Note in

AMG Packaging Paper Company Limited Unaudited Statement of Comprehensive Income

3 months to November 30, 2015

	No	3 months to evember 30, 2015	Audited August 31, 2015	3 months to November 30, 2014	Audited August 31, 2014
_	\$		\$	\$ \$	
Turnover		149,267,668	633,192,733	151,478,775	607,016,670
Cost of Inventories		(73,881,549)	(384,146,470)	(94,068,535)	(377,611,244)
Direct Expenses		(23,907,745)	(90,466,985)	(23,111,197)	(113,273,502)
Total Manufacturing Costs		(97,789,295)	(474,613,455)	(117,179,732)	(490,884,746)
Gross Profit		51,478,373	158,579,278	34,299,044	116,131,924
Expenses:					
Administrative		(11,573,567)	(50,215,969)	(12,955,398)	(46,632,496)
Financial		(2,146,719)	(10,209,090)	(2,435,495)	(10,630,658)
Directors Fees		(1,863,333)	(3,080,000)	(706,667)	(3,486,666)
Depreciation		(3,278,562)	(12,947,658)	(3,222,893)	(11,976,895)
Prelim Expenses- Toilet Paper operation		(5,876,522)	(5,231,129)	-	-
Profit Before Tax		26,739,671	76,895,432	14,978,590	42 405 200
Other Income		2,068,445	2,604,963	524,349	43,405,209 2,191,686
(Loss) Profit, Total Comprehensive					
Income for the period		28,808,116	79,500,395	15,502,939	45,596,895
No. of Shares Issued		102,378,857	102,378,857	102,378,857	102,378,857
EPS	\$	0.28	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.15 \$	0.45

AMG Packaging Paper Company Limited Unaudited Statement of Financial Position November 30, 2015

		November 2015	November 2014	Audited August 2015
ASSETS EMPLOYED	Notes \$		\$	\$
Property, Plant & Equipment	4	286,472,447	237,721,619	232,455,910
Current Assets				
Inventories	5	147,601,791	113,295,321	122,640,713
Accts Receivable Net Allowance	6	68,902,378	68,259,727	89,538,525
Deposit on Equipment	7	1,586,788	_	59,112,881
Cash & Cash Equivalents	8	87,449,893	33,336,703	63,863,562
Total Current Assets		305,540,849	214,891,750	335,155,681
Total Assets	_	592,013,297	452,613,369	567,611,591

EQUITY & LIABILITIES

Capital & Reserves:

A 23 0

Authorised Share Capital - JMD140,000,000

Share Capital Revaluation Reserve	9 10	63,250,028	63,250,028	63,250,028
Retained Earnings	10	48,928,537 293,737,815	48,928,537 219,360,437	48,928,537 264,929,699
Total Capital		405,916,380	331,539,002	377,108,264
Long-Term Liabilities				
Loans Political Portion	11	117,949,157	48,249,075	130,897,876
Related Parties			283,971	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities		117,949,157	48,533,046	130,897,876
Current Liabilities				
Current Portion of Long Term Loan	11	27,736,217	27,481,880	20,722,070
Accounts Payable & Accruals	13	40,411,543	45,059,441	38,883,381
Total Current Liabilities		68,147,760	72,541,321	59,605,451
Total Liabilities & Capital		592,013,297	452,613,369	567,611,591

Approved for issue by the Board of Directors on and signed on its behalf by:

his holene

Barrington Chisholm

Chairman, Audit Committee

Peter Chin Director

AMG Packaging Paper Company Limited Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity November 30, 2015

8, 57 C

2016

	Share Capital	Revaluation Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total
<u>Notes</u>	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at September 01, 2015 Profit, being total Comprehensive	63,250,028	48,928,537	264,929,699	377,108,264
Income for the period	_	_	28,808,116	28,808,116
Balance at November 30, 2015	63,250,028	48,928,537	293,737,815	405,916,380
			2015	
	Share	Revaluation	Retained	
	Capital	Reserves	Earnings	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at September 01, 2014 Profit, being total Comprehensive	63,250,028	48,928,537	203,857,498	316,036,063
Income for the period		_	15,502,939	15,502,939
Balance at November 30, 2014	63,250,028	48,928,537	219,360,437	331,539,002

AMG Packaging Paper Company Limited Unaudited Statement of Cash Flow 3 months ending November 30, 2015

× = 5 =

	3 months to November 30, 2015	3 months to November 30, 2014
Profit for the Year Adjustments to reconcile income for year to net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 28,808,116	\$ 15,502,939
Depreciation	4,023,712	3,222,893
	32,831,828	18,725,832
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	(24,961,078)	4,303,318
Decrease Related parties	-	(3,137,387)
(Increase)/Decrease in Receivables	20,636,147	12,740,186
Increase/(decrease) in Payables & Accruals Net cash flows provided by operating	1,528,162	(26,246,763)
activities	30,035,059	6,385,186
Cash Flow from Investing activities		
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	(514, 157)	(1,344,739)
Net cash flow used in Investing activities	(514,157)	(1,344,739)
Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
Loan Acquisition/(Payments)	(5,934,572)	6,429,530
	(5,934,572)	6,429,530
Net increase(decrease) in cash & cash equivalents	23,586,330	11,469,977
Cash & Cash equivalents at beginning of the year	63,863,562	21,866,726
Cash & Cash equivalents at end of the year (note 8)	87,449,892	33,336,703

1 Identification and principal activities

AMG Packaging & Paper Company Limited "the company"

(a) The company was incorporated on the 26th of September 2005, under the Jamaica Companies Act and is a wholly owned Jamaican company. It's registered office is located at 9 Retirement Crescent, Kingston 5.

The company was re-registered in July 2011 under the Companies Act 2004 as a public company

(b) The company is engaged primarily in the manufacturing, distribution and retailing of cartons of various sizes

(c) Stock Exchange Listing

5 25 F

The company has been listed on the Jamaica Junior Stock Exchange since July 14, 2011

2 Reporting Currency

The amounts in these financial statements are expressed in Jamaican dollars, which is the primary currency in the country which it operates.

3 Statement of Compliance, Basis of Preparation and Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and their interpretation adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board, and have been prepared under the historical convention.

(b) Basis of Preparation and Significant Accounting Policies

These statements have been prepared using historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair value as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between marketing participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurement are categorised into level 1,2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measuremts are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follow:

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the company can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

New and Revised IFRSs' in issue but not yet effective

The Company has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs' that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to IAS 1

A 13 -

Disclosure Initiative

Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38

Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation

and Amortisation

Amendments to IFRS 7

Amendments resulting from September 2014

Annual Improvements to IFRSs'

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

Application of the new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs')

IFRS 13, 'Fair Value Measurement'

Short -term receivables and payables and clarifying the interrelationship between IFRS 3 IAS 40 when classifying property as investment property or owner-occupied property

IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment

Revaluation method-proportionate restatement of

accumulated depreciation

IAS 38 Intangible Assets

Revaluation method-proportionate restatement of

accumulated depreciation

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement: Scope of paragraph 52 (portfolio exemption), paragraph 52 of IFRS 13 includes a scope of exception for measuring the fair value of a company of financial assets and financial liabilities on a net basis. This is referred to as the portfolio exception. The objective of this amendment is to clarify that the portfolio exception applies to all contracts within the scope of IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurements or IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, regardless of whether they meet the definitions of financial assets or financial liabilities as defined in IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation

IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment: Revaluation Method-proportionate restatement of accumulated depreciation clarifies that when an item of property, plant and equipment is revalued the gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount.

IAS 38 Intangible Assets: Revaluation method - proportionate restatement of accumulated amortisation clarifies that when an intangible asset is revalued the gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount.

IFRS 7: Financial Instruments: Disclosures

This standard requires disclosure of information about the significance of financial instruments to an entity, and the nature and extent of risks arising from those financial instruments, both in qualitative and quantitative terms. Specific disclosure are required in relation to transferred financial assets and a number of other matters.

The Accounting Policies of the Company have remained unchanged from those set out in the annual Financial Statement as at August 31, 2015

Financial Risk Management

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises when the value of a financial instrument fluctuates during a specified period due to changes in market interest rates.

The company faces significant interest rate risk in respect to loans and investments

Credit Risks

Credit risk is the risk of exposure occasioned by one party to financial instruments when the other party fails to discharge an obligation thus causing the other party to suffer a financial loss.

The company is exposed to credit risk at November 30, 2015 in respect to receivables from other companies

Foreign Currency Risk

A foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the foreign exchange rates.

The company has direct exposure to foreign currency risk regarding United States dollar denominated savings account and foreign payables.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is that risk which a company faces when it encounters difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with its financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at, or close to, its fair value. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents, and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed facilities.

At November 30, 2015 the company faced liquidity risks as indicated below:

Liquidity Risk cont'd

N 61 C

\sim	Λ	

	2010		
Within 3	3 to 12	1 to 5	
months	months	years	Total
\$	\$		\$
87,449,893			87,449,893
57,284,936	15,940,835		73,225,770
144,734,828	15,940,835		160,675,663
7,216,623	20,519,594	117.949.157	145,685,374
40,411,543		-	40,411,543
47,628,166	20,519,594	117,949,157	186,096,916
97,106,663	(4,578,759)	(117,949,157)	(25,421,254)
97,106,663	92,527,903	(25,421,254)	_
	2015		
18,151,515	14,438,133	(48,249,075)	(15,659,427)
18,151,515	32,589,648		
	months \$ 87,449,893 57,284,936 144,734,828 7,216,623 40,411,543 47,628,166 97,106,663 97,106,663	Within 3 3 to 12 months \$ 87,449,893 57,284,936 15,940,835 144,734,828 15,940,835 7,216,623 20,519,594 40,411,543 - 47,628,166 20,519,594 97,106,663 (4,578,759) 97,106,663 92,527,903 2015 18,151,515 14,438,133	Within 3 3 to 12 1 to 5 years \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 87,449,893

(c) IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment

35 61 Y

This standard shall be applied in accounting for property, plant and equipment except when another standard requires or permits a different accounting treatment.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment shall be recognised as an asset if, and only if:

- (a) It is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity; and
- (b) The cost of the item can be measured reliably

Items of property, plant and equipment may be acquired for safety or environmental reasons. The acquisition of such property, plant and equipment, although not directly increasing the future economic benefits of any particular existing item or property, plant and equipment, may be necessary for an entity to obtain the future economic benefits from its other assets. Such Items of property, plant and equipment qualify for recognition as assets because they enable an entity to derive future economic benefits from related assets in excess of what could be derived had those items not been acquired,

An item of property, plant and equipment that qualifies for recognition as an asset shall be measured at its cost.

An entity shall choose either the cost model or the revaluation model as its accounting policy and shall apply that policy to an entire class of property, plant and equipment.

Revaluation:

After recognition as an asset, an item of property, plant and equipment whose fair value can be measured reliably shall be carried at a revalued amount, being fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment loss. Revaluations shall be made sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period.

When an item of property, plant and equipment is revalued, the carrying amount of that asset is adjusted to the revalued amount. At the date of revaluation, the asset is treated in one of the following ways:

(a) The gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset. The accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is adjusted to equal the difference between the gross carrying amount and that carrying amount of the asset after taking into account accumulated impairment losses; or

IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment (cont'd)

(b) the accumulated depreciation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset.

After recognition as an asset, an item of property, plant and equipment shall be carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The depreciation charge for each period shall be recognised in profit or loss unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset.

The company recognises depreciation under the expense heading of "depreciation".

The depreciable amount of an asset shall be allocated on a systematic basis over its useful life.

The depreciation method used by the company is the straight line basis and is designed to write off the assets over its useful life.

Rates are as follows:

Buildings	2.5%
Machinery & Equipment	10%
Computer	20%
Furniture & Fixtures	10%
Motor Vehicle	12.5%

Repairs and Maintenance expenditures are charged to the profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Inventories include assets held for sale in the ordinary course of business (finished goods), assets in the production process for sale in the ordinary course of business (work in progress) and materials and supplies that are consumed in production (raw materials), [IAS 2.6]

d. Inventory

N 11 +

Inventories are required to be stated at the lower of cost and net realisable (NRV) value. [IAS 2.9]

Cost should include all: [IAS 2.10]

- (i) costs of purchase (including taxes, transport, and handling) net of trade discounts received
- (ii) costs of conversion (including fixed and variable manufacturing overheads) and
- (iii) other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition

IAS 2 allows the FIFO or weighted average cost formulas. [IAS 2.25]. The LIFO formula which had been allowed prior to the 2003 revision of IAS 2, is no longer allowed.

NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, [IAS 2.6]. Any write-down to NRV should be recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down occurs. Any reversal should be recognised in the income statement in the period in which the reversal occurs.

e. Cash & Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short term commitments rather than for investments for other purposes. For an investment to qualify it must be convertible to a known amount of cash and be subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, An investment normally qualifies as a cash equivalent when it has a short maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition

f. IAS 18 - Revenue

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This standard outlines the accounting requirements as to when to recognise revenue from the sale of goods, rendering of services, and for interest, royalties and dividends. Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable and recognised when prescribed conditions are met, which depend on the nature of the revenue.

The company's main revenue source is manufactured and printed boxes which is recognised on the Sales -basis method. Under this method revenue is recognised at the time of sale, which is defined as the moment when title of the goods is transferred to the buyer. The company recognises other income when rights and obligations have been transferred to the entity.

g IAS 21 - Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates

An entity may carry on foreign activities in two ways. It may have transactions in foreign currencies or it may have foreign operations.

This Standard shall be applied:

- (a) In accounting for transactions and balances in foreign currencies, except for those derivative transactions and balances that are within the scope of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments;
- (b) In translating the results and financial position of foreign operations that are included in the financial statements of the entity by consolidation or equity method; and
- (c) In translating an entity's results and financial position into a presentation currency.

This company owns a foreign currency savings account which is subject to changes in exchange rate.

A foreign currency transaction shall be recorded, on initial recognition in the functional currency, by applying to the foreign exchange amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items shall be translated using the closing rate.

h. IAS 24 -Related Party Disclosures

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The objective of this standard is to ensure that an entity's financial statements contain the disclosures necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and profit or loss may have been affected by the existence of related parties and by transactions and outstanding balances, including commitments, with such parties.

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the entity that is preparing the financial statements (in this standard referred to as the 'reporting entity').

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control of the reporting entity;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
- (b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following condition apply:
 - (i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary, fellow subsidiary is related to the others)
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of reporting entity.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

2000

4 Property, Plant & Equipment

	Land, Buildings & Leasehold Improvement \$	Equipment	Motor Cycle	Computer & Equipment	Furniture & Fixtures	Total
At cost			8 -			
Balance as at September 1, 2015 Additions	188,410,403 5,561,190	81,727,298	180,258	2,194,041	6,288,913	278,800,913
Balance as at November 30, 2015	193,971,593	128,126,303	180,258	2,271,025	12,291,984	336.841.163
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance as at September 1, 2015	14,155,036	29,058,997	67,597	950,804	2,112,571	46.345.005
Current year charges	1,186,402	2,511,600	5,633	85,574	234,503	4,023,711
Balance as at November 30, 2015	15,341,438	31,570,597	73,230	1,036,378	2,347,074	35,027,278
Net Book Value						
Nov 30, 2015	178,630,155	96,555,706	107,028	1,234,647	9,944,910	286,472,447
Nov 30, 2014	174,407,356	57,236,043	129,561	1,422,598	4,526,061	237,721,619

2013

5	Inventories				\$	<u>2015</u>	\$	2014
	Raw Materials				100	131,237,175	т	110,031,309
	Finished Goods					2,840,528		3,264,013
	Goods in transit					13,524,088		-
						147,601,791		113,295,321
					39			
6	Accounts Receivable					2015		2014
					\$		\$	
	Trade Receivables					68,099,350		66,667,863
	Provision for bad debt	ts				(4,323,392)		(2,765,241)
						63,775,959		63,902,622
	Other Receivables					5,126,420		4,357,105
						68,902,378		68,259,727
				Aged Trad	e R	eceivables		
		_	Within 1	31 to 60		Over 60		Carrying
			Month	Days		Days		Value
		\$		\$	\$		\$	
	Balance at							
		30-Nov-15	57,284,936	2,958,172		7,856,243		68,099,350
		30-Nov-14	47,244,740	5,637,498		13,785,625		66,667,863
7	Deposits					2015		2014
	- 0000110				\$		\$	

This represents deposits made on machinery and equipment for new business segment

8	Cash & Cash equivalents Bank of Nova Scotia Ja Ltd	<u>2015</u> \$	<u>2014</u> \$
	- Current accounts - Savings account (US dollar denominated) National Commercial Bank Limited	20,475,184 4,859,261	19,280,303 340,913
	- Current accounts Alliance Financial Services Limited - Cash Securities(denominated in United States Dollars)	2,730,199	2,851,190
	JN Fund Managers	57,697,106 1,007,444	9,207,000 994,098
	- Repurchase Agreement Petty Cash	645,238 35,461	632,998 30,200
		87,449,893	33,336,703
9	Share Capital	<u>2015</u> \$	2014
	Authorised: 140,000,000 (2010 - 15,000,000) ordinary shares no par value	Ψ	\$
	Capital issued and fully paid-		
	102,387,857 ordinary shares at no par value	63,250,028	63,250,028

- (i) The company's authorised share capital was increased by five million dollars to 20 million dollars by the creation of 5 million ordinary shares of \$1.00 each. The new shares are to rank pari-passu with the existing shares.
- (ii) By resolution on May 31, 2011, each ordinary share has been sub-divided into 7 ordinary shares such that the total issued shares of 20 million is now multiplied by 7 making a total of 140 million shares.

10 Revaluation Reserves

The state of

Revaluation reserve results from the difference between the revaluation of land, building and equipment and their carrying value at February 12, 2011. The valuation was carried out by professional appraisers Valerie Levy & Associates Limited and Stellar Caribbean (Ja.) Limited

11 Long-term Loans	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Bank of Nova Scotia Jamaica Limited		
Loan 1	1,582,385	4,295,045
Loan 2	46,666,690	57,435,910
Loan3	68,205,529	
Loan 4	29,230,770	
Loan 5		14,000,000
Total loans	145,685,374	75,730,955
Current portion of loans	27,736,217	27,481,880
Long-term portion of loans	117,949,157	 48,249,075

- (i) Loan 1 has a duration of 5 years and a moratorium period of four (4) months on the principal payments. This loan is at an interest rate of 8.95% per annum.
- (ii) Loan 2 has a duration of 7 years with a six (6) months moratorium on the principal repayments This Loan has a Fixed Interest rate of 9.25% for five (5) years, thereafter the Weighted Average (180 days)Treasury Bill Yield (WATBY), plus 3.25% per annum.
- (iii) Loan 3- has a duration of 5 years, inclusive of a 6 months moratorium on principal repayments (to be funded by the Development Bank of Jamaica (DBJ) with the Bank of Nova Scotia Jamaica Limited as the approved Financial Institution). Interest rate: The DBJ authorised lending rate, present effective all in rate -10% per annum
- (iv) Loan 4 has a duration of 5 years, inclusive of a 6 months moratorium on principal repayments This Loan has a Fixed Interest rate of 11% for Three (3) years, thereafter the bank Base Lending Rate (currently 15.75% per annum) in effect from time to time minus 3.5% per annum. Current effective rate 12.25% per annum.
- (v) Revolving Loan expected to be repaid within 90 days

Securities:

Bank of Nova Scotia Jamaica Limited

- (1) Assignment of Commercial All Risks policy in favour of the bank to cover replacement value of the machinery equipment
- (2) Second legal mortgage stamped an aggregate of \$25,600,000 and registered over commercial property located at lot # 30,10 Retirement Crescent, Kingston 5 and Lot B Collins Green, Kingston 5. Volume 1094 Folio 743 and Volume 1402 Folio 431 respectively. Appraised value of Real Estate pledged \$80,000,000 as at 1 March 2011.
- (3) Bill of sale stamped \$25,600,000, collateral to 2nd legal mortgage over the above property, and over the following machinery & equipments:
 - i) Model: 2003 Dock stocker DSX40
 - ii) SG-3 Semi-auto gluing machine L1400x W2800mm; MS Strapping machine; Pallet jacks
 - iii) Two colors printer and rotary die cutting machine chain feeding.
 - iv) Machine spare parts

11 cont'd

- (4) Joint and several Demand Debenture to be stamped \$202,000,000 from AMG Packaging and Paper Company Limited, creating a first Charge over fixed assets, and a floating charge over other assets of the company supported by:_
 - First, Second and Third Legal Mortgages to be stamped \$202,000,000 jointly over Commercial Premises located at (a) 9B Retirement Crescent registered in the name AMG Packaging and Paper Company Limited. (b) 10 Retirement Crescent registered in the name of AMG Packaging and Paper Company Limited and collateral to the aforementioned Demand Debenture
- (5) Assignment of "All Risk" insurance coverage over 9B Retirement Crescent for the full replacement (covers over building, inventory, furniture, fixtures and equipment owned by the company)

12 Related Parties

2015

2014

Director's Loan

283,971

This is a vendor's mortgage for balance owing to a director for land sold to the company

13 Accounts Payable & Accruals	<u>2015</u>	2014
	\$ \$	
Trade Payables	26,114,445	33,111,349
Accruals	9,598,845	8,516,280
Other Payables	3,007,189	1,967,482
Statutories Payable	1,514,768	1,323,760
Dividends	176,296	140,570
	40,411,543	45,059,441

		Age	d Trade Payables	
D.1	Within 1	31 to 60	Over 60	Amount
Balance at	Months \$	\$ Days	Days \$	Due \$
Nov 30, 2015	24,349,940	460,365	1,304,139	26,114,445
Nov 30, 2014	26,130,898	5,485,041	1,495,410	33,111,349

14 Taxation

The Company having been listed on the Junior Stock Exchange in 2011 became eligible for remission of Income Tax for 10 years, as below, provided the shares remain listed for at least 15 years

Years 1 to 5	100%
Years 6 to 10	50%



GENERAL MANAGER'S REPORT

AMG Packaging & Paper Company Limited (AMG) is pleased to present our financial statements for the 3 months ended November 30, 2015.

AMG has continued our positive performance with decreases in key financial areas for the three month period. Revenues for the period ending November 30, 2015 decreased by 1.48% to \$149.26 million over the prior year. Gross Profit increased by 50.08%, to \$51.48 million, even with the decrease in revenues for the period. Manufacturing Costs decreased by 19.83%, moving from \$117.18 million (2014) to \$97.79 million (2015). Administrative expenses decreased by 11.94% for the three month period, which resulted in AMG producing Net Profit of \$28.81 million up 85.83% from the corresponding prior year period (\$15.50 million). Cost of Inventories decreased 27.70%, (\$94.07 million 2014 - \$73.88 million 2015).

	3 Months to November 30, 2015	3 Months to November 30, 2014
Total Revenues	149,267,668	151,478,775
Gross Profit	51,478,373	34,299,044
Profit	28,808,116	15,502,939
Total Assets	592,013,297	214,891,750

Management is focused on continuing the positive trends being met by the AMG team. Searching to find the most reasonable costs for all our raw materials, as well as containing our Manufacturing and Admin. Costs in all areas is a priority for Management.

With the continued support of our Board of Directors and the determination of the AMG team in succeeding, we are optimistic for this financial year.

Michael Chin General Manager

AMG PACKAGING & PAPER COMPANY LIMITED

TOP 10 SHAREHOLDERS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2015

		Issued Ordinary shares
		102,378,857
SHAREHOLDERS	SHAREHOLDINGS	%
RANKINSTON LIMITED	32,351,718	31.600
GEORGE HUGH HOLDINGS LIMITED	24,263,792	23.700
HEISS HOLDINGS LIMITED	24,263,792	23.700
JCSD TRUSTEE SERVICES SIGMA VENTURE FUND	1,915,428	1.871
HAROLD SOLTAU	1,361,605	1.330
CHESTON JAMAICA LIMITED	1,072,687	1.048
COLIN STEELE	887,465	0.867
SJLIC FOR SCOTIABRIDGE RETIREMENT SCHEME	860,371	0.840
JCSD TRUSTEE SERVICES SIGMA OPTIMA	847,629	0.828
GUARDIAN LIFE LIMITED GUARDIAN EQUITY FUND	643,896	0.629
	88,468,383	86.413
NO. OF SHAREHOLDERS AT 30/11/2015	JCSD MAIN REGISTER TOTAL	307 3 310

AMG PACKAGING & PAPER COMPANY LIMITED DIRECTORS SHAREHOLDINGS

DIRECTORS' NAMES	SHAREHOLDING	CONNECTED PARTY
ANTONIA HUGH	32,351,718	RANKINSTON LIMITED
MARK CHIN/PAUL CHIN	24,263,792	HEISS HOLDINGS LIMITED
GEORGE HUGH	24,263,792	GEORGE HUGH HOLDINGS LTD
PETER D. CHIN	332,370	
MICHAEL FRASER	382,913	
BARRINGTON CHISHOLM	76,583	
	81,671,168	

SENIOR MANAGERS

MICHAEL P. CHIN	394,487
LESLIE MCPHERSON	38,291
CHRISTOPHER HENDRIKS	1,249
	434,027