company

| Company |  |  | Group |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| 1996 | 1995 | 1996 | 1995 |  |
|  |  | - | 97,262 |  |
| 97,262 |  |  |  |  |
| $\frac{35,000,000}{35,000,000}$ | $\frac{40,000,000}{40,000,000}$ | $\frac{35,000,000}{35,097,262}$ | $\underline{40,000,000} 40,097,262$ |  |
| $\$ \underline{35,000,000}$ | $\underline{40,000,000}$ | $\underline{35,000,000}$ | $\underline{40,000,000}$ |  |
| - | $\underline{97,262}$ | $\underline{97,262}$ |  |  |

Note:
The secured loan represents a US\$1,000,000 12\% (1995: 10\%) loan secured by the ordinary shares of a related company and is receivable by March 31,1997.
10. Fixed assets

Company:
Freehold
buildings
and leasehold
improvements

At cost or valuation December 31,1995 Additions
Disposals
December 31, 1996
At cost
At valuation

Depreciation
December 31, 1995
Charge for the year
Eliminated on disposals December 31, 1996

Net book values:
December 31, 1996 December 31, 1995

Furniture, fixtures, equipment, vehicles and leased equipment and vehicles

$$
6,110,073
$$

$$
\frac{\left(\frac{515,765}{}\right)}{\frac{5,594,308}{5,594,308}}
$$

5,594,308

| $2,291,750$ |
| ---: |
| 850,747 |
| $\left(\begin{array}{r}219,822) \\ \hline 2,922,675 \\ \hline\end{array}\right.$ |

2,671,633 $\frac{2,671,633}{3,818,323}$

Computers
ccessories Totals

| $22,065,556$ | $43,806,212$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 367,287 | 603,320 |


| $\left(\begin{array}{r}25,833) \\ \frac{22,407,010}{22,407,010} \\ -\end{array}\right.$ | $\frac{(9,848,360)}{34,561,172}$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $1,961,172$ |  |
| $1,600,000$ |  |

$\overline{-\quad-} \quad \frac{1,600,000}{34,561,172}$

| $6,046,583$ | $9,733,414$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $4,073,335$ | $5,269,434$ |
| $\left(\begin{array}{ll}23,967) & (1,197,653 \\ \hline 10,095,951 \\ \hline\end{array}\right.$ | $\underline{13,805,195}$ |

12,318,059 20,755,977 $16,018,973 \quad \frac{20,755,977}{34,072,798}$

Group:

At cost or valuation: December 31, 1995 Additions
Disposals
December 31, 1996
At cost
At valuation
Depreciation:
December 31, 1995
Charge for the year
Eliminated on
disposals
December 31, 1996
Net book values:
December 31, 1996
December 31, 1995

77,474,433
11,874,433
65,600,000 77,474,433

9,351,058<br>2,523,573<br>$(\underline{2,165,206)}$<br>9,709,425

## 67,765,008

 76,154,18047,711,394 6,304,907 $(8,085,134)$
45,931,167
45,931,167
$\stackrel{-}{45,931,167}$

| $17,036,852$ |
| ---: |
| $7,866,545$ |
| $\left(\frac{4,197,888}{}\right.$ |
| $20,705,509$ |

20,705,509

39,029,974
11,143,866 $\frac{25,833)}{50,148,007}$

50,148,007
50,148,007

11,384,405
6,843,648
23,967)

172,246,606 23,404,185 $\begin{array}{r}(23,097,184) \\ \hline 173,553,607\end{array}$ 173,553,607

107,953,607 65,600,000 173,553,607

37,772,315 17,233,766

## ( 6,387,061)

 48,619,020Freehold land and buildings were revalued by D.C. Tavares and Finson Co. Ltd., real estate
appraisers of Kingston, Jamaica at an open market valuation as at June 25 , 1992 of
$\$ 14,050,000$ for the company and $\$ 78,050,000$ for the group. Certain fixtures owned by the company and the group are included at independent 1989 and 1991 open market valuations respectively, with additions after valuation dates at cost. Surplus arising on revaluation, inclusive of depreciation no longer required, have been transferred to capital reserves (see note 14).
Freehold land and buildings include land at a valuation of $\$ 20,000$ (1995: $\$ 20,000$ ) for the group.
11. Deferred policy acquisition costs

Group
At beginning of year
Acquisition costs deferred:
Commissions
Marketing expenses

Amortization:
portfolio acquisition costs
Commissions
Marketing expenses
At end of year

| 1996 |
| ---: |
| $29,774,018$ |
| $13,542,845$ |
| $\frac{2,573,140}{16,115,985}$ |
| 709,351 |
| $6,361,963$ |
| $1,256,996$ |
| $\mathbf{8 7 , 3 2 8 , 3 1 0}$ |

12. Deferred expenses

1996
company
1995
1996

## Coffee plantations <br> Other

## $\begin{array}{ll}\frac{1,254,398}{1,254,398} & \underline{965,893} \\ \underline{965,893}\end{array}$

32,509,901
$\begin{array}{r}\frac{3,610,311}{36,120,212} \\ \hline\end{array}$
13. Share capital

Authorised:
$50,000,000$ ordinary shares of $50 ¢$ each
ssued and fully paid
44,777,460 ordinary stock
units of 50 \& each

Group
1995

24,568,985 $\begin{array}{r}\frac{4,342,924}{28,911,909} \\ \hline\end{array}$

1995
19,458,436
13,222,080
2,512,195 15,734,275

709,351 3,905,893 803,449 $\begin{array}{r}5,418,693 \\ 29,774,018 \\ \hline\end{array}$

Capital:
Share premium
Capital redemption reserve
Other:
At the beginning of the year
surplus on revaluation of
real estate
Transfer from/(to) profit and loss account
Gain on disposal of fixed assets and investment
Exceptional item - (loss)/ gain on exchange (see note 20
Capital distribution received Capital distribution paid, net
uife assurance fund
At the end of the year
Total capital
Revenue:
(Accumulated deficit)/retained
earnings at end of year

| $\underline{50,883,086}$ | $\underline{50,883,086}$ | $\frac{50,883,086}{1,600,000}$ | $\frac{50,883,086}{1,600,000}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39,951,997 | 22,330,257 | 336,692,948 | 416,431,387 |
| - | - | - | 1,200,000 |
| 3,518,220 | 9,272,132 | 4,289,721 | 11,826,473 |
| - | - | $(23,257,125)$ | 28,398,370 |
| - | 11,655,000 | 28,683 | 14,742,110 |
| - | $(3,305,392)$ | - | $(15,905,392)$ |
| - | - | - | $(120,000,000)$ |
| 43,470,217 | 39,951,997 | 317,754,227 | 336,692,948 |
| 94,353,303 | 90,835,083 | 370,237,313 | 389,176,034 |
| $(36,987,557)$ | 4,368,339 | ( 63,719,562) | 128,680,900 |
| \$57,365,746 | 95,203,422 | 306,517,751 | 517,856,934 |

Group

Unearned premiums reserve
Actuarially determined future benefits reserve
Unexpired risk reserve
Claims equalization reserve
Insurance fund
provision for outstanding claims

| 1996 | 1995 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $182,746,999$ | $189,288,494$ |
| $241,298,178$ | $198,436,067$ |
| $18,766,375$ | $18,199,541$ |
| $16,226,270$ | $12,472,713$ |
| 50,871 |  |
| $459,088,693$ | 50,871 |
| $\mathbf{2 8 2 , 9 0 4 , 8 4 2}$ | $\underline{235,957,686}$ |
| $\underline{741,993,535}$ | $\underline{654,402,048}$ |

16. Due to subsidiaries

This comprises both interest-free and variable rate interest-bearing loans, repayment terms for which have not-been determined.
17. Long-term loans

|  |  |  | Company |  | Group |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1996 | 1995 | 1996 | 1995 |
|  | 12\% | - 1979/2004 | - | - | 616,187 | 664,721 |
| (ii) | 14\% | - 1992/1998 | - | - | 511,004 | 766,516 |
| (iii) | 15\% | - 1994/2002 | - | - | 4,000,003 | 4,727,275 |
| (iv) | 10\% | - 1996 | 11,020,205 | 40,000,000 | 11,020,205 | 40,000,000 |
| (v) | $121 / 2$ | - 2000 | - | - | 5,833,520 | 8,571,520 |
| (vi) | 34\% | - 1998 | 12,481,839 | - | 12,481,839 | 16,146,859 |
| (vii) | 46\% | - 1998 |  | - - | - | 897,006 |
|  |  |  | 23,502,044 | 40,000,000 | 34,462,758 | 71,773,897 |
| Less: | curre | maturities | (19,785,245) | $(\underline{40,000,000)}$ | $(22,875,483)$ | $(42,926,310)$ |
|  |  |  | \$ 3,716,799 | - | 11,587,275 | 28,847,587 |

Loan (i) is secured on a subsidiary's freehold buildings and is repayable by equal
half yearly instalments, inclusive of interest, of $\$ 63,444$, the final instalment being due on November 30, 2004.

Loans (ii) and (iii) are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the fixed and floating assets of a subsidiary, with collateral bill of sale over stock stamped to cover $\$ 2,467,000$, a crop lien over 200 acres of leasehold coffee plantations of a subsidiary and a guarantee from the company to cover $\$ 8,466,960$. Loan (1i) is repayable in quarterly instalments of $\$ 63,878$ which commenced in December 1992. Loan (iii) is repayable in quarterly instalments of $\$ 181,818$ which commenced in September 1994.

Loan (iv) represents the outstanding principal on a US\$1,000,000 loan which was negotiated in 1996. The outstanding principal amount of US\$315,000 is to be repaid by semi-annual instalments in June and December 1997

Loan (v) represents a loan of US $\$ 250,000$ which is subject to a guarantee from the company of $\mathrm{J} \$ 15.2$ million. The loan is repayable in quarterly instalments of US\$11,904, which commenced in May 1995.

Loan (vi) is secured by promissory notes. The loan is repayable in 36 monthly instalments of $\$ 730,420$, which commenced in January 1996

Loan (vii) represented a loan of $\$ 974,954$ which was secured by a bill of sale over a motor truck. The loan was repayable in monthly instalments of principal and interest amounting to $\$ 53,004$, which commenced in July 1995. It was repaid in 1996.
18. Gross revenue

Gross revenue represents gross premium written, income from leasing and investments, and sale of coffee berries.
19. Disclosure of (income)/expenses

Group operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

Depreciation
Directors' emoluments

- management
prior year
Amortization of deferred expenses/policy acquisition costs
Mortgage and loan interest paid
Other interest paid
Investment income
Interest from associated company
Loss/(profit) on sale of investments
Lease income
Gain on disposal of fixed assets
(Gain)/loss on exchange, net

1996
$\$$ 216,000 3,758,176
3,545,000 2,955,000
47,000
9,349,428 5,835,525
61,647,724 $\quad 51,000,322$ 4,510,348 617,223 $(103,640,774)(105,922,052)$
$(11,692,977) \quad(831,718)$
$1,392,495 \quad(2,692,466)$ $(8,692,466)$
$(958,148)$ (589, 289) 803,649
20. Exceptional items

This represents net exchange gains on translation of the results of the group's Cayman and Bahamas operations due to the devaluation of the Jamaican dollar (see note 14) and redundancy costs.
21. Taxation

Taxation is based on the profit for the year adjusted for tax purposes and is made up as follows:

Premium tax
Income tax at 33 1/3\%
Taxation on share of losses in subsidiary not consolidated
Transfer tax at 7 1/2\%
Taxation on share of profits of associated company
Prior year under provision
1996
2,164,296
-
22,477
2,186,773
$\begin{array}{r}19,504 \\ \hline \mathbf{2 , 2 0 6 , 2 7 7}\end{array}$

1995

Premium tax at $1.5 \%$ is payable on net life assurance premiums written during the year.
Income tax at $71 / 2 \%$ is payable on the investment income of the life assurance subsidiary, adjusted for taxation purposes.

Taxation losses subject to agreement by the Commissioner of Income Tax, available indefinitely, for relief against future taxable profits amounted to approximately $\$ 126,964,000$ (1995: $\$ 13,174,000$ ) for the group and $\$ 1,425,306$ (1995: \$Nil) for the company.
22. Extraordinary item less taxation

The extraordinary item represents a provision for the diminution in value of investments in two associated companies. There is no taxation attributable to this provision.
In the prior year the extraordinary item represented a gain on sale of a subsidiary and two associated companies.
23. (Loss)/profit attributable to the group

Dealt with in the financial statements of:

## The company <br> Subsidiaries, net <br> Associated companies, net

* Restated

25. (Accumulated deficit)/retained earnings

Retained in the financial statements of: The company
Subsidiaries, net
Associated companies, net

* Restated

26. (Loss)/earnings per stock unit

The calculation of (loss)/earnings per stock unit is based on the (loss)/profit attributable to stockholders before and after extraordinary item and on the 44,777,460 ordinary stock units in issue.
24. Distributions

First interim capital distribution of Nilc (1995: 8 cents) per stock unit, net
Interim dividend of Nil¢ (1995: 2 ) per stock unit, gross
Final proposed dividend of Nil¢ (1995: 13 $)$ per stock unit
$\begin{array}{lr}- & 3,305,392 \\ - & 893,349 \\ - & 5,821,070 \\ - & 10,019,811\end{array}$


19961995

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
(36,987,557) & 43,683,339 \\
(5,233,536) & 127,097,646 * \\
(21,498,469) & \left(\frac{2,785,085)}{(128,719,562)}\right. \\
\hline \mathbf{( 6 3 , 7 9 0 , 9 0 0}
\end{array}
$$

27. Pension schemes

Contributory pension schemes, providing for final salary-related benefits, are in operation for all employees who have satisfied certain minimum service requirements.

The latest actuarial valuation as at December 31, 1994 disclosed a surplus of $\$ 1,034,000$.
The next actuarial valuation is due as at December 31,1997.
Contributions for the year amounted to $\$ 2,480,455(1995: \$ 2,269,929)$ for the company and $\$ 7,714,353$ (1995: $\$ 8,790,938$ ) for the group.

The schemes are administered by Dyoll Life Limited, a subsidiary.
28. Stock option plan

On January 1, 1994, 10\% of the company's authorised share capital, comprising $5,000,000$ stock units was reserved for the purpose of granting stock options to eligible executives of the company and its subsidiaries under a stock option scheme approved by the shareholders.

The purchase price will be determined as the average price prevailing on the four trading days preceding the date on which an option is exercised.
As at December 31, 1996, 777,500 (1995: 777,500) stock units had been issued under the scheme.
29. Subsidiaries and associated companies

Subsidiaries

Dyoll Insurance Company Ltd.

Dyoll Life Limited

U Collee Company Limi

Cayman Insurance Centre Limited
(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands)

Dyoll Caribbean Financial Services Limited

Seville Development Corporation
Limited

Equity holding

100\%

51\%
-
$37 \%$

20\%
$20 \%$

1996
1995
30\%
Equity holding

| 1996 | 1995 | Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100\% | 100\% | General insurance underwriting |
| 100\% | 100\% | Life assurance, general health and accident insurance |
| 51\% | 51\% | Coffee cultivation |
| - | 98\% | Stock exchange brokers and investment analysts |
| 37\% | 37\% | General, health and life insurance broking and insurance premium financing |
| 49\% | - | Merchant banking, stock exchange brokers and investment analyst |
| 20\% | 20\% | Property investment |
| holding |  |  |
| 1996 | 1995 | Activities |
| 30\% | 30\% | Provision of management services to subsidiaries which are involved in underwriting of general and life insurance |

Except as indicated, the subsidiaries and associated companies are incorporated in Jamaica.
30. Commitments

At December 31, 1996, there were commitments
(a) by subsidiary under non-cancellable operating leases expiring between 1996 and 2009 amounting to $\$ 648,826$ (1995: $\$ 513,587$ ). The amounts payable in the next twelve months aggregate \$ 388,688 (1995: \$254,439);
(b) in respect of the purchase of computer software amounting to $\$ 20,479,485$ (1995: $\$ 28,732,163$ ) by the group
31. Contingent liabilities
(a) The company has guaranteed loans amounting to $\$ 5,000,000(1995: \$ 5,000,000)$ of corporate entity which was a related company
(b) The company has guaranteed the amount of $\$ 100,000,000$ to secure an umbrella credit facility for a subsidiary. At December 31, 1996 this liability amounted to $\$ 46,773,000$ (1995: $\$ 36,035,846$ ).
(c) The company has guaranteed a long term liability of a subsidiary to Agricultural Credit Bank on various loans fully repayable between 1994 and 2002 to a maximum of $\$ 15,200,000$ (1995: $\$ 15,200,000$ ). At December 31, 1996 this liability amounted to $\$ 10,344,227$ (1995: $\$ 14,065,311$ )

## Dyoll Group Limited 1996

## Notes to the Financial Statements

1. The company

The company is incorporated under the Laws of Jamaica and its stock units are quoted on the Jamaica Stock Exchange.

These financial statements are presented in Jamaican dollars.
The principal activity of the company is providing management services to its subsidiaries and associated companies (see note 29).
2. Accounting basis

A subsidiary has sustained substantial losses during the year ended
December 31, 1996 and there is a mismatch of assets and liabilities which created and continues to create liquidity problems.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis although the appropriateness of this basis is dependent on the ability of this subsidiary to obtain continued financing and ultimately, on
future profitable operations (see note 32).
3. Significant accounting policies
(a) Accounting convention:

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, modified for the inclusion of certain fixed assets and investments in real estate at valuation.
(b) Basis of consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of all subsidiaries made up to December 31, 1996.

All significant inter-company transactions are eliminated.
The company and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Group".
Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions.

The equity method of accounting for the Group's investments in the associated companies has been adopted. Under the equity method, the Group's share of results of associated companies based on the latest audited financial statements available is included in the consolidated profit and loss accounts and the tax attributable to its share of profits is included in the group's taxation. A provision for the diminution in value of the investments in two associated companies was made in 1996 based on management accounts for one and the latest audited financial statements for the other as at December 31, 1996. In the consolidated balance sheet, investments are shown at the lower of cost and written down value plus the group's share of associated companies' reserves arising since acquisition.
(c) Depreciation:
(i) Fixed assets, with the exception of freehold land on which no depreciation is provided, are depreciated on the straight line basis at annual rates stimated to write off the assets over their expected useful lives. The depreciation rates are as follows:

| Freehold buildings | $21 / 2 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Leasehold improvements | $10 \%$ |
| Computers and accessories | $10 \%, 20 \%$ |
| Furniture, fixtures and |  |
| $\quad$ equipment | $10 \%, 20 \%$ |

Furniture, fixtures and
equipment
Motor vehicle
20\%
(ii) Leased equipment and motor vehicles are depreciated over the lease period to write off the cost, less anticipated proceeds on disposals.
(iii) No depreciation is charged on real estate held as investments.
(d) General insurance:
(i) Underwriting results:

The underwriting results of the general insurance subsidiary are determined after making provision for, inter alia, unearned premiums, outstanding claims, claims equalization and unexpired risks.
Unearned premium represents that portion of the premiums written in the period up to the accounting date which is attributable to subsequent periods and are calculated on the twenty-fourths basis on the total premiums written for motor, fire, accident and miscellaneous insurance, after taking account of reinsurance The twenty-fourths basis is not used for the marine cargo business, the calculation of which is $50 \%$ of net premiums written for the last three months

Outstanding claims represent claims arising from incidents prior to the accounting date but not settled at that date. Provision is made for such outstanding claims on the following bases:

- The estimated cost, net of reinsurance, of claims notified before the date on which the records for the year are closed based on the information available at that time.
- An estimate (based on prior experience), net of reinsurance, in respect of the probable cost of incurred but not reported claims, ie. claims arising from incidents prior to the accounting date but not notified by the date on which the records for the year are closed.

Claims equalization represents the amount set aside to reduce exceptional
fluctuations in the amount charged to revenue in subsequent financial years in respect of claims under insurance contracts. The charge to revenue is calculated on the basis of approximately 1\% of the year's net premium income
(d) General insurance
(i) Underwriting results (cont'd):

Unexpired risk represents the amount reserved, in addition to unearned premium, in respect of risks to be borne by the company under contracts of insurance entered into before the end of the financial year and is calculated on the basis of approximately $5 \%$ of the year's net premium written.
(ii) P.P.V. Pool

The general insurance subsidiary participates in the motor insurance pool for public hire vehicles administered by the Jamaica Claims Bureau, based on a flat rate of $5 \%$ plus an additional percentage computed on a market share basis in each year. Results are reported one year in arrears. The pool is being wound up.
(e) Life assurance fund:

The life assurance fund is determined after making provision for, inter alia, future benefit reserves, outstanding claims and claims equalization reserve, viz:
[i] The present value of future benefit reserves are determined by the company's actuaries in accordance with generally accepted standards of valuation.
[ii] Claims equalization represents the amount set aside to be used to prevent exceptional luctuations in the amounts charged to revenue in subsequent financial years in sespect of claims under insurance contracts and is calculated on the basis of approximately $25 \%$ of hospitalization, sickness and accident claims for the year.
[iii] Claims outstanding represent the estimated cost of claims notified before the date on which the records for the year are closed, based on the information available at the time.
(f) Investments:

Real estate is stated at open market value, determined annually by external chartered ppraisers/valuators. Unrealised appreciation on real estate is carried to the investment reserve of the life assurance subsidiary and to the capital reserve of the general insurance subsidiary which is included in the group's capital reserves. Transfers are made from the investment reserve to the life assurance fund of the life assurance subsidiary at the discretion of the directors, having regard to the advice of the actuaries.

Mortgage loans are stated at cost, less provision for losses as appropriate. All other investments are stated at cost.
(g) Deferred policy acquisition costs:

The cost of acquiring long duration new business (principally commissions and portfolio acquisition costs) and certain agency and marketing expenses, all of which vary with and are primarily related to the production of new business, have been deferred. These costs, adjusted for current assumptions as to persistency, are amortized over a period of five to seven years, commencing with the year following that in which they are incurred.
(h) Coffee plantations:

The costs of development are capitalised as deferred expenses up to maturity; thereafter they are expensed. Capitalized costs of mature coffee plantations are amortized over a period of thirty-three years.
(i) Deferred expenses:

Expenses relating to the installation of computer systems, promotional expenses, new product promotions and staff training are being written off over three to five years commencing with the year following that in which the expenses are incurred. In addition, these costs are reviewed annually to determine that the unamortized portion of such costs does not exceed amounts recoverable from related future income.
(j) Foreign currencies:

Foreign currency balances at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates of exchange ruling on that date.

Transactions in foreign currency are converted at the rates of exchange ruling at the dates of those transactions

Gains and losses arising from fluctuations in exchange rates are included in the profit and loss account
(k) Pensions:

The company and group operate pension schemes (see note 27) and the assets by the schemes are held separately from those of the company. Contributions to the schemes are charged to the Group Profit and Loss Account to fund past and future benefits.
4. Short-term deposits

These include certificates evidencing cash on deposit of $\$ 3,500,000$ (1995: $\$ 3,970,000$ ) equivalent to US $\$ 100,000$ held by a subsidiary's commercial bank as required by the Superintendent of Insurance.
5. Accounts receivable and prepaid expanses

Premiums due from policy
holders, agents and brokers - - 113,359,332 119,305,966
Other accounts receivable and prepaid expenses

4,109,126
$\$ 4,109,126$
6. Bank overdraft

Bank overdraft is secured by Government of Jamaica securities (see note 7) of a face value of $\$ 1,600,000(1995: \$ 1,600,000)$ and the company's guarantee to cover up to $\$ 300,000$ (1995: $\$ 300,000$
7. Investments

Company
199619951996

Quoted investments
Unquoted investment
Other investments:
Life insurance
Mortgage and other secured
Mortgage and other secured
Real estate [see note 3(f)]
Market value of quoted
investments

1995
-
51,461,278 142,266,171 41,730,323 72,509,851

107,794 105,994
5,664,480 5,668,980
$\$ 5,664,480$
$\qquad$

82,044,666 108,813,285 $\begin{array}{ll}\underline{471,819,217} & \underline{480,819,217} \\ \underline{647,163,278} & \underline{804,514,518}\end{array}$

Quoted investments include Government of Jamaica securities with a face value of
$\$ 1,600,000$ (1995: $\$ 1,600,000$ ) which are held as collateral for the group's overdraft facilities (see note 6). The carrying value of quoted investments is retained at cost as the decline in market value is considered temporary.
Real estate was valued by Messrs. D.C. Tavares \& Finson Co. Limited, appraisers and valuators of Kingston, Jamaica as at December 31, 1996 on an open market basis The surplus arising on revaluation as reduced by the directors' estimate of
diminution in value has been transferred to capital reserves. All other investments are stated at cost.
8. Investments in associated companies
Company
1995
1996
Group

## 1996

1995

Shares, at cost
Provision for diminution in value
Post-acquisition reserves
at beginning of year
Share of profits less losses
Share of taxation of associated company
Dividends received
Carrying value at end of year

| $80,969,983$ | $58,769,983$ | $114,215,582$ <br> $(30,780,440)$ | $67,015,582$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $(36,348,109)$ | - | $(2,785,085)$ | $3,460,302$ |
| - | - | $15,493,533$ | $1,852,184$ |
| - | - | $(22,477)$ | - |
| - | - | $\left(\frac{3,404,000)}{}\left(\frac{8,097,571)}{64,230,497}\right.\right.$ |  |

A provision for diminution in value of the investments in the associated companies Carib National Group Limited and Dyoll Caribbean Financial Services Limited has been made based on the
latest audited financial statements for the former and management accounts for the latter as at December 31,1996.
9. Long-term receivable
company

| Company |  | Group |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1996 | 1995 | 1996 | 1995 |
| - | - | 97,262 | 97,262 |
| $\frac{35,000,000}{35,000,000}$ | $\frac{40,000,000}{40,000,000}$ | $\frac{35,000,000}{35,097,262}$ | $\underline{40,000,000} 40,097,262$ |
| $\$ \underline{35,000,000}$ | $\underline{40,000,000}$ | $\frac{35,000,000}{97,262}$ | $\underline{40,000,000}$ |
| - | - |  |  |

## Note:

The secured loan represents a US\$1,000,000 12\% (1995: 10\%) loan secured by the ordinary shares of a related company and is receivable by March 31,1997
10. Fixed assets

Company:

# building <br> and leasehold improvements 

At cost or valuation December 31,1995 Additions
Disposals
December 31, 1996
At cost
At valuation

Depreciation
December 31, 1995
Charge for the year
Eliminated on disposals
December 31, 1996
Net book values:
December 31, 1996
December 31, 1995
Group:
At cost or valuation: December 31, 1995 Additions
Disposals
December 31, 1996
At cost
At valuation

15,630,583 236,033 $\frac{(9,306,762)}{6,559,854}$ (9,559,854 4,959,854 1,600,000 6,559,854

85,505,238
5,955,412 $(13,986,217)$ 77,474,433
11,874,433 65,600,000 77,474,433

## 1,395,081 <br> 345,352 (953,864) 786,569

Furniture, fixtures, equipment, vehicles and leased equipment and vehicles

$$
6,110,073
$$

$\left(\begin{array}{r}515,765) \\ \frac{5,594,308}{5,594,308} \\ \hline \\ \hline \text { 5,594,308 }\end{array}\right.$

| 2,291,750 |
| :---: |
| 850,747 |
| 219,822 |
| 2,922,675 |

## $\frac{2,671,633}{3,818,323}$

| 47,711,394 |
| :---: |
| , |
| ( 8,085,134 |
| 45,931,167 |
| 931,167 |
|  |
|  |

Computers
accessories

2, 065,556 367,287 $\begin{array}{r}25,833) \\ \hline 22,407,010\end{array}$ 22,407,010 22,407,010 22,407,010

| 6,046,583 | 9,733,414 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4,073,335 | 5,269,434 |
| 23,967) | ( 1,197,653) |
| 10,095,951 | 13,805,195 |
| 12,318,059 | 20,755,977 |
| 16,018,973 | 34,072,798 |

Totals

43, 806,212 603,320 $\left(\frac{9,848,360}{34,561,172}\right.$ 34,561,172 32,961,172 1,600,000 34,561,172 | $34,072,798$ |
| :--- |



| $39,029,974$ |
| ---: |
| $11,143,866$ |
| $\left(\begin{array}{r}25,833\end{array}\right.$ |
| $50,148,007$ |
| $50,148,007$ |
| $50,148,007$ |

Depreciation:

## December 31, 1995

Eliminated on
disposals
December 31, 1996
Net book values:
$9,351,058$
$2,523,573$
2,165,206 9,709,425

17,036,852
7,866,545
$(4,197,888)$
20,705,509

## 25,225,658

$\frac{25,225,658}{30,674,543}$
$11,384,405$
$6,843,648$ 6,843,648
$\qquad$

37,772,315 17,233,766
$(6,387,061)$ 48,619,020

## 67,765,008

 \$76,154,18031,943,921 27,645,56

124,934,587 34,474,291

Freehold land and buildings were revalued by D.C. Tavares and Finson Co. Ltd., real estate appraisers of Kingston, Jamaica at an open market valuation as at June 25, 1992 of
$\$ 14,050,000$ for the company and $\$ 78,050,000$ for the group. Certain fixtures owned by the company and the group are included at independent 1989 and 1991 open market valuations respectively, with additions after valuation dates at cost. Surplus arising on revaluation, inclusive of depreciation no longer required, have been transferred to capital reserves (see note 14).

Freehold land and buildings include land at a valuation of $\$ 20,000(1995: \$ 20,000)$ for the group.
11. Deferred policy acquisition costs

Group

| 1996 | 1995 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 29,774,018 | 19,458,436 |
| 13,542,845 | 13,222,080 |
| 2,573,140 | 2,512,195 |
| 16,115,985 | 15,734,275 |
| 709,351 | 709,351 |
| 6,361,963 | 3,905,893 |
| 1,256,996 | 803,449 |
| 8,328,310 | 5,418,693 |
| \$37,561,693 | 29,774,018 |

12. Deferred expenses

1996
Group

Coffee plantations Other

\section*{| $\underline{1,254,398}$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ \underline{1,254,398}$ | $\underline{965,893}$ | $\underline{3,610,311}$ | $\underline{4,342,924}$ |}

13. Share capital

Authorised:
50,000,000 ordinary shares of $50 \%$ each

|  |  | 1996 | 1995 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$25,000,000 | 25,000,000 |
|  |  | \$22,388,730 | 22,388,730 |
| 1996 Company 1995 |  | 1996 | Group 1995 |
| 50,883,086 | 50,883,086 | 50,883,086 | 50,883,086 |
| - | - | 1,600,000 | 1,600,000 |
| 39,951,997 | 22,330,257 | 336,692,948 | 416,431,387 |
| - | - | - | 1,200,000 |
| 3,518,220 | 9,272,132 | 4,289,721 | 11,826,473 |

[^0]15 Insurance funds

|  | 1996 | 1995 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Unearned premiums reserve | $182,746,999$ | $189,288,494$ |
| Actuarially determined future benefits reserve | $241,298,178$ | $198,436,067$ |
| Unexpired risk reserve | $18,766,375$ | $18,199,541$ |
| Claims equalization reserve | $16,226,270$ | $12,472,713$ |
| Insurance fund | 50,871 | 50,871 |
| Provision for outstanding claims | $\underline{459,088,693}$ | $\underline{418,447,686}$ |
|  | $\underline{282,904,842}$ | $\underline{235,954,362}$ |

16. Due to subsidiaries

This comprises both interest-free and variable rate interest-bearing loans, repayment terms for which have not-been determined.
17. Long-term loans

|  |  |  | Company |  | Group |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1996 | 1995 | 1996 | 1995 |
| (i) | 12\% | - 1979/2004 | - | - | 616,187 | 664,721 |
| (ii) | 14\% | - 1992/1998 | - | - | 511,004 | 766,516 |
| (iii) | 15\% | - 1994/2002 | - | - | 4,000,003 | 4,727,275 |
| (iv) | 10\% | - 1996 | 11,020,205 | 40,000,000 | 11,020,205 | 40,000,000 |


| (v) 12 1/2\% - 2000 | - | - | 5,833,520 | 8,571,520 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (vi) 34\% - 1998 | 12,481,839 | - | 12,481,839 | 16,146,859 |
| (vii) 46\% - 1998 | - | - | - | 897,006 |
|  | 23,502,044 | $\overline{40,000,000}$ | 34,462,758 | 71,773,897 |
| Less: current maturities | $(19,785,245)$ | $(40,000,000)$ | $(22,875,483)$ | $(\underline{42,926,310)}$ |
|  | \$ 3,716,799 | - | 11,587,275 | 28,847,587 |

Loan (i) is secured on a subsidiary's freehold buildings and is repayable by equal half yearly instalments, inclusive of interest, of $\$ 63,444$, the final instalment being due on November 30, 2004.

Loans (ii) and (iii) are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the fixed and floating assets of a subsidiary, with collateral bill of sale over stock stamped to cover $\$ 2,467,000$, a crop lien over 200 acres of leasehold coffee plantations of a subsidiary and a guarantee from the company to cover $\$ 8,466,960$. Loan (ii) is repayable in quarterly instalments of $\$ 63,878$ which commenced in December 1992. Loan (iii) is repayable in quarterly instalments of $\$ 181,818$ which commenced in September 1994

Loan (iv) represents the outstanding principal on a US $\$ 1,000,000$ loan which was negotiated in 1996. The outstanding principal amount of US $\$ 315,000$ is to be repaid by semi-annual instalments in June and December 1997.
Loan (v) represents a loan of US $\$ 250,000$ which is subject to a guarantee from the company of J\$15.2 million. The loan is repayable in quarterly instalments of US\$11,904, which commenced in May 1995.
Loan (vi) is secured by promissory notes. The loan is repayable in 36 monthly instalments of $\$ 730,420$, which commenced in January 1996.

Loan (vii) represented a loan of $\$ 974,954$ which was secured by a bill of sale over a motor truck. The loan was repayable in monthly instalments of principal and interest amounting to $\$ 53,004$, which commenced in July 1995. It was repaid in 1996.
18. Gross revenue

Gross revenue represents gross premium written, income from leasing and investments, and sale of coffee berries.
19. Disclosure of (income)/expenses

Group operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

Depreciation
Directors' emoluments

- management
prior year
Amortization of deferred expenses/policy acquisition costs
Mortgage and loan interest paid
Other interest paid
Investment income
Interest from associated company
Loss/(profit) on sale of investments
Lease income
Gain on disposal of fixed assets
(Gain)/loss on exchange, net

1996
$\$$ 216,000 3,758,176
3,545,000 2,955,000
47,000
9,349,428 5,835,525
61,647,724 $\quad 51,000,322$ 4,510,348 617,223 $(103,640,774)(105,922,052)$
$(11,692,977) \quad(831,718)$
$1,392,495 \quad(2,692,466)$ $(8,692,466)$
$(958,148)$ (589, 289) 803,649
20. Exceptional items

This represents net exchange gains on translation of the results of the group's Cayman and Bahamas operations due to the devaluation of the Jamaican dollar (see note 14) and redundancy costs.
21. Taxation

Taxation is based on the profit for the year adjusted for tax purposes and is made up as follows:

Premium tax
Income tax at 33 1/3\%
Taxation on share of losses in subsidiary not consolidated
Transfer tax at 7 1/2。
Taxation on share of profits of associated company
Prior year under provision
1996

1995

Premium tax at $1.5 \%$ is payable on net life assurance premiums written during the year.
Income tax at $71 / 2 \%$ is payable on the investment income of the life assurance subsidiary, adjusted for taxation purposes.

Taxation losses subject to agreement by the Commissioner of Income Tax, available indefinitely, for relief against future taxable profits amounted to approximately $\$ 126,964,000$ (1995: $\$ 13,174,000$ ) for the group and $\$ 1,425,306$ (1995: \$Nil) for the company.
22. Extraordinary item less taxation

The extraordinary item represents a provision for the diminution in value of investments in two associated companies. There is no taxation attributable to this provision.
In the prior year the extraordinary item represented a gain on sale of a subsidiary and two associated companies.
23. (Loss)/profit attributable to the group

Dealt with in the financial statements of

|  | 1996 | 1995 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| The company | $(37,837,676)$ | $35,680,367 *$ |
| Subsidiaries, net | $(167,630,784)$ | $41,264,599 *$ |
| Associated companies, net | $(5,870,723)$ | $6,245,387$ |

First interim capital distribution of Nil
(1995: 8 cents) per stock unit, net
Interim dividend of Nil¢ (1995: 2 \&) per stock unit, gross
Final proposed dividend of Nilל (1995: 13 $)$ per stock unit
$-\quad 3,305,392$

- 5,821,070
* Restated

25. (Accumulated deficit)/retained earnings

Retained in the financial statements of: The company
Subsidiaries, net
Associated companies, net

* Restated

26. (Loss)/earnings per stock unit

The calculation of (loss)/earnings per stock unit is based on the (loss)/profit attributable to stockholders before and after extraordinary item and on the 44,777,460 ordinary stock units in issue.
27. Pension schemes

Contributory pension schemes, providing for final salary-related benefits, are in operation for all employees who have satisfied certain minimum service requirements
The latest actuarial valuation as at December 31, 1994 disclosed a surplus of $\$ 1,034,000$.
The next actuarial valuation is due as at December 31,1997.
Contributions for the year amounted to $\$ 2,480,455$ (1995: $\$ 2,269,929$ ) for the company and $\$ 7,714,353$ (1995: $\$ 8,790,938$ ) for the group.
The schemes are administered by Dyoll Life Limited, a subsidiary.
28. Stock option plan

On January 1, 1994, 10\% of the company's authorised share capital, comprising 5,000,000 stock units was reserved for the purpose of granting stock options to eligible executives of the company and its subsidiaries under a stock option scheme approved by the shareholders.

The purchase price will be determined as the average price prevailing on the four trading days preceding the date on which an option is exercised.

As at December 31, 1996, 777,500 (1995: 777,500) stock units had been issued under the scheme.
29. Subsidiaries and associated companies

Subsidiaries
Equity holding
19961995

Dyoll Insurance Company Ltd.
100\%
$100 \%$

Dyoll /Wataru Coffee Company Limited
51\%
Buck Securities Partners Limited
-

Associated companies
Cayman Insurance Centre Limited
(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands)
$37 \%$
$100 \%$

51\%
98\%

37\%

## Activities

General insurance underwriting

Life assurance, general health and accident insurance

Coffee cultivation
Stock exchange brokers and investment analysts

General, health and life
insurance broking and
insurance premium
financing
Merchant banking, stock
exchange brokers and investment analyst

Seville Development Corporation Limited

Equity holding

Carib National Group Limited
(Incorporated in US Virgin Islands)

Interoceanica de Seguros, S.A.
(Incorporated in Panama)
$30 \%$

Property investment

## Activities

Provision of management services to subsidiaries which are involved in underwriting of general and life insurance business, operation of insurance agency and premium finaninmg

General and life insurance underwriting

Except as indicated, the subsidiaries and associated companies are incorporated in Jamaica.
30. Commitments

At December 31, 1996, there were commitments
(a) by subsidiary under non-cancellable operating leases expiring between 1996 and 2009 amounting to $\$ 648,826(1995: \$ 513,587)$. The amounts payable in the next twelve months aggregate $\$ 388,688$ (1995: \$254,439);
(b) in respect of the purchase of computer software amounting to $\$ 20,479,485$ (1995: $\$ 28,732,163$ ) by the group.
31. Contingent liabilities
(a) The company has guaranteed loans amounting to $\$ 5,000,000(1995: \$ 5,000,000)$ of a corporate entity which was a related company.
(b) The company has guaranteed the amount of $\$ 100,000,000$ to secure an umbrella credit facility for a subsidiary. At December 31, 1996 this liability amounted to \$46,773,000 (1995:\$36,035,846)
(c) The company has guaranteed a long term liability of a subsidiary to Agricultural Credit Bank on various loans fully repayable between 1994 and 2002 to a maximum of $\$ 15,200,000$ (1995: $\$ 15,200,000$ ). At December 31, 1996 this liability amounted to $\$ 10,344,227$ (1995: $\$ 14,065,311$ ).
32. Subsequent event

On May 28, 1997, the company entered into an agreement with Finsac Limited for the injection of $\$ 200,000,000$ into the company and its subsidiary Dyoll Life Limited.
Finsac Limited will subscribe for $16,144,254$ ordinary shares at $\$ 2.30$ per share in the capital of the company which will result in their owning $26.5 \%$ of the issued share capital of the company. Finsac Limited will also acquire $162,868,21612.5 \%$ cumulative redeemable prefernce shares of $\$ 1$ each in Dyoll Life Limited. Dyoll Group Limited will then purchase $18,565,890$ ordinary shares of $\$ 2.00$ per share in Dyoll Life Limited.
Finsac Limited will also appoint two directors to the Boards of Directors of Dyoll Life Limited and Dyoll Group Limited.

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Finsac Limited will subscribe for $16,144,254$ ordinary shares at $\$ 2.30$ per share in the capital of the company which will result in their owning $26.5 \%$ of the issued share capital of the company. Finsac Limited will also acquire $162,868,21612.5 \%$ cumulative redeemable prefernce shares of $\$ 1$ each in Dyoll Life Limited. Dyoll Group Limited will then purchase $18,565,890$ ordinary shares of $\$ 2.00$ per share in Dyoll Life Limited.
Finsac Limited will also appoint two directors to the Boards of Directors of Dyoll Life Limited and Dyoll Group Limited.


[^0]:    Exceptional item - (loss)/
    gain on exchange (see note 20
    Capital distribution received
    Capital distribution paid, net
    ife assurance fund
    At the end of the year
    Total capital

    | - | - | $(23,257,125)$ | $28,398,370$ |
    | ---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
    | - | $11,655,000$ | 28,683 | $14,742,110$ |
    | - | $(3,305,392)$ | - | $(15,905,392)$ |
    | $\frac{-}{43,470,217}$ | $\frac{-}{99,951,997}$ | $\frac{317,754,227}{34,353,303}$ | $\frac{(120,000,000)}{90,835,083}$ |
    | $\frac{336,692,948}{370,237,313}$ | 389176,034 |  |  |

    Revenue:
    (Accumulated deficit)/retained
    earnings at end of year
    $(36,987,557)$
    $\$ 7,365,746$$\underline{\underline{95,368,339}} \quad\left(\frac{63,719,562)}{\underline{306,517,751}} \quad \underline{\underline{128,680,900}}\right.$

